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I. **THE PURCHASER'S POCKET COMPANION**; shewing at Sight what Interest is made by Money laid out in the Companies Stocks, or any other Publick Funds; and also the Present Value of any Yearly Income: With the easiest Method to cast up the present Worth of Lands, Houses, Annuities, Fines, Repairs, Reversions, &c. (*Price 2 s. 6 d.*)

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III. **THE NEGOTIATORS MAGAZINE**. In Two Parts. 1st. Shewing the Value of Foreign Monies, and how to Cast-up the Exchanges for most Places of Traffick in Europe. 2^d. Containing Instructions relating to Bills of Exchange; wherein is shewn what Method to take in most Cases that can happen in the usual Transactions and Occurrences of Trade. *Price 3 s. 6 d.*

IV. **RULES for the PORT of LONDON**, or the Water-side Practice; shewing the Method to compute the Customs by the Book of Rates, and the Manner of making Entries, paying Customs free or by Certificate, the Tares and Draught allowed by the King to the Merchants, with other Things necessary in Customhouse Dispatches. (*Price 2 s. 6 d.*)





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Gal 9 7d. H. Hargrave.

A N
ESTIMATE
O F
PLACES for LIFE:

S H E W I N G

How many Years Purchase a PLACE
for LIFE is worth.

How long a MAN must hold his PLACE to have
the Value, Principal and Interest of the Purchase
Money.

How much he has coming in *per Cent. per Annum*
for his MONEY.

What a PLACE for LIFE is worth; the Income
not exceeding 1000 *l. per Ann.* All at One View!

The Whole being Calculated upon the CHANCES of
the PROBABILITIES of LIVES in General.

To which is prefix'd,

An ACCOUNT of PLACES which are in the Disposal
of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council of the
City of London, also of others more immediately belonging to
the Crown; being Collected from the latest and best Lists
Extant: Wherein is shewn the Nature and respective Business
of the Principal Officers, and in whose G I R T most of the
said PLACES are. The whole being Interspersed with Direc-
tions and Instructions for obtaining PLACES in General.

By RICHARD HAYES, Teacher of Merchants
Accounts in Great Eastcheap, Author of The New
Method for Valuing Annuities upon Lives.

L O N D O N :

Printed for W. Meadows at the Angel in Cornhill. M.DCC.XXVIII.

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P R E F A C E

FH
MVSEVM
BRITANNICVM



P R E F A C E.

AT the Request of several GENTLEMEN, who were Purchasers of my New Method for Valuing of Annuities upon Lives, I have been prevailed upon to spend some more of my leisure Hours in making the following Estimate of Places for Life; and finding upon Observations, that the Purchasers of late have been allowed upwards of 9 per Cent. for their Money, I have therefore made my CALCULATIONS at 9, 10, 11, and 12 per Cent. Nor can I see why a Purchaser should value his Money at any thing under the fore-mentioned Rates, when he is Buying of a Place, if he considers that he is taking upon him an Employ which may require Labour and Attendance to obtain the Annual Income such a Place may be deemed to be worth: And indeed, when he has put such a Value upon his Money, there is but a small Variance from the usual Allowances by Cathedrals and Colleges to the Purchasers of the Leases of their Estates for a certain Term of Years. [See the Value of Church and College Leases.]

MOREOVER, We suppose, that the Money which was to pay for the Purchase of a Place was to be laid out in Trade, it can hardly be thought that the Person who shall employ his Money in this Way, proposes to himself to make less than the above-mention'd Interest of his Money; and if the Trader is at some Trouble in carrying on of his Employ, the Officer many times labours

P R E F A C E.

labours under a greater Inconvenience by a certain Confinement to his Duty; and withal, if the Trader shall be at many Charges and Hazards, besides those of bad Debts; but still when he dies, the Money which he shall have in Trade at that time is recoverable by his Heirs, &c. This cannot be said in favour of the Officer, by reason that the Property of the Money which shall be laid out in Purchasing of a Place, besides the Income or Profits which may arise from the same; both ceases and terminates with his Life; nor can it be thought that the latter is upon a less hazardous Footing than the former; for if the Officer should be so unfortunate as to labour under a Sickness, or any other Infirmary, whereby he may be disabled to make the customary Appearances, as may be required for him to Sell his Place for the Benefit of his Family, the whole Property is lost both in the Purchase Money and Annual Income, and the whole Loss of the Value which his Place may be worth must unavoidably be sustained by his Heirs or Executors, in case that he should die.

HOWEVER, If there be any who shall think that the following CALCULATIONS are an Undervaluement of Places, do only desire them to look in my New Method for Valuing of Annuities upon Lives, to see what any Place may be worth, admitting that the Purchaser was to be allowed but 4, 5, 6, 7, or 8 per Cent. and let them then try if they can get a Purchaser that will give such a Price for any Place, unless it be for such as may properly be called a Sine Cure.

NOW having mentioned what is convenient to evince the Reasonableness and Equity of the following Valuations, in the next Place I shall shew that this Volume is not only a Sequel of (but also it may be received as a Key to) the above-mentioned Book of Annuities upon Lives: For having in the said Book of Annuities, given the several Answers to the most needful Questions relating to the Value of an Annuity for Life, and those, in different Parts of the Book, I have ren-
der'd

P R E F A C E.

der'd this Sequel more plain, by contracting the same Things in relation to the Value of a Place for Life, in a lesser Compass; for at once Opening of this Volume, you have the same Answers at one View.

THE Left-Hand Page shewing, 1st. How many Years, Months, &c. Purchase a Place for Life is worth; the same must be understood in Valuing of an Annuity for Life. 2dly. In the same Page, having shewn how long an Officer must hold his Place to receive the Value, Principal and Interest of the Purchase-Money, the same must be understood in my Annuities; where it is said, That the Annuitant must live to receive the Value of the Purchase Money. Herein the Reader should take Notice, That whatever Number of Years therein named the Annuitant must live, or the Officer must hold his Place in these Estimates, ought to be the utmost Number of Years those Lives should be Insured for. 3dly. Having shewn how much the Officer will have coming in per Ann. for every 100 l. he shall so lay out, the same must be understood in the said Book, where it is said, That the Annuitant ought to receive such a Sum per Ann. for 100 l. Lastly, Having shewn what a Place which brings in any Sum not exceeding 1000 l. per Ann. is worth, the same is to be understood by those Tables in the said Book; which shew the Value of any Annuity for Life, not exceeding the same Sum.

AND having finished this Piece, do now tender it to the Publick, not doubting but it will be acknowledged by the Ingenious to be no less useful in purchasing a Place for Life, than my former is for Valuing an Annuity for the same. And withal, as I would make it of general Service to those who are endeavouring to obtain Places, I have been careful in giving an Account of the Offices, not only of those belonging to the City of London, but also of others which are to be obtained only by Favour, and are more immediately belonging to the Crown; and these have been carefully Collected from the latest and best Lists that have come to my Hands.

P R E F A C E.

I have also shewn the Nature and respective Business of most of the Principal Officers which do not carry their own Denomination, as I would omit nothing which I thought might be of Service to those Gentlemen who are desirous of getting into any of the said Offices; whereby they may be informed, if they are duly Qualified for any of the said Places, before they shall presume to trouble Friends in obtaining the same for them.

AND withal, they may gather so much Knowledge in the following Account of Places, as to know how to proceed in the most regular Manner to obtain some of the said Offices, without putting themselves to the Trouble which too many have been at, for want of such Help as may be found in the following Pages.

R. H A Y E S,

In Great Eastcheap.

E R R A T A.

READ in Page 192, Age 22 or 23 at 11 per Cent. And Age 30 at the same.



HAYES'S ESTIMATE
OF
PLACES *for* LIFE.

*With DIRECTIONS for obtaining the
same.*

MY daily Business being to teach Gentlemen such Writing and Accompts as are requisite to make them fit for an Employ in any of his Majesty's publick Offices, or Courts of Judicature, as well as in the Service of the Bank, India, or *South Sea* Company, private Merchants, or any other Traders, as can be well attested by many ingenious Gentlemen, whom I have had the Honour of instructing. This gives me the Opportunity of observing the Greatness of the Difficulty of obtaining but an inconsiderable Post; what with a tedious Dependance and an expensive Attendance, to the great Discouragement of many young Gentlemen, who have with the greatest Industry, pursued a very good and promising Interest, but for an indifferent Place. Now for to facilitate these Difficulties, I shall here lay

B down

down some general Rules and Directions, particularly for such Gentlemen who are desirous of a Place under the Crown, in his Majesty's Revenues of the Customs.

You are to understand, that all who are admitted to any Place above a Tide-waiter, are to be instructed by a proper Officer, at some Port in *Great Britain* for six Months, at the Water-side, to take an Account of the shipping and landing of Goods; which Instructions must be had by an Order from the Commissioners. And such Orders are to be obtained by petitioning the Commissioners, or by the Favour of such Gentlemen who have an Interest at the Board of Customs, and are entituled to ask Favours from the Government.

Therefore it is a Favour to be instructed, in order for a Qualification; and when in pursuance of such an Order, the Person for whom such an Order was granted has attended six Months, and is sufficiently qualified in the Business of the Customs at the Water-side, the principal Officers of the Port where the Instructions were given, certifies the same to the Commissioners; and that Certificate is lodged in the Secretary's Office, and ready to be produced, to justify his Qualifications upon his being recommended to any particular Place.

As to the obtaining of Places in the Customs, they are of two sorts; the one being held by Patent, and the other by Deputation.

The Patent Places are such as hold their Office immediately by Power from the Crown; for Places of this kind the King is applied to, by any of those Persons who have the Honour to be admitted into his Majesty's Presence, and have reason to expect a Favour from him.

But the most regular way of proceeding to obtain a Patent Place, is to make Application to the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, and to get the
Favour

Favour of their Recommendation to the King; for as they are the Governors of the Revenues, his Majesty seldom thinks proper to confer any of these Places upon any other Persons than such as are well recommended by the said Lords Commissioners, and are thought by their Advice and Approbation, proper Persons to serve him.

And as for the Deputed-places, they are held by Deputations from the Commissioners of the Customs, which are always granted by a Warrant from the Treasury, requiring and empowering them to issue forth their Deputation to such a Person, for such an Office, in the Room of such an one, deceased, dismiss'd, or however this Place becomes vacant, these Warrants being always very particular.

And though all Officers, excepting the Patent ones, are appointed by Warrant from the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury, yet these Warrants are always granted upon a Presentment from the Commissioners of the Customs, recommending a particular Person for the vacant Office; and their Presentments are for the most part agreed to by the Lords of the Treasury, they never presenting any but who are well recommended for their Capacity and Fidelity to the Government, even after the Qualifications before-mention'd, by Gentlemen of Note and Distinction: Very often Members of Parliament, or the Peers of the Realm, and also the Lords of the Treasury, do sometimes think proper to direct the Commissioners of the Customs to present unto them such Gentlemen as they have a mind to prefer to such Employments as they shall find them qualified for.

Indeed, when Gentlemen make Application for Patent-places, it is but very seldom enquired into, whether they have been qualified by Instruction, or not; this being a thing that is always enquired into in the case of obtaining Deputed-places; from which it may be presumed, that the Power which Patent

4 HAYES's *Estimate of*

Officers have of acting by Deputy, in case they are not for acting, or are not capable of executing the Office themselves, must be the Cause that no Enquiry is made upon that head.

The Patent Officers are only Customers, Comptrollers, Searchers, and King's Waiters (excepting the Superior Officers in the Port of *London*.)

The Customers Office was formerly the same with the present Collectors, and signs all Warrants along with him ; they for the most part act by Deputy, and commonly appoint the Collector their Deputy.

The Comptroller is a Cheque upon, and keeps an Account along with the Collector, and must sign to all Accounts, and other Custom House-dispatches, before they are authentick ; and no Accounts are to be allowed of by the Commissioners, but what are attested and examined by the Comptroller.

The King's Waiters are to take care of the landing and shipping off of Merchandize ; and the Searchers are to be careful in preventing of fraudulent Practices in packing, &c. of such Goods and Merchandizes, whereby the King may be deprived of the Customs. See more in the following Pages.

All Patent Officers in every Port, return Monthly or Quarterly into the *Exchequer*, a Book containing an Account of the Imports or Exports of all Goods and Merchandizes, and the Duties paid thereon.

When Collectors are appointed, it is seldom further enquired, than to know whether they have been qualified, as mention'd before ; unless where a Doubt may arise if the Person appointed a Collector has Knowledge enough in Accompts ; and in that Case he is order'd to be examined by such Persons as the Commissioners shall appoint ; if in *London* by the Examiners.

The Land Surveyors who are looked upon to be the next Officers to the Collectors, they are always preferred to that Office in the Out-ports, from a Land-waiter ;

waiter ; no one being thought qualified for that Place but who hath served the Office of Land-waiter.

As for the Clerks Places within Doors, they are to be obtained by a Recommendation to, or by an Interest with the principal Officers, they being invested with a Power of electing their own Clerks : Nor can any of these Clerks commence a principal Officer upon the Establishment, unless they have been duly qualified by Servitude, under the Instructions of some of the principal Officers within Doors.

Some People may likewise be desirous to know what Means are to be used for the obtaining of inferior Places, do therefore think fit to acquaint the Reader, that besides what Places are mentioned before, there are in the Port of *London* Twenty Five Weighers, Forty Two Watchmen, and Eighteen Noon Tenders, which are pretty Livelihoods for the inferior Rank of People, and also several extraordinary Tides-men.

The Watchmen, Weighing Porters, *alias* Weighers and Noon Tenders, are all appointed by Warrants from the Lords of the Treasury. Indeed there are no Instructions required to be given to People applying for these Places ; but they are obtained by the same Method as the superior Places.

And as for the extraordinary Tides-men, they are to be boarded on Ships, when all established Tides-men are employed ; and they are of two Sorts, the one are called the extraordinary Tides-men in the Hundred List, and the other only extraordinary Tides-men : These last are appointed by the Commissioners Power only, and are under Oath and Security, as all other Officers are.

But those in the Hundred List are preferable to the others, and are employed next to the established Tides-men, as well in the Priority of Time, as in the Ships of the greatest Charge and Burthen, and therefore make a greater Profit in that, as well as the

Day Pay more than the extraordinary Tides-men, who are taken off from other Ships, to give Place to these of the Hundred List to be employed.

None of the extraordinary Tides-men have any settled Salaries, they being paid only so much a Day and Night they are on Board, which the Tide Surveyors certify, and upon that Certificate the Paymaster of the Incidents at the Custom House pays what is due to them.

Further, From the extraordinary Tides-men, the Commissioners frequently think fit to choose upon a Vacancy where they have well and faithfully behaved themselves, established Tides-men. To be better acquainted with the Nature, respective Business, Duty, &c. of every Officer belonging to the Customs, see more in the following Pages.



Of PLACES or OFFICES in General.

IN the following Account of Offices I do not intend to exhibit the Prices which have been given for such Places, by reason that I would willingly avoid being censured for leading the Purchaser into the common Failure of too many Buyers, who have bid an exorbitant Price for a Purchase, for no other Reason than because others who have been looked upon to be much Superior to themselves in the Knowledge of such Valuations, having done the like.—Not but they must be sensible, if the Interest of Money falls, the Value of these, as well as all other kinds of Purchases, will rise.

But then it cannot but be minded, since the lowering of the Interest of Money, some of these Places have been

PLACES *for* LIFE.

7

been so much enhaunſed in their Value, that the ſame Price has been ſet upon them as if it had been upon a mere Annuity, which a Purchaſer is to receive without being moleſted of his Time ; but is at full Liberty to ſpend it where and which way he pleaſes, and ſhall be entituled to this Annuity whenever it ſhall become due. Whereas the executing an Office or Place is a different Thing, and ought to be valued at a different Rate ; for when a Purchaſer is buying of the Latter, he muſt needs be ſenſible that he is taking upon him an Employ and Buſineſs, and he muſt know that many Offices do require a conſtant Application and diligent Attendance to obtain ſuch Perquiſites as may make the Place ſo very valuable.

Theſe things the Purchaſer ought to conſider ; and when he has got a certain Account of the Salary and Perquiſites ſuch Places may yield one Year with another ; the Tables following will ſhow the Value to its neareſt inſtrinfick Worth, by ſuch Calculations as are contrived in ſo eaſy a Method as to require no other Explanation, they being the neareſt inſtrinfick Value of a Place, computed from the beſt Obſervations that have been made at this Time upon the Decrements of human Life : And theſe Valuations are done upon Suppoſitions of the various Degrees of Probability which Lives of different Ages have to continue in Being.

Nor ſhall I take notice of the Officers belonging to the Queen's Houſhold, nor of their Majeſties Servants, whiſt they were Prince and Princeſs of *Wales*, they bearing the ſame Name under them, with the Servants under His Majeſty at this preſent time : An Explanation of the Duty and Offices of the King's Servants may be thought ſufficient to give us a Light into the ſeveral Employs of the Queen's and Princeſs's Houſhold Officers, who go under the ſame Denomination.

*The OFFICES and PLACES belonging
to the City of London.*

It is said that the City of London has between Two Hundred and Forty and Two Hundred and Fifty Officers belonging to it; and they are reckoned to be worth together, at much more than 150000 l. Sterling, some of which Officers have been reckoned as follow:

FOUR Attorneys in the Lord Mayor's Court.
Eight Ditto in the Sheriffs Court.
The City Auditor and his Man.
A Beadle of the Court of Requests or Conscience.
A City Barge Master.
Eighteen Bargemen.
Two Clerks of the Papers of the Compters.
Four Clerk Sitters in the *Poultry* Compter.
Four Clerk Sitters in *Woodstreet* Compter.
A Clerk of the Bridge House.
A Clerk of the City Works, and Keeper of the Re-
paration Stuff.
A Clerk of the Court of Requests, or Conscience.
A Common Serjeant.
Four Common Pleaders.
Fifteen Coal Meeters.
Ten Corn Meeters.
A Common Huntsman.
A Common Cryer.
A Common Out-Roper.
A Comptroller of the Chamber.
Two Carpenters of the Bridge House.
The City Carpenter.
The Escheator and Coroner,
One Foreign Taker,
Four Fruit Meeters.
A Garbler of Spices,

A Gauger of Wine and Oyl.
A Keeper of *Ludgate* Prison.
A Keeper of *Newgate* Prison.
Two Keepers of the Compter Prisons.
A Keeper of the Green Yard.
A Keeper of the Pest House.
A Keeper of *Guild Hall*.
Two Keepers of *Moor Fields*.
A Keeper of the Sessions House.
A Mason of the Bridge House.
A Mason for the City.
A City Bricklayer.
Two Meal Weighers.
One Hop Weigher.
A City Plaisterer.
A Plaisterer to the Bridge House.
A City Pavior.
A Pavior to the Bridge House.
A City Plumber.
A Plumber to the Bridge House.
A Painter to the City.
A Printer to the City.
Two Prothonotaries to the Sheriffs Court.
Two Porters to the Bridge House.
A Purveyor of the Bridge House.
A Sword Bearer.
Two Secondaries of the Compters.
A City Solicitor.
The Steward of *Southwark*.
The Bailiff of *Southwark*.
A Shots Man of the Bridge House.
Thirty Six Serjeants to the Sheriffs.
Thirty Six Yeomen to the Sheriffs.
Six Serjeants to the Lord Mayor.
Six Young Men in the Lord Mayor's House.
Six Yeomen
A Town Clerk.
Four City Views.

An Upper Water Bailiff.
 An Under Water Bailiff.
 Three Serjeants of the Chamber.
 Two Yeomen of the Chamber.
 One Upper Marshal.
 One Under Marshal.
 A City Remembrancer.
 A Clerk of the Chamber.
 Three Serjeant Carvers.
 The Sealers and Searchers of Leather.
 The City Measurer.
 The Bailiff of the Hundred of *Ossulston*
 The Rent Gatherer.
 A City Glazier.
 A City Stationer.
 Two Serjeants or Yeomen of the Markets and Chan-
 nel.
 A City Smith.
 A City Crier for Things lost or found.
 A Collector of the Duty on Coals for the Orphans,
 Four Yeomen of the Water Side.
 A Collector of the Duty on Wines for Orphans.
 A City Founder.
 A City Clerk in Chancery or Cursitor.
 A Printer of the Sessions Papers.
 One Weigher at the Great Beam, &c.

*Out of the foregoing Number of Places the following ones
 are said to be in the Gift of the LORD MAYOR
 and Court of ALDERMEN.*

THE Recorder.
 Four Common Pleaders.
 The Comptroller of the Chamber.
 The Two Secondaries.
 The Remembrancer.
 The City Solicitor.
 The Sword Bearer.

The Common Hunt.
The Two Water Bailiffs.
Four Attorneys of the Lord Mayor's Court.
The Clerk of the Chamber.
Three Serjeant Carvers.
Three Serjeants of the Chamber.
The Two Marshals.
The Hall Keeper.
The Yeoman of the Chamber.
Four Yeomen of the Water Side.
The Yeomen of the Channel.
Two Meal Weighers.
The Fruit Meeters.
The Foreign Taker.
The Clerk of the City Works.
The Six Young Men.
The Clerks of the Papers of the Compters,
The Attorneys in the Sheriffs Courts.
The Clerks Sitters.
The Prothonotaries.
The Clerk of the Bridge House.
The Clerk of the Court of Request.
The Coal Meeters.
The Corn Meeters.
The Thirty Six Serjeants at Mace.
The Thirty Six Yeomen.
The Gauger.
The Sealers and Searchers of Leather.
The Keeper of the Green Yard.
The Keepers of the two Compters.
The Keeper of *Newgate*.
The Keeper of *Ludgate*.
The Measurer.
The Steward of *Southwark*.
The Bailiff of *Ossulstone*.
All the City Artificers.
The Rent-gatherer hath been put in by the Chamberlain.

The

The following ones are said to be in the Gift of the
COMMON COUNCIL.

THE Common Serjeant.

The Town Clerk.

The Judges of the Sheriffs Courts.

The Coroner.

The Bailiff of *Southwark*.

The Garbler.

The Chamberlain, Bridge-Masters, &c. are Elected
by the Livery-men of the several Companies belonging to the City of *London*.



The BANK, EAST INDIA COMPANY,
SOUTH SEA COMPANY, AFRICAN
COMPANY, &c.

THE Way to obtain a Place in any of these Services, must be by a Recommendation from those who have an Interest with the Directors of these Companies, which Recommendation must be forwarded by getting the Favour of presenting a Petition to a Court, or Committee when sitting, wherein must be set forth the Employ you have been brought up in, with the several Qualifications you may be endowed with; and what else may move them to think you duly qualified to be intrusted with the Place, and of sufficient Abilities to discharge such an Employ.

And the common Qualifications required in these Places, is to write a good Hand fit for Dispatch, and to be a quick and ready Accomptant, and capable to give what Security shall be required. But there
are

are some Places in these Companies Services wherein a Person should also be acquainted with Commerce, Foreign Exchanges, the *Spanish*, *French*, and other Languages.

There is one thing to be observed of these Companies, which is as follows : When a superior Place becomes vacant, they generally prefer one of the next inferior Officers to the Vacancy, they seldom taking any new Officer in their Service at home upon any other footing than as a Supernumerary ; and when a Vacancy happens they are put upon the establish'd List.



CUSTOM HOUSE.

CUSTOMS or Duties paid upon Merchandize, are by the Law of Nations due to the King as his Prerogative, in all Cities, Port Towns, Havens, or Harbours throughout his Dominions. And for the better receiving of the said Customs, there are in all Cities and Places where Traffick is maintained, Publick Houses, called Custom Houses, where Officers do attend to receive the same. And the Superintendent Officers are those who go under the Denomination of Commissioners, of whom there are fourteen in Number, whereof seven reside in *London*, and the rest in *Scotland*, they having each a Salary of 1000 *l. per. Ann.* And the Commissioners act by virtue of a Patent under the Great Seal, being nominated by the Lords Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury, they having the whole Care of raising the several Branches of the King's Revenues on Goods imported and exported, and of putting the Laws in Execution against illegal Trade, they have a Power of dismissing any of the Officers acting by their Deputations, but cannot appoint any Officer without

a Warrant from the Treasury ; empowering them to issue their Deputation. See more in some of the foregoing Pages.

The *PRINCIPAL SECRETARY* hath for himself and Clerks, a Salary of 860 *l. per. Ann.* This Officer's Business is to attend the Commissioners, and read such Representations, Petitions, Letters, &c. as are to be laid before them, receive their Instructions thereon, and draw up Answers to the same for the Commissioners to sign, and to dispatch all manner of Business cognizable before the Board of Customs : And he is the proper Person to know the Commissioners Pleasure from, upon any Affair whatsoever ; but the Business being so extensive, he has the two following Officers for his Assistants.

SECRETARY or *CLERK* for the *WESTERN PORTS* and *PLANTATIONS*, he having a Salary of 150 *l. per. Ann.* This Clerk hath all the Business of the Customs that hath any relation to the Western Ports, *viz.* from *London* round the Western Coast as far as *Milford*, or the Plantations, and doth the whole Business of the Secretary ; and he is the proper Person to apply to, to know the Commissioners Pleasure on any Business relating to those Parts, and the principal Secretary's other Assistant is the

NORTHERN CLERK who has a Salary of 80 *l. per. Ann.* who for all the Northern Ports, *viz.* from *London*, round the Northern Coast, as far as *Beaumaris*, doth the Business of the Secretary, and is the proper Person to apply to about Business relating to those Ports.

SOLICITOR GENERAL for *LONDON* and the *NORTHERN PORTS*, hath a Salary of 300 *l. per. Ann.* The Business of this Officer is to prosecute all Goods forfeited and imported contrary to Law, and all Persons offending against the Acts of Trade and the Laws of Customs, and it is with this Officer that
the

the Commissioners consult in all Cases of Law before they give their Directions, but this Business being so large, he is allowed

An *ASSISTANT SOLICITOR*, who has a Salary of 250 *l. per. Ann.* and is to take the Trouble upon his Hands for the *Western Ports*, and *Kent*, and *Suffex*, and acts in every Part as principal Solicitor in these Ports.

RECEIVER GENERAL's Salary is 1000 *l. per. Ann.*

Under him his Assistant 100 *l.*

A Chief Teller 50 *l.*

Two Clerks to get Bills accepted 100 *l.*

Another Clerk 40 *l.*

Pay Master of the Incidents 50 *l.*

A Messenger 26 *l.*

All the Revenues of the Customs in *England* and *Scotland* are remitted through this Officer's Hands, who pays and accounts for it weekly to the *Exchequer*.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL of the Issues and Payments of the Receiver General ; his Salary is 400 *l. per. Ann.*

Three Clerks 180 *l.*

This Comptroller is an immediate Cheque upon the Receiver General, he being privy to all his Receipts and Payments.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL of the Accompts of the Customs ; his Salary is 1200 *l. per. Ann.*

His Assistant 150 *l.*

Besides an Allowance for Clerks of 200 *l.*

The Comptroller General receives the Accounts of all Collectors and Accomptants to the Crown, under the Directions of the Commissioners of the Customs ; he examining the several Articles to see that they be justly stated and truly cast up ; whereby he is a Cheque upon them all : And after stating their Accompts, and requiring proper Vouchers, he passes them through the Auditor's Office of the *Imprest*, and deposite them in the *Exchequer*.

INSPECTOR of the *OUT-PORTS COLLECTORS ACCOMPTS* hath a Salary for himself of

400 *l. per. Ann.*

And for his Clerks

200 *l.*

The several Collectors of the Out-Ports Accompts are transmitted to this Office, and the Vouchers of the several Disbursements are examined before they are allowed of, and then they are delivered over to the Comptroller General.

INSPECTOR GENERAL of the *EXPORTS* and *IMPORTS* hath a Salary for himself and Clerks of

780 *l. per. Ann.*

His Assistant hath a Salary of

120 *l.*

This Officer having an Account of all Goods imported and exported from the several Parts of *England*, and from and to what Country: He enters them in a *Leidger*, with the prime Cost, from which he frames an Accompt, Debtor and Creditor, and by that means can tell how the Ballance of Trade stands with every Country.

REGISTER GENERAL of all trading *SHIPS* belonging to Great *BRITAIN*, hath a Salary for himself of

500 *l. per. Ann.*

And for his Clerks

190 *l.*

When any Collector registers a Ship according to the Form of Law in that Case required, he is obliged to return a Copy of her Register to this Office: And the Register General also keeps an Account of the Voyages of all Ships trading to *Great Britain*, and is a particular Cheque upon all Coasting Vessels, that they do import all Goods into one Port they carried from another, and no more.

SURVEYOR GENERAL hath a Salary of 520 *l. per. Ann.* Whatever his Duty might be formerly, he does now only examine all Entries, to see that they be rightly computed.

SURVEYOR of the *OUT-PORTS* hath a Salary of 366 *l. 16 s. 8 d. per. Ann.* This Officer has transmitted

to

to him quarterly a Duplicate of each Collector's Quarter's Accounts of Customs; and he examines the same to see if the Duties be rightly computed, and justly cast up.

REGISTER of SEIZURES hath a Salary of 200 *l. per Ann.* He enters all Writs of Appraisments of Goods prosecuted, before they are proclaimed at the *Exchequer*. And with this Office every Officer of the Customs having made a Seizure, corresponds in Prosecution thereof; and is thereby a Cheque upon them that they don't make collusive Seizures nor Compositions.

INSPECTOR of PROSECUTION. He hath no Salary, but in lieu thereof he receives one Shilling in the Pound of what Money is paid into the *Exchequer*. This Officer keeps an Account of all Prosecutions carried on by the Officers of the Customs; and takes care that the King's Moiety, and all Fines and Forfeitures be paid into the *Exchequer* Books.

FOUR EXAMINERS of the Out-Ports have each a Salary of 100 *l. per Ann.*

EXAMINER of the Sufficiency of the Officers Securities, and to solicit the Payment of Debts standing out in the Plantation Receipt. His Salary is 100 *l. per Ann.*

SURVEYOR GENERAL of the RIDING OFFICERS, appointed for the Guard of *Kent*. His Salary is 250 *l. per Ann.*

DITTO, for the Guard of *Suffex*, 250 *l.*

For a Clerk between them, 40 *l.*

COMPTROLLER of the OFFICERS serving both in the INWARD and OUTWARD Business. His Salary besides Fees is 255 *l. per Ann.*

He has four Deputies.

This Officer is Comptroller upon all the Collectors in the Port of *London*; and is not only a Cheque upon the Collections of the Customs in general; but also approves all Merchants Securities for the Du-

ties bondable, and without his Approbation they cannot be taken.

SURVEYOR GENERAL. This Officer has, besides Fees, a Salary of *500 l. per Ann.*
He has Deputies and Clerks employed under him for the Dispatch of Business in the Long-room, where they attend the Bench with the Collector, and other Patent Officers.

COMPTROLLER of the CLOTH and PETTY CUSTOMS both Inward and Outward, has, besides Fees, a Salary of *200 l. per Ann.*

A Deputy.

They comptrol those Duties only which are distinguished under the Head of Cloth and Petty Customs.

VIEWER and EXAMINER of TOBACCO Inward and Outward. His Salary is *200 l. per Ann.*

No Allowance can be made for Damages on Tobacco before they are viewed and examined by this Officer.

LAND CARRIAGE SURVEYOR hath *60 l. per Ann.*

Seventeen **LAND CARRIAGE MEN**, each *35 l. per Ann.*

These Land Carriage Men have their several Stations appointed them to attend the Inns where the several Waggon and Pack-Horses come from every Port of the Kingdom, to see that no customary Goods are brought but what come with proper Certificates, Permits, or other Vouchers, of their having paid Customs; and that such Goods as are liable to the London Duty do pay it accordingly.

SURVEYOR of the COAST WAITERS. His Salary is *60 l. per Ann.*

Seventeen Coast Waiters, each *35 l. per Ann.*

These Officers take care of the Coasting Vessels as to the Landing and Loading of their Goods in the same manner as the Searchers, Land-Waiters, and King's Waiters do of the Vessels importing and exporting Goods to and from Foreign Parts; and the Surveyor

is

PLACES for LIFE. 19

is to examine how the Coast Waiters perform their Duty.

SOLICITOR of the COAST-BONDS, Salary 50 l. per Ann.

Clerk of *ditto*, to make out Bills of Store, 50 l. per Ann.

Six Pair of OARS for the COAST-WAITERS, each Pair, 60 l. per Ann.

OUT WARE-HOUSES for *East-India* Goods prohibited to be worn here.

Two Warehouse-Keepers, each 100 l. per Ann.

Two Comptrollers, each 30 l.

For PEPPER, a Warehouse-Keeper, 100 l.

A Comptroller, 50 l.

For COFFEE, TEA, and COCOA-NUT,

Six Warehouse-Keepers, each 60 l.

Twenty five weighing Porters, each 35 l.

INSPECTOR of the Delivery of Unrated *East-India* Goods, 120 l. per Ann.

PRINCIPAL COLLECTORS of the Duties Inwards, 666 l. 13 s. 4 d. per Ann.

These Officers have several Deputies and Clerks employ'd in the Long-Room, and do the same for all Goods enter'd Inwards, excepting the Petty Customs. They have seven Deputies, and seven Clerks under them, 400 l. per Ann.

An Examiner of the Duty on Wine, Salary 40 l. per Ann.

An Examiner of the Duties on other Goods, Salary, 60 l. per Ann.

Copying Clerk of the Warrants, and to deliver them to the Land-Waiters, Salary 40 l. per Ann.

An Assistant to the Clerk of the Ships Entries, 60 l. per Ann.

REGISTER of the WARRANTS has Two-pence per Warrant: He enters all Warrants in a Parchment Book, which is return'd into the Exchequer.

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CUSTOMER of the PETTY-CUSTOMS Inwards,
Salary 62 l. 6 s. 8 d.

A Deputy,

This Officer signs all Warrants, and computes and keeps an Account along with the Collector for certain Branches of the Revenues upon particular Sorts of Goods imported, distinguish'd by the Petty Customs.

Three JERQUERS, to examine all the Land-waiters Books; having each a Salary of 100 l. *per An.*

Clerks,

110 l.

Nine LAND-SURVEYORS, who are to see that the Land-Waiters perform their Duty, and to view all Goods before any Allowance can be made for Damage: They have each a Salary of 200 l. *per An.*

ASSISTANT SURVEYOR of Paper, Salary
100 l. *per An.*

ASSISTANT SURVEYOR of BAGGAGE, 150 l.

SURVEYOR of the KEYS, 100 l.

The Business of the Surveyors is the same, and the whole Distinction is this; the first are appointed by Patent from the King, and the latter by a Deputation from the Commissioners, in pursuance of a Warrant from the Treasury. Their Business is to take care of the Landing of all Goods, and see that they are agreeable to the Warrant for that Purpose, made out upon the Entry and Payment of the Duty thereof, and signed by the Patent-Officers.

Eight TIDE-SURVEYORS, each 60 l. *per An.*

Who take care of the Boarding of Tidesmen on board of Ships, and are from time to time to visit them, to see they are upon Duty; and for the better doing thereof, they take it in their Turns for two of them to go to *Gravesend* to do their Duty there, by placing of Tidesmen on board, &c. and one or more is every Tide down the River, clearing such Vessels as have unladen their Cargo.

Eighty Tidesmen, each 40 l. *per An.*

An hundred and twenty Tidesmen, each 35 l. *per An.*

These

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These are under the Directions of the Tide Surveyors, and attend on board the Ships on which they are placed, to take care that no Goods are run ; and are in number placed on a Ship from two to eight, according to the Bulk or Value of the Ship's Loading.

Eight Pair of Oars attending the Tide-Surveyors, have each 60 l. per Ann.

Clerk to the Surveyors, and to set the Weighing-Porters at work, 50 l. per Ann.

The Register of Ships in this Office, Salary 50 l. per Ann.

Waiter at the Keys for Oranges and coarse Goods, 26 l. per Ann.

Two Watchmen to attend such Land-waiters as are appointed for the Delivery of Timber-Ships, each 30 l. per Ann.

SHIPS HUSBAND for receiving and taking up all Goods consign'd from the Plantations on account of the Duty of four and a half per Cent. 100 l. per An.

A Cheque upon the said Husband, 40 l.

Three Gaugers, each 60 l.

COLLECTOR of the Duty on COALS, Salary 320 l. per Ann.

COMPTROLLER of the said Duties 100 l.

Principal COLLECTOR OUTWARDS, besides Fees, hath a Salary of 276 l. 13 s. 4 d. per Ann.

Three Deputies, and five Clerks,

Copying Clerk, 30 l.

The Employ of these Officers is chiefly in the Long Room, whose Business it is to take the Entries, compute the Customs, and collect all the Duties Outwards, but Wool and Leather.

CUSTOMER of the great Customs on Wool and Leather, hath, besides Fees, a Salary of 50 l. per An. He signs all Warrants, and computes and keeps an Account along with the Collectors, for the Duties on Wool and Leather exported.

HAYES'S *Estimate of*

COMPTROLLER of the great Customs on Wool and Leather exported, besides Fees, hath a Salary of
50 l. per Ann.

This Officer only comptrols the particular Duties.

CUSTOMER of the CLOTH and PETTY-CUSTOMS Outwards, hath Fees, besides a Salary of 50 l. per An. He collects that Branch of the Revenue, distinguish'd under the Head of Petty Customs.

CHIEF SEARCHER, besides Fees, hath a Salary of
120 l. per Ann.

Five Under-Searchers, besides Fees, have each
12 l. per Ann.

Five more Searchers by Deputation, have each
60 l. per Ann.

Two Watermen attending the Searchers, each
30 l. per Ann.

SURVEYOR of the Searchers Salary, 150 l.

The Searchers are to take off all Cocquets for Goods shipp'd Outwards, to examine them before shipp'd, and to endorse the Contents on the Back of the Cocquet; when that is done, the Cocquets are sent down under the care of Tidesmen to the Ships.

Other NECESSARY OFFICERS in the Port of London.

Ware-house Surveyor's Salary, 330 l. per Ann.

His Assistant's Salary, 80 l.

Additional Assistant's Salary, 50 l.

Another Assistant in examining East-India Goods,
70 l. per Ann.

These Surveyors are a Cheque on all the Officers in the Warehouse, to see that Goods be regularly discharged.

WAREHOUSE-KEEPER, for the Commissioners Salary, 60 l. per Ann.

This Officer is appointed by the Commissioners to keep an Account along with the Collectors Deputy, to be a Cheque on him.

WARE-

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WAREHOUSE-KEEPER for the Collector, Salary
60 *l.* per An.

The Collector of every Port being by Law Warehouse-Keeper, he appoints a Deputy particularly for that Business, who enters in a Book all Goods brought in, and how they are discharg'd.

SURVEYOR of the ACT of NAVIGATION, Salary
100 *l.* per An.

His Assistant, 50 *l.*
Two Watermen to attend them, each 30 *l.*

These Officers go on board all Ships coming in the River of *Thames*, to see that they be navigated according to Law.

Three INSPECTORS of the RIVER, each 80 *l.* per An.

Two Pair of Oars, each 60 *l.*

These Officers take care that the Tide-Surveyors, Tidesmen, and all Water-Officers do perform their Duty.

USHER of the CUSTOM-HOUSE, besides Fees,
60 *l.* per An.

This Officer has a Seat at the Bench of the Long-Room, and the Power to administer Oaths; for each of which he demands Two-pence: But through the Curtesy of the Merchants commonly receives Six-pence.

PREVENTIVE OFFICER, Salary 40 *l.* per An.

This Officer keeps a Look-out on the River to prevent Frauds.

HOUSE-KEEPER's Salary 150 *l.* per An.

For two Door-Keepers and Messengers 66 *l.*

For Four Under-Messengers 104 *l.*

This Officer provides, by Virtue of his Patent, the Door-Keepers and Messengers attending the Commissioners, and disburses all small incident Charges, paying for Parcels directed to the *Custom-House*, which are for the King's Use, provides Candles, Firing, and other Necessaries for the House; and is also Stationer, and provides all Stationers Wares for his Ma-

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jefty's Use, excepting for the Register-General, of all trading Ships; who, by his Patent, has a Power to provide his own Stationary-Wares.

Nineteen KING's WAITERS, Salary, besides Fees, 52 l. per Ann.

Thirty one LAND WAITERS, each a Salary of, besides Fees, 80 l. per Ann.

Six more DITTO, lately added, each a Salary of, besides Fees, 60 l. per Ann.

The Business of these Officers is the same, and the whole Distinction is, that the first are appointed by a Patent from the King, and the Latter by a Deputation from the Commissioners, in pursuance of a Warrant from the Lords of the Treasury. Their Business is to take Care of the Landing of all Goods, and see that they are agreeable to the Warrant for that purpose made out upon the Entry and Payment of Duty thereof, and signed by the Patent Officers.

REGISTER of the Certificate COCQUETS, Salary 60 l. per Ann.

By registering all Certificate Cocquets he can examine the Debentures which are made out for the Goods exported on these Cocquets, and thereby see that the Revenue is not defrauded.

Surveyor of the Wine-Tasters 200 l. per Ann.

This Officer is to see that the Wine Tasters do their Duty.

At Blackwall, Surveyor, 40 l. per Ann.

A Waiter and Searcher, 40 l.

Two Watermen, each 30 l.

At Erith, Surveyor, 40 l.

Two Watermen, each 30 l.

At Gravesend two Searchers, each, besides Fees, 12 l. per Ann.

Another Searcher, 40 l.

Four Watermen, each 30 l.

A Smack Commander, 140 l.

These

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These Gentlemen Searchers receive the Cocquets from the Searchers Office in *London*, and before the Outward-bound Ships pass by *Gravesend*, they examine whether their Loadings be agreeable to the Cocquets, and then deliver them to the Masters of the Ships.

At <i>Leigh</i> , a Surveyor,	40 l. per Ann.
Four Watermen, each	30 l.
At <i>Shobury</i> , Waiter and Searcher, one Person doing both Offices,	40 l. per Ann.
At <i>Greenwich</i> , one Surveyor,	60 l.
One pair of Oars,	60 l.
At <i>Barkin</i> , a Surveyor,	40 l.
Two Watermen, each	30 l.
At <i>Deptford</i> , Preventive Office	40 l.
Two Watermen, each	30 l.
In the Pool, two Ditto Officers, each	40 l.
Four Watermen, each	30 l.
At <i>Purfleet</i> , one Ditto Officer	40 l.
Two Watermen, each	30 l.

PATENT OFFICERS in the OUT-PORTS.

Note, That the Officers to the following Lists are appointed to all the Ports in the same Counties for which they are here mentioned, but officiate by Deputies, viz.

	<i>per Ann.</i>
At <i>Sandwich</i> , a Customer,	72 08 00
A Comptroller,	15 06 08
Two Searchers, each	10 00 00
At <i>Chichester</i> , a Customer,	61 00 00
A Comptroller,	13 00 10
A Searcher,	10 00 00
At <i>Southampton</i> , a Customer, outwards,	62 13 04
Ditto, inwards,	62 13 04
Comptroller,	45 00 00
Searcher,	10 00 00
At <i>Pool</i> , a Customer,	48 00 00
	A

	per Ann.	l.	s.	d.
A Comptroller,		10	00	06
A Searcher,		30	00	00
At <i>Plymouth</i> , A Customer,		38	13	04
A Comptroller,		10	16	08
A Searcher,		30	00	00
At <i>Exon</i> , a Customer,		83	06	08
A Comptroller,		10	16	08
A Searcher,		20	00	00
At <i>Gloucester</i> , a Customer,		06	13	04
A Comptroller,				
A Searcher,		08	13	04
At <i>Bristol</i> , a Customer outwards,		57	00	00
A Customer inwards,		57	00	00
A Comptroller,		31	13	04
A Searcher,		34	00	00
Four King's Waiters, each		15	00	00
At <i>Bridgewater</i> , a Customer,		28	00	00
A Comptroller,		05	06	08
A Searcher,				
At <i>Cardist and Swanzy</i> , a Customer,		16	06	08
Two Comptrollers, each		10	00	00
A Searcher,		10	00	00
At <i>Milford and Members</i> , a Customer,		15	05	00
A Comptroller,		10	00	00
A Searcher,		10	00	00
At <i>Ipswich</i> , a Customer,		55	06	08
A Comptroller,		10	00	00
A Searcher,		08	00	00
At <i>Lynn</i> , a Customer,		62	07	04
A Comptroller,		15	04	04
A Searcher,		12	00	00
At <i>Boston</i> , a Customer,		31	16	08
A Comptroller,		12	09	02
A Searcher,		02	00	00
At <i>Hull</i> two Customers, each		39	00	00
A Comptroller,		16	13	04
A Searcher,		12	00	00
				At

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	<i>per Ann.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
At <i>Newcastle</i> , a Customer inwards,	27	00	00	
A Customer outwards,	27	00	00	
A Comptroller,	20	00	00	
A Searcher,				
At <i>Berwick</i> , a Customer,	24	00	00	
A Comptroller,	10	00	00	
A Searcher,	12	00	00	

DEPUTED OFFICERS of the OUT-PORTS.

These following Officers of the Customs for the Out-Ports, hold not by Patent, but are appointed by the Commissioners in pursuance of Warrants from the Treasury.

At <i>Rocheſter</i> , a Collector,	50	00	00	
Surveyor, Searcher, and four other Officers, together,	137	11	00	
At <i>Feverſham</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
With other Officers, their Salary together, amounts to	457	04	08	
At <i>Sandwich</i> , a Collector,	7000	00		
A Surveyor, and eleven other Officers, their Salary together, amounts to	610	00	00	
At <i>Deal</i> , a Collector, for himſelf and Clerks,	100	00	00	
A Tide Surveyor,	50	00	00	
Riding Officers, Tidemen, and Boatmen, their Salary amounts to	485	00	00	
At <i>Dover</i> , a Collector,	140	00	00	
Land Waiters, Riding Officers, Tidemen, and Boatmen, their Salary amounts to	1455	00	00	
At <i>Rye</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
The Salaries of the Deputy Comptroller, and twenty other Officers, come to	2040	00	00	
At <i>Shoreham</i> , a Collector,	45	00	00	
And				

per Ann. l. s. d.

And three other Officers, amounts to	140	00	00
At <i>Arundel</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
And two other Officers, together	210	00	00
At <i>Newhaven</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00
A Waiter, Searcher, Comptroller, two Boatmen, and four Riding Officers, comes to	576	14	06
At <i>Chichester</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00
Twenty Subordinate Officers,	1272	00	00
At <i>Portsmouth</i> , a Collector and Custo- mer, who has for himself and Clerks,	60	00	00
Surveyor, Land-waiters, and other Officers, their Salaries come to	598	00	00
At <i>Southampton</i> , a Collector,	140	00	00
Twelve other Officers, with fifteen more belonging to the Sloop,	880	00	00
At <i>Pool</i> , a Collector for himself and Clerk	70	00	00
Seventeen other Officers,	605	00	00
At <i>Cowes</i> , a Collector,	130	00	00
Fifteen other Officers, with eleven Men belonging to the Yatch,	750	00	00
At <i>Weymouth</i> , a Collector for himself and Clerk,	80	00	00
Fourteen other Officers,	455	00	00
At <i>Lime</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	70	00	00
Fifteen other Officers,	455	00	00
At <i>Exeter</i> , a Collector,	90	00	00
For a Clerk,	20	00	00
Forty eight other Officers, together	160	00	00
At <i>Dartmouth</i> , a Collector, and his Clerks,	80	00	00
Twenty Four other Officers,	715	00	00
At <i>Plymouth</i> , a Collector, and his Clerks,	120	00	00
Fifty Four other Officers,	1755	00	00
At <i>Looe</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00
Five other Officers,	185	00	00
At <i>Foway</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00
Twelve other Officers,	360	00	00
At			

PLACES for LIFE. 29

	per Ann.	l.	s.	d.
At <i>Falmouth</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	70	00	00	
Twenty Four other Officers,				
At <i>Penryn</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00	
Six inferior Officers,	150	00	00	
At <i>Truroe</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00	
Two Tidemen, and a Waiter,	80	00	00	
At <i>Gweek</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	60	00	00	
Two other Officers,	50	00	00	
At <i>Pensance</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
Twenty other Officers,	170	00	00	
At <i>St. Ives</i> , a Collector,	30	00	00	
Six other Officers,	124	00	00	
At <i>Padstow</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00	
Nine other Officers,	178	00	00	
At <i>Biddiford</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	100	00	00	
Twenty Five other Officers,	580	00	00	
At <i>Barnstaple</i> , a Collector and his Clerk,	60	00	00	
Four other Officers,	150	00	00	
At <i>Ilfracomb</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00	
Four other Officers, and a Smack,	487	13	09	
At <i>Minehead</i> , a Customer, for himself and two Clerks,	}	30	00	00
Nine other Officers,				
At <i>Bridgewater</i> , a Collector, and his Clerks,	70	00	00	
At <i>Bristol</i> , a Collector and his Clerks,	730	00	00	
One Hundred and Five other Offi cers, and a Smack,	}	2757	11	00
<i>At Gloucester, besides the Patent Officers who act for the Patent Salary and Fees.</i>				
Five other Officers,	180	00	00	
At <i>Chepstow</i> , a Collector,	30	00	00	
Three Officers,	75	00	00	
At <i>Cardiff</i> , a Collector,	20	00	00	
Seven other Officers,	112	00	00	
At <i>Swansey</i> , a Collector and his Clerk,	70	00	00	
Twenty four other Officers,	479	00	00	
				At

per Ann. l. s. d.

At <i>Milford</i> , a Collector,	100	00	00
Thirty Three other Officers,	721	00	00
At <i>Lanely</i> , a Collector,	25	00	00
Three other Officers,	75	00	00
At <i>Cardigan</i> , a Collector,	25	00	00
Two Officers,	40	00	00
At <i>Aberdovy</i> , a Collector,	44	00	00
Five Officers,	70	00	00
At <i>Malden</i> , a Collector,	50	00	00
Eight Officers,	250	00	00
At <i>Colchester</i> , a Collector,	80	00	00
Thirteen other Officers,	270	00	00
At <i>Harwich</i> , a Collector,	80	00	00
Ten other Officers,	330	00	00
At <i>Woodbridge</i> , a Collector,	25	00	00
Two Riding Officers,	80	00	00
At <i>Aldbrough</i> , a Collector,	10	00	00
Two other Officers,	70	00	00
At <i>Southwold</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
Two Riding Officers,	80	00	00
At <i>Ipswich</i> , a Collector, besides Fees from the Customer,	30	00	00
Six other Officers,	172	00	00
At <i>Yarmouth</i> , for himself and Clerk,	120	00	00
Forty Three other Officers,	1375	12	00
At <i>Blackney and Cley</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
Three Officers,	95	00	00
At <i>Wells</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
Twelve Officers,	330	00	00
At <i>Lynn</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	20	00	00
Fourteen Officers, and a Smack,	581	00	00
At <i>Wisbich</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
Eight other Officers,	220	00	00
At <i>Boston</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	30	00	00
Twelve Officers,	390	00	00
At <i>Hull</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,	150	00	00
Fifty Six other Officers,	1657	00	00
			At

PLACES for LIFE.

31

	per Ann.	l.	s.	d.
At <i>Bridlington</i> , a Collector,		10	00	00
Seven other Officers,		190	00	00
At <i>Scarborough</i> , a Collector,		10	00	00
Seven other Officers,		250	00	00
At <i>Whitby</i> , a Collector,		50	00	00
Ten other Officers,		290	00	00
At <i>Stockton</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,		60	00	00
Nine Officers,		240	00	00
At <i>Sunderland</i> , a Collector,		60	00	00
Fourteen other Officers		350	00	00
At <i>Newcastle</i> , a Collector, and his Clerk,		160	00	00
Fifty Five other Officers,		462	10	00
At <i>Carlisle</i> , seven Officers, besides the Patent Officers and Deputies, to- gether,		275	00	00
At <i>Whitehaven</i> , a Collector, and his Clerks,		90	00	00
Thirty One other Officers,		965	00	00
At <i>Lancaster</i> , a Comptroller,		60	00	00
Thirteen other Officers,		283	00	0
At <i>Poulton</i> , a Collector,		30	00	0
Five other Officers,		75	00	00
At <i>Liverpool</i> , a Collector, and his Clerks,		270	00	00
Fifty Four subordinate Officers,		1965	00	00
At <i>Chester</i> , a Collector,		80	00	00
Twenty Two subordinate Officers,		540	00	00
At <i>Beaumaris</i> , a Collector,		40	00	00
Seven subordinate Officers,		170	00	00

Note, There are in most of the considerable Out-Ports
Extraordinary Men; paid only when employ'd, as
in the Port of London.

The

The OFFICERS of the CUSTOMS in
the PLANTATIONS.

AT Carolina and the Bahama Islands, one Officer,
being Surveyor and Comptroller, 150 l. per An.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

l. s. d.

Charles-Town, a Collector, 60 00 00

NORTH-CAROLINA.

Beauford and Currituck, a Collector, to } 40 00 00
maintain a Canoe and Man,

ROANOKE.

A Collector, to maintain a Canoe and } 40 00 00
Man,

Bath-Town, a Collector, 40 00 00

VIRGINIA.

Upper-part of James's River, a Col- } 40 00 00
lector to keep a Boat,

Lower-part, a Collector to keep a Boat } 100 00 00
and two Men,

Elizabeth River, a Surveyor, 45 00 00

York River, a Collector, to keep a Boat, 40 00 00

Rapphanock River, a Collector, to keep } 80 00 00
a Boat,

South Potomock, a Collector, to keep } 80 00 00
a Boat,

Cape Charles, a Surveyor to survey all } 50 00 00
the Eastern Shores of Virginia and
Maryland to the Sea-Board,

Accomack and Northampton Counties, a } 40 00 00
Collector, to keep a Boat,

MARYLAND.

PLACES for LIFE.

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per Ann. l. s. d.

MARYLAND.

<i>North Potomock</i> , a Collector to keep a Boat,	60	00	00
<i>Potuxen</i> , a Collector to keep a Boat,	80	00	00
<i>Annapolis</i> , a Surveyor,	60	00	00
<i>Pocomock</i> , a Collector to keep a Boat,	60	00	00
A Riding Surveyor to do Duty on both Sides the River,	60	00	00
<i>Williamstead</i> , a Surveyor,	35	00	00
<i>Babama and Sassafras</i> , Riding Surveyor,	50	00	00
<i>Wiccomoco and Munni</i> , a Surveyor,	40	00	00
<i>Delware Bay</i> , a Surveyor,	50	00	00

PENSILVANIA.

At <i>Philadelphia</i> , a Coll. to keep a Boat,	160	00	00
<i>Newcastle</i> , a Collector to keep a Boat,	90	00	00
<i>Lewis</i> , a Collector to keep a Boat,	90	00	00
A Comptroller to reside at <i>Philadelphia</i> , and to keep a Journal with, and assist the Collector, sign the Accompts and Dispatches with him, and go quarterly to <i>Newcastle</i> and <i>Lewis</i> to examine and sign those Collectors Accompts,	80	00	00

EAST JERSEY.

At <i>Perth Amboy</i> , a Collector,	40	00	00
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WEST JERSEY.

<i>Bridlington</i> , to reside at <i>Cobenny</i> Survey,	40	00	00
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NEW YORK.

A Collector,	55	00	00
A Comptroller,	55	00	00

NEW ENGLAND.

<i>Boston</i> , a Collector,	100	00	00
A Comptroller,	70	00	00

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[HAYES'S *Estimate of*

	<i>per Ann.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
<i>Piscatway</i> , a Collector and Surveyor,	100	00	00	
<i>Salem</i> and <i>Marblehead</i> , one Officer as before, Collector and Surveyor,	340	00	00	
<i>Rhode Island</i> , ditto, Coll. and Surveyor,	100	00	00	

BAHAMA ISLANDS.

A Collector,	70	00	00	
<i>Bermuda</i> , a Collector,				
<i>Jamaica</i> , a Collector is allowed one third of what he collects instead of a Salary.				
Two Surveyors General on the Continent of <i>America</i> , after the Rate of 20 s. <i>per Diem</i> each,	365	00	00	
For a Boat and Four Boatmen,	80	00	00	
For a Clerk,	50	00	00	
The Plantation Clerk,	100	00	00	

A Year's Establishment of the Officers of the Customs in *Barbadoes*, and the *Leeward Islands*, for the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent.

N. B. *The Officers in the Leeward Islands are paid out of the $4\frac{1}{2}$ per Cent. in proportion to the Income of the Duty, so that it is presumed the Salaries may vary yearly.*

BARBADOES at Bridge Town.

Surveyor General for himself,	400	00	00	
For a Clerk,	50	00	00	
Receiver and Collector,	250	00	00	
A Comptroller,	120	00	00	
Two Searchers, each	75	00	00	
Four Waiters,	200	00	00	
Four Watermen,	105	00	00	
<i>St. Austins</i> , Coll. and Searcher,	62	10	00	
<i>Hole</i> , Coll. Searcher, and Waiter,	87	10	00	
<i>Spights</i> and <i>Bays</i> adjacent.				
A Collector,	53	02	06	
			Two	

PLACES for LIFE.

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	<i>per Ann.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Two Watermen, each	43	15	00	
Waiter and Searcher,	53	02	06	
<i>Nevis</i> , Collector and Comptroller, each	100	00	00	
A Searcher,	37	10	00	
Four Waiters,	100	00	00	
Two Negroes to attend the Scale,	16	17	05	
<i>St. Christophers</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
Five Waiters,	93	15	00	
<i>Antegoa</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
Another Collector,	50	00	00	
Two others, &c.				
A Searcher,	37	10	00	
Nine Waiters, each	40	07	06	
<i>Monserat</i> , a Collector,	60	00	00	
A Searcher,	35	00	00	
Three Waiters,	49	10	00	



EXCISE OFFICE.

FOR managing Excise on Beer, Malt, &c. there are seven Commissioners, each having a Salary of 1000*l.* *per Ann.* who are by Patent constituted Governors and Managers of his Majesty's Revenues arising by the Duties of Excise on Beer, Ale, &c. Malt, Candles, Hops, Soap, Leather, Paper, Wire and Starch, they having the Power of putting in, and turning out the Officers employed therein. All Offences against the Laws of Excise committed in *London*, and the Bills of Mortality, are heard and determined by them; and they are accountable for all the said Revenues.

Their Salaries were formerly but 800*l.* *per Ann.* but since the adding of the Leather Duty, and that

on Tea, Coffee, and Chocolate to this Commission;
their Salaries are augmented to 1000 *l. per Ann.*

There are also five Commissioners of Appeals, who
are likewise constituted by Patent to hear and de-
termine all Matters that come before them by way
of Appeal. Salary each 200 *l. per Ann.*

SECRETARY and Clerks, 620 *l.*

This Officer attends the Commissioners Board,
takes Minutes of all Orders, &c.

REGISTERS Salary, 100 *l. per Ann.*

Messenger and Door-keeper, each 40 *l.*

AUDITOR, Deputy, and Clerks, 1078 *l.*

The Auditor acts by Patent, and his Deputy and
Clerks examine the Vouchers and Accompts of the
Collectors of Excise, Malt, Candles, Hops, Soap,
Paper and Callicoos, Wire and Starch.

COMPTROLLER of Excise, Malt, Candles, Hops,
Soap, Paper and Callicoos, Wire and Starch, Hides,
Plate, Silver Plate wrought, Coffee, Tea and Cho-
colate. This Officer is constituted by Patent, and
by his Deputies and Clerks examines all Vouchers
relating to the said Revenue. His Salary for himself,
Deputy, and Clerks, is 2020 *l. per Ann.*

Deputy Comptroller, 200 *l.*

The first Clerk, 100 *l.*

The second Clerk, 80 *l.*

The two next Clerks, each 60 *l.*

RECEIVER GENERAL is constituted by the Trea-
sury under the Commissioners, and gives Security for
the due Performance in receiving and paying into the
Exchequer the Monies arising by these Revenues.

He hath for himself, Deputy, Clerks, Under-tellers,
and others, 2740 *l. per Ann.*

Chief Teller, 80 *l.*

A Deputy, Assistant, and 3 Receivers,

Three Bill Men, each 50 *l. per Ann.*

Two Clerks, each 60 *l.*

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SOLICITOR for the Affairs of the Office, and his Clerks, 550*l.* per Ann.

COMPTROLLER of the CASH, and his Clerks, 600*l.* per Ann.

REGISTER, He is appointed by the Treafury, and attends the Commissioners on all Tryals, and takes Minutes of them.

His Salary is 350*l.* per Ann.

His Clerk, 60*l.*

CLERK of the SECURITIES. Salary 170*l.*

Three Affistants, each 50*l.*

Correspondent, 220*l.*

Two affistant Correspondents, the one 65*l.*

And the other, 50*l.*

E X C I S E.

ACCOMPTANT GENERAL of the Excise. Salary, 200*l.* per Ann.

CLERK for the BILLS of EXCISE, 100*l.*

FIVE ACCOMPTANTS for the Country Inland Excise on Beer, Ale, &c.

The first a Salary of 80*l.*

And as Clerk of the Charity 20*l.*

The second a Salary of 80*l.*

And for weekly Distributions, 20*l.*

The other Accomptants have each a Salary of 80*l.* per Ann.

ACCOMPTANT for the LONDON DISTILLERY, 130*l.* per Ann.

His Assistant, 50*l.*

TWO ACCOMPTANTS for the LONDON BREWERY,

The first Accomptant's Salary is, 100*l.* per Ann.

The second Aceomptant's, 80*l.*

M A L T.

ACCOMPTANT GENERAL for the Duties on Malt and Hops. Salary 200*l.* per Ann.

His five Assistant Accomptants, each 60*l.* per Ann.

C A N D L E S.

ACCOMPTANT GENERAL of the Duties on Soap, Paper, Callicoës, Wire and Starch,	200 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
His four Assistant Accomptants, each	60 <i>l.</i>
ACCOMPTANT for the Duty on CANDLES in Town and Country,	90 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
His Assistant Accomptant,	60 <i>l.</i>

H I D E S.

AUDITOR. His Salary	300 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
ACCOMPTANT GENERAL of the said Duties, Wrought Plate, Coffee, Tea and Chocolate, his Salary is	200 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
Two Assistant Accomptants for the Duty on Hides, each	60 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
Two <i>ditto</i> for Silver, Wrought Plate, Coffee, &c. each	50 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
One more, <i>ditto</i> , at	60 <i>l.</i>
Surveyor of Hides,	80 <i>l.</i>
Six Officers of, <i>ditto</i> , each	50 <i>l.</i>
Twelve Officers of Plate, each	40 <i>l.</i>
Examiner of the Officers Books,	70 <i>l.</i>
His Assistant,	50 <i>l.</i>
CLERK of the STORES, and his Clerks,	140 <i>l.</i>
His Assistant's Salary,	60 <i>l.</i>
CLERK of the Diaries,	80 <i>l.</i>
His Assistant,	50 <i>l.</i>
HOUSE-KEEPER,	100 <i>l.</i>
Door-keeper to the Commissioners of the Excise,	70 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
Assistant Door-keeper,	50 <i>l.</i>
GENERAL EXAMINER of the Excise Officers Books,	100 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
Six <i>ditto</i> more, each	60 <i>l.</i>
GENERAL EXAMINER of the Malt Officers Books,	100 <i>l. per Ann.</i>
Six <i>ditto</i> more, each	60 <i>l.</i>

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Assitant to both General Examiners,	30 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Five Messengers, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Two GENERAL SURVEYORS of <i>London Brewery.</i>	
The First General Surveyor's Salary	150 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
The Second, <i>ditto</i> ,	125 <i>l.</i>
COLLECTOR of the Duties on imported excisable	
Liquors at the Port of <i>London</i> ,	100 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Surveyor and Searcher of <i>ditto</i> ,	80 <i>l.</i>
Twelve Surveyors of <i>London Brewery</i> , each	80 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Fifty One Officers, <i>ditto</i> , each	50 <i>l.</i>
Fifty Seven Assist. Officers, <i>ditto</i> , each	40 <i>l.</i>
Twenty Six principal Officers of <i>London Brewery</i> ,	
each	60 <i>l.</i> <i>per. Ann.</i>
Three Tide Surveyors of Duties on imported ex-	
cisable Liquors in the Port of <i>London</i> , each	60 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Land Surveyor of imported Liquors,	70 <i>l.</i>
Three General Surveyors of the Distillery, each	80 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Six Surveyors more, each	60 <i>l.</i>
CHIEF EXAMINER of <i>London Brewery Books</i> ,	
	80 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Two Examiners more, each	60 <i>l.</i>
Thirty Eight Officers of the Distillery, each	50 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Gauger of Excise and imported Liq.	50 <i>l.</i>
Two Port Officers, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Sixteen Assistant Officers in the Distillery, each	40 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Four Surveyors of the Brewery, each	60 <i>l.</i>
Twenty Four Officers, <i>ditto</i> , each	50 <i>l.</i>
One more, <i>ditto</i> ,	25 <i>l.</i>
Twelve Assistant Officers, each	40 <i>l.</i>
One more, <i>ditto</i> ,	20 <i>l.</i>
Porter to the Commissioners of Excise,	50 <i>l.</i>
Four Watchmen, each	30 <i>l.</i>
A Yard-keeper,	30 <i>l.</i>

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The Examiner of Permits,	70 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
His three Assistants, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Assistant Accomptant, <i>ditto</i>	60 <i>l.</i>
GENERAL SURVEYOR of the Duties on Candles,	125 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
His Assistant,	40 <i>l.</i>
CHIEF EXAMINER of the Officers Books of new Duties,	70 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Three <i>ditto</i> of the Officers Books of Duty on Candles, each	55 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Eight Surveyors of the said Duties, and upon Soap, each	70 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Thirty Five Officers of <i>ditto</i> Duties, each	50 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
An Assistant, <i>ditto</i> ,	40 <i>l.</i>
Receiver of the Entries,	60 <i>l.</i>
GENERAL RECEIVER of Soap, Paper, Callicoes, Wire, and Starch. His Salary	125 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Fifteen Officers of <i>ditto</i> Duties, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Twenty six Assistant, <i>ditto</i> , each	40 <i>l.</i>
Two Officers of the Duties on Paper, each	50 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Two Surveyors of the Duties on Callicoes, each	60 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
Four Officers of <i>ditto</i> Duties, each	50 <i>l.</i>
One Assistant Officer, in <i>ditto</i> ,	40 <i>l.</i>
Surveyor of the Duties on Wire,	60 <i>l.</i>
Assistant in <i>ditto</i> Duties,	40 <i>l.</i>
Two Officers of the said Duties, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Three Officers of the Duties on Starch, each	50 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>

COFFEE, TEA, and CHOCOLATE.

I NSPECTOR GENERAL'S Salary,	500 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
REGISTER of the Victuallers within the Bills of Mortality,	100 <i>l.</i> <i>per Ann.</i>
	Re-

PLACES for LIFE.

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Register of the Stamps,	60 l. per Ann.
Clerk of the Entries,	60 l.
Two Stampers and Pastors, each	50 l.
One ditto,	40 l.
Two Surveyors of the Roasting-houses,	80 l.
Six Warehouse-keepers, each	60 l.
Two Surv. of the great Dealers, each	70 l.
Twenty Four Officers of ditto Dealers, each	50 l. per Ann.
Four Surveyors of small Dealers, each	60 l.
Twenty Four Officers of the small Dealers, each	50 l. per Ann.
One more	25 l.
Twelve Assist. Officers upon ditto, each	40 l.
One ditto more,	20 l.
Eight Watchmen at the Warehouses, each	2 s. 6 d. per Diem.

There are 49 Collectors in the several Counties in England, each a Salary of 120 l. per Ann. and 118 Supervisors, who are set over, and to inspect the several Officers in the Country, each having a Salary of 90 l. per Ann. besides an Allowance for Riding Charges.

There are common Officers employed in the several Parts of England, about 1700.

N. B. Three Pence in the Pound is paid for Charity by all Officers of Excise, Clerks, &c. which are put into their Places by any of the Commissioners, by which Means fourteen or fifteen hundred Pounds are raised every Year, which Money is applied for the Support of old, decayed or disabled Officers of Excise, who have served upwards of seven Years, and they are allowed, viz,

An Accomptant General,	50 l. per. Ann.
A Collector,	25 l.
A Clerk,	20 l.
A Supervisor,	20 l.
A Guager,	10 l.

This Charity is remitted to them *Gratis*, where-ever they live; and they are all paid half yearly.

COM-

COMMISSIONERS and OFFICERS of the Salt Duties.

THIS Office was at first managed by the Commissioners of the Excise; but the Revenue increasing by a great Number of Salt Works being erected, it was thought proper to separate them, and employ Commissioners, and other Officers particularly for this Duty, *viz.*

Five Commissioners, each	500 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Comptroller and his Clerks,	350 <i>l.</i>
Treasurer and his Clerks,	430 <i>l.</i>
Secretary,	200 <i>l.</i>
Correspondent Clerk of the Securities, and Assistant under Secretary,	130 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Solicitor,	100 <i>l.</i>
Chief Accomptant,	100 <i>l.</i>
Two other Accomptants, each	70 <i>l.</i>
Two Surveyors of the Port of <i>London</i> , each	50 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
A Messenger,	40 <i>l.</i>

Besides many other Officers in the Gift of the Commissioners, upon *London*, as well as the Country Establishment.



OFFICERS of the STAMP-OFFICE.

THE Duty on Stamp'd Paper was first granted in the 5th and 6th of *William and Mary*, upon Vellum and Parchment.

In the 9th and 10th of *William III.* the same Stamp'd Duties were doubled with some Exceptions. In the 10th and 12th of *Queen Ann* an Addition was made.

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made, and likewise a Duty on Pamphlets, Books under six Sheets, News Papers, and all Advertisements incerted therein, on Cards, Dice, &c. all which are under the Management of

Five Commissioners, each	400 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
A Secretary,	300 <i>l.</i>
Receiver General,	500 <i>l.</i>
Accomptant General,	400 <i>l.</i>

Solicitor, and many other Officers, besides 39 Stampers, 8 Rolling-press Officers, 8 Card Officers, 3 Rolling-press Printers, 8 Officers belonging to the Stamping of News-papers, Surveyors of Gaming-Houses, &c.



OFFICE of ORDNANCE.

THIS Office is kept within the *Tower of London*, it having the Superintendency, Ordering, and Disposing, as well of the Grand Magazine in the *Tower*, as at *Woolwich*, *Chatham*, *Portsmouth*, *Upnor-Castle*, *Plymouth*, *Hull*, *Berwick*, and in all the Gar-risons, Castles, Forts, &c. in *England*; wherein generally there is a great Quantity of Powder, with Arms for Horse and Foot; Ordnance Shot, and other Stores proportionable, as well for Sea as Land, in their several Store-houses apart, with great Order and Care, for the better preserving, and more speedy Dispatch in delivering out the same, as the King's Occasion shall require.

It is under the Government in chief of the Master of the Ordnance, he having the supreme Power and Superintendency over this Office.

From him are derived all Orders and Dispatches relating to the same, as the Service shall best require. It is a Place of very great Honour and Trust, and it is in the Gift of the King. Salary 1500 *l.* per Ann.

LIEU-

LIEUTENANT GENERAL. His Duty is to receive all Significations, Orders, &c. from the Master of the Board, with the rest of the principal Officers, to see them daily executed; to make Orders as the King's Occasions shall require for things of such Importance, in which the King's Warrants, or Warrants from the Lords of the Admiralty, are not needful. The Lieutenant of the Ordnance is also to give Orders for discharging of the Great Ordnance, when required, upon Coronation Days, Festivals, Triumphs, and the like; and also to see the Train of Artillery, and all its Equipage fitted for Motion, upon any Occasion, when it shall be ordered to be drawn into the Field. This Officer is in the King's Gift, and his Salary is

1100 *l. per Ann.*

SURVEYOR GENERAL, his Charge is to survey all his Majesty's Ordnance, Stores, and Provisions of War, in the Custody of the Store-keeper, which he is to see so distinguished and placed, as shall be best for their Preservation and Safety, for a decent View, and a ready Accompt; to allow all Bills of Debt, and to keep Cheque upon all Labourers, and Artificers Works; and to see that all Provisions received be good and serviceable, and duly proved, with the Assistance of the rest of the Officers, and the Proof-masters, and mark'd with the King's Mark. Salary

700 *l. per Ann.*

The CLERK of the ORDNANCE, his Place is to record all Orders and Instructions given for the Government of the Office, as likewise all Patents and Grants, and the Names of all Officers, Clerks, Artificers, Attendants, Gunners, Labourers, and others who enjoy the said Grants, or any other Fees from the King for the same; to draw out all Estimates for Provisions and Supplies to be made: And all Letters, Instructions, Commissions, Deputations, and Contracts for his Majesty's Service; to make all Bills of Imprest and Debentures for the Payment and Satisfaction

tisfaction of the respective Artificers and Creditors of the Office, for Work done, or Provisions received ; and Quarter Books for the Salaries, Allowances, and Wages of all Officers, Clerks, and other Ministers belonging to the said Office : As also to keep Journals and Leidgers of the Receipts, and Returns of all his Majesty's Stores ; that nothing be brought, borrow'd, given, received, lent, or employed without due Record thereof, to serve as a Cheque between the two Accomptants of the Office, the one for Money, and the other for Stores. Salary 600 *l. per Ann.*

The STORE KEEPER is to take into his Charge and Custody all his Majesty's Ordnance, Munitions and Stores thereunto belonging ; and to indent and put in legal Security, for the safe keeping thereof ; and for just and true Account from time to time ; to receive no Provisions whatsoever that are manifestly unserviceable, or before they have been surveyed by the Surveyor ; nor to issue any Proportion of Ordnance, Munition, or Stores, except the said Proportion be agreed upon, and signed by the Officers, according to the Signification and Appointment of the Master of the Ordnance, grounded upon the Order of his Majesty, or six of the Privy-Council, or the Lord Admiral for Matters concerning the Navy ; nor to receive back any Stores formerly issued, until they have been reviewed by the Surveyor, and register'd by the Clerks of the Ordnance in the Books of Remains ; to look that all his Majesty's Store Houses be well repaired and well accommodated, and the Stores kept in such Order and Lustre as is fit for the Service and Honour of his Majesty. Salary 400 *l. per Ann.*

The CLERK of the DELIVERIES, his Duty is to draw up all Provisions whatsoever, either at the *Tower* or any other of his Majesty's Magazines, to see them duly executed ; and by Indenture or Receipt to charge the particular Receiver of his Majesty's said Stores,

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Stores, and to register as well Copies of all Warrants for Deliveries, as the Proportion deliver'd for the better discharging of the Store-keeper. His Salary is
340*l.* per Ann.

The TREASURER or PAY MASTER, through this Officer's Hands the Money of the whole Office of Ordnance runs, as well for the Payments of the Salaries, as Debentures; by which Method all Monies but Salaries is disposed of, whether for Fortifications, Building, buying in of Stores, &c. and no Money to be by him allowed to any Person, without being listed or appointed to be paid by the Master of the Ordnance under his Hand. This Officer's Salary is
500*l.* per Ann.

All the forementioned Officers hold their Places by Patent.

Besides the foregoing ones, the following Officers are upon the same Establishment of the Civil Branch of the Office of Ordnance.

	per Ann.	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Secretary to the Master General,	220	00	00	
Minuting Clerk to the Master General,	54	15	00	
Two Clerks to the Lieutenant General, the one having	150	00	00	
And the other,	40	00	00	
Three Clerks to the SURVEYOR GENERAL.				
The first Clerk,	150	00	00	
The second Clerk,	60	00	00	
And the third Clerk,	40	00	00	
Three extraordinary Clerks to the Surveyor General, each	40	00	00	
Architect,	120	00	00	
Chief Clerk and Deputy Clerk of the Ordnance,	180	00	00	
Chief Minuting Clerk,	150	00	00	
Two Clerks in Ordinary to the Clerk of the Ordnance, the one having	60	00	00	
And the other,	50	00	00	
				Leid-

PLACES for LIFE. 47

per Ann. l. s. d.

Leidger-Keeper,	60	00	00
Four extraordinary Clerks to the chief	}	40	00 00
Clerk of the Ordnance, each			
Three extraordinary Clerks to the chief	}	40	00 00
Minuting Clerk, each			
Clerk to the Store-keeper,		150	00 00
Three Clerks in Ordinary to the Store-keeper, each	}	60	00 00
Three extraordinary Clerks to the Store-keeper, the one			
And the two others, each		40	00 00
Chief Clerk to the Clerk of Deliveries,		150	00 00
Two Extra. Clerks to <i>ditto</i> , the one		70	00 00
And the other,		40	00 00
Chief Clerk to the Treasurer,		150	00 00
Two Clerks to <i>ditto</i> , the one		60	00 00
The other,		50	00 00
Three Extra. Clerks to the Treasurer, each	}	40	00 00
Two Assistant Recorders, each			
Proof Master,		20	00 00
Clerk to the chief Engineer,		60	00 00
Clerk of the Works,		120	00 00
Assistant to <i>ditto</i> ,		91	05 00
Purveyor,		120	00 00
Clerk of the Cheque,		60	00 00
Overseer at <i>Portsmouth</i> ,		80	00 00
At <i>Hull</i> ,		45	12 06
At <i>Tilbury</i> ,		60	00 00
Astronomical Observator,		100	00 00
Store-keeper of the Armory,		60	00 00
At <i>Chatham</i> ,		140	00 00
At <i>Upnor</i> ,		80	00 00
At <i>Gravesend</i> and <i>Tilbury</i> ,		60	00 00
At <i>Woolwich</i> ,		160	00 00
Store-keeper of Salt Petre,		60	00 00
At <i>PORTSMOUTH</i> , a Store-keeper,		180	00 00
Clerk			

HAYES's Estimate of

	<i>per Ann.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Clerk of the Cheque,	54	15	00	
Clerk of Survey,	70	00	00	
Three extraordinary Clerks, each	36	10	00	
At WOOLWICH, a Store-keeper,	160	00	00	
Clerk of the Survey,	54	15	00	
Clerk of the Cheque,	54	15	00	
Ditto Foundery,	54	15	00	
Three extraordinary Clerks, each	36	10	00	
At CHATHAM, a Store-keeper,	140	00	00	
Clerk of the Survey,	54	15	00	
Clerk of the Cheque,	54	15	00	
Two extraordinary Clerks, each	36	10	00	
At PLYMOUTH, a Store-keeper,	120	00	00	
Clerk of the Cheque,	54	15	00	
Two extraordinary Clerks, each	36	10	00	
At SHEERNESS, a Store-keeper,	80	00	00	
Clerk of the Cheque,	54	15	00	
Extraordinary Clerk,	36	10	00	
At UPNOR, a Store-keeper,	80	00	00	
Clerk of the Survey,	36	10	00	
Extraordinary Clerk,	18	05	00	
At SHEERNESS, a Store-keeper,	80	00	00	
At BARWICK, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At HULL, <i>ditto</i> ,	50	00	00	
At GREENWICH, <i>ditto</i> ,	80	00	00	
At PENDENNIS, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At TINMOUTH, <i>ditto</i> ,	20	00	00	
At CHESTER, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At JERSEY, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At GUERNSEY, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
WOOLWICH Laboratory, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At CARLISLE, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At EDINBURGH, <i>ditto</i> ,	91	05	00	
At STERLING, <i>ditto</i> ,	52	02	06	
His Deputy,	30	00	00	
At FORT WILLIAM, <i>ditto</i> ,	40	00	00	
At GIBRALTAR, <i>ditto</i> ,				

At

PLACES for LIFE.

49

per Ann. l. s. d.

At MAHON, ditto,	
At ANNAPOLIS, ditto,	
At PLACENTIA, ditto,	
Messenger of the Office,	60 00 00
Yeoman of the Tents and Toils,	20 00 00
Furbisher of small Arms,	80 00 00
Ditto, at Hampton Court and St. James's,	70 00 00
Ditto, at Windsor,	50 00 00
Wheelwright, at Fort William,	36 10 00
Purveyor for Ships,	40 00 00
Draughts Man,	100 00 00
Assistant, ditto,	54 15 00
Barrack Man,	40 00 00
Two Surgeons, each	26 00 00
Two Armourers, each	26 00 00
Thirty Labourers at the Tower, each	26 00 00
Three Labourers at Chatham, each	26 00 00
One Labourer at Portsmouth,	26 00 00
Seven extra Labourers at Greenwich, each	27 07 06
Two ditto, at Gravesend, each	27 07 06

The following are upon the Establishment
of the MILITARY BRANCH of
the ORDANCE.

ENGINEERS. They are under the Power and Jurisdiction of the Master General, who assigns them their Duty, which is to survey the Fortifications of the Kingdom, and when in want of Repair are to give Directions for repairing them. In Time of War they usually attend the Captain General, and have the Direction of playing the Artillery, and carrying on the Approaches in a Seige, &c.

E

CHIEF

	<i>per Ann.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
CHIEF ENGINEER. Salary,	501	17	06	
DIRECTOR,	365	00	00	
ENGINEER in ORDINARY,	182	10	00	
Three Sub-Engineers, each	73	00	00	
Five Practitioner Engineers, each	54	15	00	
Third Engineer,	150	00	00	
Six Engineers, each	100	00	00	
One Engineer,	127	15	00	
Two Sub-Engineers, each	50	00	00	

MASTER GUNNER of ENGLAND, by an old Custom he is assign'd to teach and instruct all such as desire to learn the Art of Gunnery, and to administer to every Scholar an Oath, which besides the Duty of Allegiance, bindeth him not to serve any Foreign Prince or State without leave, nor to teach the Art of Gunnery to any but such as have taken the said Oath; and to certify to the Master of the Ordnance the Sufficiency of any Person recommended to be one of his Majesty's said Gunners, and his Ability to discharge the Duty of a Gunner. His Salary is

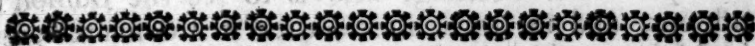
	<i>190l. per Ann.</i>
Comptroller of the Fireworks,	200 00 00
Fire Master's Mate,	80 00 00
Two Fire Workers, each	40 00 00
Two Captains, each	60 00 00
Master Gunner's Mate,	45 10 00
Bombardier,	36 10 00
Two first Lieutenants, each	50 00 00
Four Gentlemen of the Ordnance, each	40 00 00
Chief Bombardier,	54 15 00
Six Bombardiers, each	36 10 00
Chief Petardier,	54 15 00
Petardier,	36 10 00
Thirty One Gunners, each	18 05 00
In NORTH BRITAIN a Lieutenant,	91 05 00
Corporal,	22 16 03

Four

PLACES for LIFE. 51

	per Diem,	s.	d.
Four Gunners, each		01	00
Matrofs,		00	06
Two Bombardiers, each		02	00
Petardier,		02	00
Two Minors, each		01	06

Further, the Gunners of the *Tower* are to manage and look after the Ordnance, mounted on the Lines and Batteries, which are all fixed and ready, with Cartouches and Ball for Service, on the shortest Warning: One or more of them are upon Duty Day and Night, to attend what Orders shall be given them.



OFFICE of the MINT.

IN the *Tower of London* is kept the Office of the *Mint*. This being a Corporation consisting of the Warden, Master, Workers, Moniers, &c. 'Twas so settled by Charter of King *Edward III.* and confirmed by the several Kings since.

WARDEN of the *MINT*, the principal Officer is called the Warden and Keeper of the *Exchange* and *Mint*, whose Office is to receive the Silver and Gold brought in by the Merchants, Goldsmiths, and others, to pay them for it, and to over-see all the rest. His Fee is 400*l.* per Ann.

MASTER and WORKER, He is the Master and Worker of his Majesty's Money of Gold and Silver, who receives the Bullion from the Warden, causes it to be melted, delivers it to the Moniers, and when it is minted receives it again from them: His Allowance formerly was not any settled Fee; but according to the Pound-weight, as by an Indenture under the Great Seal appeared. The Fee now is 500*l.* per Ann.

COMPTROLLER, The third Officer is the Comptroller, who sees that the Money be all made according to the just Assize, to over-see the Officers, and comptrol them if the Money be not as it ought to be. His Fee is 300*l. per Ann.*

ASSAY MASTER, The fourth is the Assay Master, who tries the Bullion, and sees that it be according to Standard. His Fee is 250*l. per Ann.*

AUDITORS, The fifth are the Auditors to take the Accompts, and make them up. Their Fees are, each 20*l. per Ann.*

SURVEYOR of the MELTING, The sixth is the Surveyor of the Melting, who is to see the Bullion cast out, and not to be alter'd after it is delivered to the Melter, which is after the Assay Master has made tryal of it. The Fee is 100*l. per Ann.*

These Officers and Moniers of the Mint have always been exempted from all publick Offices by Charter.

WEIGHER and TELLER weighs the Bullion before it goes to the Moniers, and after it is coined, to see that it answers.

CLERK of the PAPERS, he keeps the Register and Records of what is done, and the **ENGRAVER** takes care of the Dies for the Coining of all Monies.

Commissioners for Licensing Hackey Coaches and Chairs,

HAVE under their Care the Duty arising by Hackney Coaches and Chairs; as also to direct the Goodness of the Coach and Horses; to appoint their several Fares and Rates, and Places of Plying, and other By-Laws respecting Coaches and Chairs, to summon Persons before them, inflict Penalties, &c.

Five

PLACES for LIFE. 53

Five Commissioners, each	100 l. per Ann.
Receiver,	62 l.
Register,	50 l.
Surveyor,	40 l.
Solicitor, Secretary, House-keeper, &c.	



Commissioners for Hawkers and Pedlars.

THE Duty for Licenſing Hawkers, Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen, was firſt in the 9th and 10th of King *William*, 1697. to pay the Transport Service for the Reduction of *Ireland*, this Sum then amounting to 330769 l. 10 s. 7 d. and this Sum to be yearly raiſed: Hereby was 6000 l. raiſed in the following Manner, *viz.* Every Hawker travelling on Foot to pay 4 l. per Ann. and with Horſe, Aſs, or Mule 8 l. per Ann. And every Hawker ought to certify in what manner they will trade, and to pay one half of the Duty down, and to give Bond for the other half at fix Months end; and two Shillings per Pound allowed for prompt Payment.

2dly, The Penalty for Hawking without Liſenſe is 12 l. one half to the Informer, and the other to the Pariſh Poor where ſuch Diſcovery ſhall be made.

If any one ſo trading, ſhall, upon Demand made, reſuſe to ſhew his Liſenſe to a Juſtice of Peace, Conſtable, &c. he ſhall forfeit 5 l. to the Church-Wardens where ſuch Denial was made, for the Uſe of the Poor. Perſons forging a Liſenſe, or travelling with ſuch, ſhall forfeit 50 l. one half to the King, and the other to the Proſecutor.

If any Conſtable, &c. ſhall reſuſe to aſſiſt in the Execution of this Act, he ſhall forfeit 40 l. one half to the Informer, and the other to the Poor.

3dly, Any Person may seize and detain such Hawker for the Production of his License, till he can notify the same to a Constable, &c. The Penalty to be levied on a Hawker, &c. by a Justice of Peace's Warrant, shall be by Distress of Goods, and the over-plus return'd after Charges are deducted. This Act does not forbid the selling of News Papers, Acts of Parliament, Forms of Prayer, Licens'd Almanacks, or other licensed printed Books ; or Fish, Fruits, or Victuals ; nor does it hinder Persons that are the real Worker of any Goods within the Realm of *England*, Dominion of *Wales*, or *Berwick upon Tweed* ; or their Children, Apprentices or Agents, from selling such Goods ; nor any Cooper, Glazier, Plummer, Tinker, or others, mending Kettles, Tubs, Household Goods, &c.

4thly, This Duty is increased 4000 *l.* since King *William III.* Accession to the Crown by the Care of the Commissioners, and is become one of the Funds for the Payment of the *South Sea Debt* ; and continued by the 5th of *Queen Anne*, for 96 Years, and then for one Year longer.

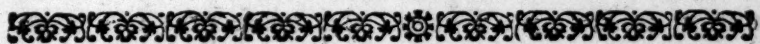
5thly, The first Act was made upon the Complaint of many thousands Shop-keepers, that pay Rent, and all Parish Dues for Houses, and were by this Method of Hawking discouraged in their Business ; and also to prevent Vagrants and wandering Persons under colour of Hawking. Belonging to this Office are,

Three Commissioners, each	100 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Cashire and Comptroller, each	100 <i>l.</i>
Solicitor,	50 <i>l.</i>
Two Clerks, each	50 <i>l.</i>
Three Surveyors for <i>London</i> and <i>Westminster</i> , and ten Miles adjacent, each	50 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
A Messenger,	30 <i>l.</i>
Nine Riding Surveyors, each	100 <i>l.</i>

Commissioners and Officers of the Wine Licenses.

IN the 7th of *Edward VI.* all Persons were prohibited selling Wine by Retail, without License from the greatest Part of the Magistracy of any City, Borough or Town, and not above two to be licensed in one Place, except in Cities and large Towns, on Penalty of 5*l.* In the 12th of *Charles II.* the King is impowered to appoint Commissioners for Wine Licenses, but their Salaries are not to amount to above six Pence in the Pound of the Revenue arising by the said Act, which Revenue is duly to be paid into the *Exchequer*, and not charged with any Pension, &c. The Privileges of the two Universities, and of the Company of Vintners were excepted in this Act. The 15th of *Charles II.* it was given to the Duke of York, and his Heirs Male; but the 23^d of *Charles II.* he had an Equivalent for it out of the Excise.

Five Commissioners, each	300 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Comptroller,	300 <i>l.</i>
Register, Receiver, Surveyor, Solicitor, Secretary, House-keeper, &c.	



Commissioners for executing the Office of Post-Master General.

THE first Law that introduced this great Convenience, was made in the 12th of *Charles II.* which enables the King to settle a Post Office, and appoint a Governor; which is now managed by two Persons who have the sole Management of the Duty arising by Postage, and have under them about se-

venty Officers, who are all in the Post-Master's Gift, and are Sworn, and give Security for the faithful Discharge of their Duties. Besides those herein named, there are six Clerks in the Foreign Office, who have 50*l.* a Year Salary, and a Foreign Officer who has 40*l.* a Year. For the Inland Office there are six Clerks of the Road, the first has 100*l.* a Year, and the other five 60*l.* a Year each, as have also the Clerks of the By-nights. They have also each an Assistant Clerk at 60*l.* and some at 50*l.* a Year, with two Window Men at 60*l.* and 50*l.* a Year.

There are twelve Sorters, ten of which have 50*l.* and two 40*l.* a Year. Sixty seven Letter Carriers, at 11*s.* a Week; and four Porters. The Sorters are employed in sorting the Letters for the proper Roads for further Dispatch. The Accomptant General keeps an Account of all Money from the Clerks Books. The Alphabet-keeper in the Foreign Office, is the same which in the other Office is called the Window Man; that is, he gives out such Letters as are desired to be kept in the Office till call'd for, and not sent by the Letter Carriers. The Person called the Foreign Officer, is appointed for the Dispatch of Letters, which are to go in the Inland Office, for further Conveyance.

The Solicitor takes Securities for the faithful Discharge of Officers Duties, and prosecutes the same if forfeited; as also to sue such as are in Arrears at the Post Houses in the Country, when they do not make proper Payment. In the 9th of Queen Anne, when the Kingdoms were united, an additional Duty was laid, and the Post-Master was enabled to keep a Post in *Edinburgh*, and appoint Deputies. This Office of Post-Master the King may grant for Life, or twenty one Years. By the Penny Post, all Letters and Parcels, not exceeding sixteen Ounces, are daily and hourly conveyed.

PLACES for LIFE. 57

Two Post-Masters General, or Commissioners,	
each	2000 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Secretary,	200 <i>l.</i>
Receiver General,	300 <i>l.</i>
Accomptant,	300 <i>l.</i>
Deputy Accomptant,	90 <i>l.</i>
Comptroller of the Inland Office,	200 <i>l.</i>
His Deputy,	100 <i>l.</i>
Comptroller of the Foreign Office,	150 <i>l.</i>
Alphabet Keeper,	100 <i>l.</i>
Solicitor,	200 <i>l.</i>

OFFICERS of the PENNY-POST.

Comptroller,	200 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Accomptant,	70 <i>l.</i>
Collector,	70 <i>l.</i>



Commissioners of Trade and Plantations.

THE Board of Trade and Plantations was first established by King *William III.* in the 8th Year of his Reign, in Purfuance of a Scheme laid and prosecuted by two very Great Men in their Ways, Mr. *Lock* and Mr. *Pen*, commonly called Sir *William Pen*. The Commissioners for managing the Office, are Extraordinary and Ordinary. The former are the great Officers of the Kingdom; such as the Lord Chancellor, or Lord Keeper, the Lord President of the Council, Lord Keeper of the Privy Seal, First Commissioner of the Treasury, or Lord High Treasurer: First Commissioner of the Admiralty, or Lord High Admiral: The three Secretaries of State, and Chancellor of the *Exchequer*. These are called Extraordinary Commissioners, because they have a Clerk

to

to sit at the Board, and do so upon extraordinary Occasions ; but have no Salaries as Commissioners of Trade. The Ordinary Commissioners are eight in Number, and all Members of the House of Commons, excepting one, who is always a Lord, and is generally call'd Head of the Board. Their Salaries are 1000 *l. per Ann.* each, only the Head of the Board has 1500 *l. per Ann.*

The Charges of Postage of Letters from the Plantations, and Writing Implements, as also for Clerks, Messengers, and Door-keepers, are paid by the Treasury. The Business of this Board is to enquire into the State of the Trade of *England* at home and abroad ; to consider how the Manufactures already settled may be improved, and how new and profitable ones may be introduced ; to provide for the Employment of the Poor, and to revive the Fishery. But it is to be observed, and altho' these Things are committed to their Care in their Commission, yet they seldom fall under their Cognizance ; their Lordships employing themselves wholly in the Affairs of the Plantations. They meet every Day in the Week, except on *Saturdays, Sundays, and Mondays*. They revise all the Laws passed by the Assembly in the Plantations ; and after Examination of them, (and taken the Advice of one of his Majesty's Council at Law, appointed for that purpose) make their Report to his Majesty, and accordingly they are allowed or disallowed. It is their Office also to prepare the Commissions and Instructions of all Governors, Deputy Governors, and Secretaries going abroad. And it is likewise committed to them to look out for proper Persons to fill these several Offices, and to recommend them to his Majesty. But it must be remark'd, that they never do interfere in these Matters, upon any Occasion whatever. No Matters of Controversy come originally, or judicially before them ; but they are first referr'd, and then they do but report their
Opinion.

PLACES for LIFE. 59

Opinion. Upon which his Majesty proceeds as he thinks fit.

Eight COMMISSIONERS.

Secretary,	500 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Deputy Secretary,	100 <i>l.</i>
Chief Clerk,	80 <i>l.</i>

Auditor of Trade and Plant. Acc. 300 *l.*

Counf. for the Affairs of the Board, 500 *l.*

Besides several other Clerks from 70 *l.* a Year to 40 *l.* a Year, more or less, as the Board thinks fit.



The Secretaries of State's Office.

THE Secretaries of State have the Custody of that Seal which is properly called the Signet, and gives a Name to an Office called the Signet Office, wherein are four Clerks employed, who prepare such Things as are to pass the Signet, in Order to the Privy or Great Seal. All Grants sign'd by the King are return'd hither, which transcribed, are carried to one of the principal Secretaries of State, and seal'd, and it is called a Signet; which being directed to the Lord Privy Seal, is his Warrant.

Depending on the Secretary's Office is likewise an Office called the Paper Office, the Keeper whereof has in Custody and Charge all the publick Papers, Writings, and Matters of State, Council Letters, &c. of the publick Ministers abroad, and generally all the Letters and Dispatches which pass thro' the Secretaries Offices, which are deposited in a sort of a Library at *Whitehall*. All the under Secretaries and Clerks are in the Choice of the Secretaries of State, without reserve to any Person; the former of which receives Orders and Directions from them for writing Dispatches

patches Foreign or Domestick, which they give to the Chief Clerk, who distributes them to the under Clerks. The Salaries of the Secretaries of State are each 1850*l. per Ann.* with the Fee of 100*l. a Year* out of the *Exchequer*, and the lawful Perquisites makes it computed worth 8000*l. per Ann.* The under Secretaries have no Salaries, but their Fees and Perquisites make them ample amends. The Salaries of the chief Clerks in each Office, are 100*l. per Ann.* The first of the other Clerks in each Office, as Clerk and Translator, 100*l. per Ann.* and the rest have each 40*l. per Ann.*

There are forty Messengers that are chiefly under the Direction of the Secretaries of State, being always ready to be sent with all manner of Dispatches, Foreign and Domestick. They are also employed with the Secretaries Warrants, to take up Persons for High Treason, Libelling, or other Offences against the State, which do not at first so properly fall under the Cognizance of the Common Law, and are perhaps not fit to be divulged in the ordinary Course of Justice. Such Prisoners as they apprehend are usually kept at their own Houses, for which they are allowed by the Government 6*s. 8 d. per Day.* When they are dispatch'd abroad, they have an Allowance for their Journey as stated, viz. to *Paris* 30*l.* to *Holland* 25*l.* to *Edinburgh* 30*l.* to *Ireland* 30*l.* and so in Proportion to other Places; part of which Money is advanced them for their Journey. They are oftentimes dispatch'd to very remote Parts; as *Italy, Germany, Spain, Constantinople, &c.* They wait twenty at a time Monthly, ten on the two Secretaries of State, and the rest on his Majesty, the Council, and the Lord Chamberlain of his Majesty's Household, in whose Gift these Places are.

There are two Clerks to cheque the Messengers Bills for Journeys, keeping of Prisoners, &c.

*His Majesty's Household.**The Lord Steward in the King's Gift.*

THE Lord Steward of the King's Household was antiently the highest Officer under the King, and is now the principal Officer for the Civil Government of his Majesty's Servants below Stairs; the Officers over whom he presides being to be seen in the following Order. He is constituted by the Delivery of a White Staff, which is esteem'd his Commission. By virtue of his Office, without any other Commission, he judges all Offences committed within the Court, or the Verge thereof, and gives Judgment according to their several Demerits: At the Death of the Sovereign he breaks the Staff over the Hearse wherein the Royal Corps are deposited, and thereby discharges all the Officers under his Jurisdiction.

His Wages are

100 *l.* per Ann.

Board-wages,

1360 *l.*

TREASURER of the Household in the King's Gift,

Wages, 123 *l.* 13 *s.* 8 *d.* per Ann.

Board-wages, 1076 *l.* 5 *s.* 4 *d.*

The Treasurer of the Household is the second Staff-Officer below Stairs; he has Power in the Lord Steward's Absence with the Comptroller and other Officers of the Green-Cloth, to hear and determine Offences committed within the Verge, and that by Verdict of the King's Household.

COMPTROLLER of the Household in the King's Gift,

Wages, 107 *l.* 17 *s.* 6 *d.* per Ann.

Board-wages, 1092 *l.* 2 *s.* 6 *d.*

The

The Comptroller is a Staff-Officer, who cheque all Accompts and Reckonings of the Green-Cloth, relating to the Houshold, and sits at Trials as aforesaid next the Treasurer.

COFFERER of the HOUSHOLD in the King's Gift,
Wages, 100 l. per Ann.
Board-wages, 400 l.

The Cofferer pays the Wages of the King's Servants above and below Stairs, especially those who are paid by Debentures and for Provisions, by the Directions and Allowance of the Green-Cloth; and likewise sits on Trials and Judgments with the Lord Steward in the Court of Verge.

MASTER of the HOUSHOLD in the KING's GIFT,
Wages, 66 l. 13 s. 4 d. per Ann.
Board-wages, 433 l. 6 s. 8 d.

His Duty is to survey the Accompts of the Houshold.

TWO PRINCIPAL CLERKS of the GREEN-CLOTH in the KING's GIFT,

Wages, each 44 l. 6 s. 8 d. per Ann.
Board-Wages, 455 l. 13 s. 4 d.

TWO CLERKS, Comptrollers of the Houshold,
Wages, each 44 l. 6 s. 8 d. per Ann.
Board-Wages, 455 l. 13 s. 4 d.

The Officers compose the Board of Green-Cloth; so called from a Green-Cloth where they sit, on which is depicted the Arms of the Compting-house, viz. *Vert, a Key Or, and a Staff Argent Saltire*, signifying their Power to Reward or Punish, and is properly a Court of Justice continually sitting in the King's House: The four principal Clerks are Officers of good Account; they have their Business and Attendance at Court assigned by the Board of Green-Cloth. All Bills of Comptrolment, &c. relating to the Office, are allotted and allowed by the Clerks Comptrollers, and summ'd up and audited by the Clerks of the Green-Cloth: They likewise sit in Judgment with the Lord Steward on Trials, &c.

The

The following OFFICERS Below-Stairs under the Lord Steward, are in the Lord Steward's Gift.

Accompting-House.

IT is so called, because the Accompts for all the Expences of the Houshold are there daily taken, and Provision made for the Payment and well-governing the same.

To the ACCOMPTING-HOUSE, two Yeomen, each

78 l. per Ann.

Two Grooms, each

57 l. 8 s. 4 d.

A Messenger,

40 l.

Two Chamber-keepers, each

20 l.

These have Board-Wages.

To the BAKE-HOUSE, where all the King's Bread, and Bread for the Houshold is baked and delivered into the Pantry every Day,

A Clerk,

80 l. per Ann.

A Yeoman,

50 l.

Two Grooms, each

40 l.

To the PANTRY, which takes care to prepare Necessaries for the King's Table, and has the Charge of the Plate,

A Gentleman, and Yeoman, each

60 l. per Ann.

And two Grooms, each

40 l.

To the BUTTERY, where all the Liquors are kept, except the Wine, and deliver'd out to the Officers in waiting,

A Gentleman,

60 l. per Ann.

A Yeoman,

50 l.

Three Grooms,

40 l.

To the CELLAR, who have the Custody of all the King's Wine, and of the private Cellar for all Presents made to the King.

Keeper

Keeper of the Store-Cellar,	100 l. per Ann.
A Gentleman, and Yeoman,	60 l.
Three Yeomen, each	50 l.
Two Grooms, each	40 l.

The Clerk of the Spicery, 100 l. per Ann. who keeps and delivers out all the Spice, &c. for the Service of the Household, which he receives from the Tradesmen, and keeps Accompts of the same.

To the CONFECTIONARY; there are three Confectionaries that prepare all such kind of Delicacies for the King's Table, as Deserts of Sweet-meats, Jellies, Fruits, &c.

Two Yeomen, each	50 l. per Ann.
A Groom,	40 l.

To the EWRY, to take care of the Linen for the King's own Table, lay the Cloth, and serve up Water in the Silver Ewers after Dinner; whence the Office has its Name.

A Gentleman,	60 l. per Ann.
A Yeoman,	50 l.
Two Grooms, each	40 l.

To the Laundry, a Laundress, who takes care of washing all the Table and Household Linen,
120 l. per Ann.

To the KING'S PRIVY-KITCHEN; the Clerks of the Kitchen wait upon and appoint the King's Household Diet, and wait upon Foreign Princes and Ambassadors when the King entertains them. The chief Clerk keeps all the Books and Papers relating to the Office, and makes up all Bills for Salaries, Provisions and Necessaries, issuing from the Offices of the Pantry, Buttery, and Cellar; with several other Duties which oblige him to constant Waiting.

Salary,	250 l. per Ann.
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The second Clerk waits and appoints the Diet as aforesaid; and likewise attends the King in his Progress, when appointed by the Green Cloth.

Salary,	150 l. per Ann.
They	

They wait in Turns by Months.

The first Master-Cook, 150*l.* per Ann.

Second Master-Cook, 120*l.*

The Cooks have their Waitings in Turns likewise monthly, and have Diet during Waiting. The first Master-Cook has an Allowance for the first Dish sent up to his Majesty's Table.

Four Yeomen, each 60*l.* per Ann.

Four Grooms, each 50*l.*

Three Children, each 40*l.*

Two Scourers, each 30*l.*

Four Turnbroaches, each 30*l.*

A Door-Keeper, 30*l.*

A Soil-Carrier, 20*l.*

The Yeomen are generally employ'd in Soups, Ragoufts, &c. The Grooms for boil'd Meats, and the Children for all Meats roasted; and each of these has his proper Station in the Kitchen. Of the Scourers, Turnbroaches, &c. nothing need be said, they carrying their own Denomination.

HOUSEHOLD KITCHEN.

MASTER-COOK, 120*l.* per Ann.

Four Yeomen, each 60*l.*

Three Grooms, each 50*l.*

Four Children, each 40*l.*

Two Scourers, each 30*l.*

Four Turnbroaches, each 30*l.*

A Door-Keeper, 30*l.*

A Soil-Carrier, 20*l.*

THE ACCATRY. This Office is a Cheque between the Clerks of the Kitchen and the Purveyors; and there are belonging to it the two following Officers.

Esq; Serjeant, 60*l.* per Ann.

Esq; Clerk, 120*l.*

SALT STORES. The Yeoman of the Salt Stores is also Purveyor of the same, as well as Keeper thereof;

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and

66 HAYE's Estimate of

and altho' his Salary is but 15 *l. per Ann.* the Place is counted very considerable.

LARDER. To take care to weigh all Meat, and then deliver it out to the Cooks; so that they are capable to keep Accompts as a Cheque upon the Purveyors; which Accompts they give to the Board of Green-Cloth, by order of the Clerk of the Kitchen.

There are belonging to the Larder,

Two Yeomen, each 50 *l. per Ann.*

Three Grooms, each 40 *l.*

POULTRY. The Officers belonging to the Poultry, are Purveyors of Butter, Eggs, Fruits, Pulse, Greens, &c. and deliver them out according to the Bill of Fare; which being brought to them, they take care to have provided.

The Chief Officer is Esq; Clerk, 80 *l. per An.*

A Yeoman, 50 *l.*

Two Grooms, each 40 *l.*

SCALDING HOUSE. The Officers belonging to this, and many others in the Household, were in ancient Times very considerable, when the several Countries were taxed in Provisions to supply the Court; they then took care of the Fowls, &c. and do now receive them from the Poulterers, and make them ready for the Cooks to dress.

A Yeoman, 50 *l. per Ann.*

Two Yeomen, each 40 *l.*

To the Pastry, where all things are baked for the Family according to the Bill of Fare, which they receive from the Clerk of the Kitchen.

A Yeoman, 50 *l. per Ann.*

Two Grooms, each 40 *l.*

A Child, 35 *l.*

Salary-man, 30 *l.*

Furner, 30 *l.*

To the **SCULLERY**, where they wash and clean all the King's Plate, which they have Charge of for a Time; and also the Pewter and other things used at Table for the King's Household. A

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A Yeoman,	50 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Two Grooms, each	40 <i>l.</i>
Two Pages, each	35 <i>l.</i>
Two Children, each	35 <i>l.</i>
Five Pan-keepers, each	30 <i>l.</i>
A Woman Servant,	31 <i>l.</i> 17 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
Pewter-Scourer,	30 <i>l.</i>

To the WOOD-YARD which provides the King's Wood, and keeps the Stores, and Accounts of it.

Esq; Clerk, 80*l.* per Ann.

A Yeoman,	50 <i>l.</i>
Two Grooms,	40 <i>l.</i>

GENTLEMAN HARBINGERS Salary, 60*l.* per Ann.
Whose Business it is, whenever the King travels, to take Lodgings for his Majesty, and the Household, and ride a Day before.

PORTERS of the GATE, the Serjeant Porter Esq; hath a Salary of 120*l.* per Ann. whose Business it is to command all the rest, who have their Waiting by Turns, and a Lodge in the King's Palace Gate, where they wait, with a Black Staff, and take care the Way be kept clear, and no Disorders or Tumults gather in or about the Palace.

Four Yeomen Porters, each	50 <i>l.</i> per Ann.
Three Grooms, each	40 <i>l.</i>

At SOMERSET HOUSE, a Porter at the great Gate,

Ditto, at the Water-Gate, 30*l.*

Under Ditto, and Lamp-lighter 20*l.*

Two Yeomen, each 50*l.*

Three Grooms, each 40*l.*

CARR-TAKERS, or Tail Car-Takers, when the Court travels they have Charge to provide Waggon, Carts, &c. to transport the King's Furniture and Baggage.

THREE TAIL CAR-TAKERS, each 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per An. These had besides the foregoing Salaries in ancient Times, when the Court was furnished with Provisions by the several Counties, considerable Employments in

conveying such Provisions to Court, and had a handsome Appendage to their Salaries by an antient Statute and Privilege, by Licensing of some Carts which work'd in the City; for which they had certain Fees.

ALMONRY. The following Officers are under the Lord Almoner, and attend as Occasion requires. One of them constantly distributes the King's Alms at the Gate.

A Yeoman, 50*l.* per Ann.

A Groom, 40*l.*

Two Daily-waiters in the Hall, each 30*l.*

KNIGHT MARSHAL's Salary, 26*l.*

This Officer is employed in the *King's Court*, or *Marshallsea*, and the Marshal's Men under him are properly called the King's Bailiffs. They arrest in the Verge of the Court, when the Warrant is back'd by the Board of Green Cloth. The Knight Marshal and his Men have place in all Cavalcades, as Declaring of War, Proclaiming of Peace, publick Entries of Ambassadors, &c. There is a Court also derived from this, for the Tryal of Causes between Party and Party, called the *Palace Court*, held at the *Marshallsea* in the Borough of *Southwark* every Friday; to which there is belonging a Judge, who is under the Knight-Marshal.

There are six Marshal's Men, each 20*l.* per Ann.

These Marshal's Men are generally stiled Constables or Bailiffs of his Majesty's Household; and none but these have Power to arrest within the Verge.

CLERK of the Verge. This Officer is Clerk of the Court of Verge upon Trials before the Board of Green-Cloth for Offences committed within the Verge, Salary 33*l.* per Ann.

CORONER, who sits upon all dead Bodies, who die unnatural Deaths within the Verge, 30*l.* per Ann.

CLERKS to the four Officers of the Board of Green-Cloth, who have all the Business in the way of Clerkship which relates to the Board of Green-Cloth:

They

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They are appointed by the Officers of the Board of Green-Cloth.

There are Porters, Under-Porters, Lamp-lighters, Turn-cocks, Bell-ringers, Cart-loaders, Watch-men, Cleansers of the Sess-Pools, &c. belonging to the several Palaces, that have Salaries, and are under the Jurisdiction of the Lord Steward.

FOUR TABLE-DECKERS, each 20*l.* per An.

FOUR ——— ditto, each 18*l.*

These following have no Salaries, but are Warrant-Officers, and are much sought after, requiring good Interest to be obtained, and are in the Lord Steward's Gift, *viz.* Fishmongers, Poulterers, Linen-Drapers, Grocers, Purveyors of Oil, Pickles, &c. Brewer, Butchers, Purveyors of Bacon, Brazier, Ironmonger, Pewterer, Tallow-Chandlers, Glass-men, Turners, Wax-Chandlers, Water Engine-maker, &c.



*Lord Chamberlain of the King's Household,
with the principal Officers under him.*

per Ann.

THIS Office is in his Majesty's Gift, Sal. 100*l.*
Board-Wages, 1100*l.*

The Lord Chamberlain has the principal Command of all the King's Servants Above-Stairs (excepting in the Bed-chamber, which is wholly under the Groom of the Stole) who are all sworn by him or by his Warrant to the Gentlemen-Ushers. He has also the Inspection of all the Officers of the Wardrobe at all the King's Houses; and of the removing Wardrobes, Beds, Tents, Revels, Musick, Comedians, Huntings, Messengers, Trumpeters, Drummers, Artizans, retained in the King's Service, as well as of the Serjeants at Arms, Physicians, Surgeons, Apothecaries, &c. and finally, of his Majesty's Chaplains.

VICE-CHAMBERLAIN. This Office is in the King's
 Gift, Salary 66 l. 13 s. 4 d. per Ann.
 Board-Wages, 499 l. 15 s.

This Place carries its own Denomination; he is Deputy or Assistant to the Lord Chamberlain, and in his Absence commands: He is always of the Privy-Council.

GENTLEMEN of the KING'S BED-CHAMBER, are all in the King's Gift, Salary each 1000 l. per Ann.

These are called Lords of the Bed-chamber. They are twelve in Number, besides the Groom of the Stole, who, by his Office, has the Honour to put on the King's first Garment, or Shirt every Morning; but it is alternately perform'd by the Lords in waiting, there being nine Grooms of the Bed-Chamber, besides the Groom of the Stole, and the fore-going Gentlemen; they all take in their Turn weekly, and attend in the King's Bed-chamber when he eats in private, as his late Majesty usually did; the Cup-bearer, Carvers, and Sewers at those times did not usually wait.

GENTLEMEN of HIS MAJESTY'S PRIVY-CHAMBER. These Places are in the Lord Chamberlain's Gift: King Henry VII. was the first *English* Prince that establish'd this Society of Gentlemen, and limited their Number to 48, and gave them the Title of *HONOURABLE*; which Establishment has successively been continued in every King and Queen's Reign to this present time, with only the Difference of an Augmentation of the Number, as Occasion should require. The chief end of their Institution was to wait on the King and Queen at Court, in their Diversions, Progresses, and on all immergent Occasions. Six of them are constantly appointed by the Lord Chamberlain, with a Nobleman, and the Master of the Ceremonies, to accompany all Foreign Ministers from Crown'd Heads in their publick Entries, and to their Audiences; to which end they are generally chosen out of the
 Sons

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Sons of the Nobility, or the first Rank of Gentlemen in the Kingdom, and were always held in good Repute at Court. They have been often fixt upon to represent the Person of the Lord Chamberlain, or the Vice-Chamberlain in their Absence; for which Reason King *James I.* and King *Charles I.* order'd them to take place next to the Gentlemen or Lords of the Bed-Chamber. And at all publick Solemnities, Interviews, Cavalcades, &c. they have their Station appointed by the Heralds to go next to the Counsellors (not Peers.) When the King or Queen go by Water to Parliament, &c. two of these Gentlemen have Place in the same Barge, and likewise kneel upon the second Step of the Throne, where no other Officer is suffer'd to interpose before them. As a farther Mark of the Royal Favour and Trust which is reposed in them, they are impower'd to execute the King's verbal Commands, without producing any Warrant or Order, their Persons and Characters being in themselves sufficient Authority. With all these considerable Honours, there is no Salary, Fee, or Perquisite annex'd to their Offices. They have at certain Times, Diet and Table at Court; and on the Death of the Sovereign have Mourning allow'd them out of the Wardrobe. They are excus'd by Virtue of their Offices from being Sheriffs, or any other Penal Office in the Town or Country where they live, which makes many Gentlemen of good Fortune desire the Place.

GROOMS of HIS MAJESTY'S BED-CHAMBER, mentioned before among the Gentlemen of the Bed-Chamber; they are in the King's Gift, Salary each

500 l. per Ann.

They wait in the King's Chamber during his Majesty's Dressing, and wait at Dinner, take Wine, &c. from the under Servants, and give it to the Lords to serve his Majesty. When the Gentlemen of the Bed Chamber are not there, they perform their Office,

and have their Waiting weekly, two and two by turns.

PAGES of the BED-CHAMBER, or PAGES of the BACK-STAIRS, are in the Groom of the Stole's Gift, Salary, each *80 l. per Ann.*

They antiently had their Place of Attendance without Doors at the Back-Stairs; but now they wait in the Bed-Chamber, where they take care that every Thing be ready, especially during the Time of the King's Dressing; fetch Water for the Grooms of the Bed Chamber, which the King is to use, and other Necessaries. They have a Share of the Fees of Honour, with several Perquisites from Candles, Wood, &c. They have likewise for Livery, which they antiently wore, *36 l. 13 s. 8 d. per An.* in lieu of it.

CUP-BEARERS, CARVERS, and SEWERS,

Four Cup-Bearers, each *33 l. 6 s. 8 d. per Ann.*

Four Carvers, each *33 l. 6 s. 8 d.*

Four Gentlemen Sewers, each *33 l. 6 s. 8 d.*

The Cup-bearers, Carvers and Sewers are in the Lord Chamberlain's Gift, and were very antient Officers of the Crown, and Places of great Honour; for which reason, they precede many other Officers of Note which have large Salaries and considerable Perquisites. At all Coronations three Earls put in their Claims to officiate in these Places; as Cup-bearer, Carver and Sewer. There is also one in each Office, who are Assistants to the Noblemen for that Day, and have Rank in the Cavalcade.

GENTLEMEN-USHERS of the PRIVY-CHAMBER, there are four in Number, Sal. each *200 l. per Ann.*

These have Power of commanding all Officers under them in the Privy-Lodgings (the Bed-chamber excepted) and the Honour of leading the Queen in the Absence of the Lord Chamberlain: They likewise attend in the Closet at Chapel, where no other Gentlemen-Ushers wait.

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GROOMS of the PRIVY-CHAMBER, there are four,
Salary, each *73 l. per Ann.*

These Gentlemen have no Attendance but upon extraordinary Occasions, as Coronations, &c.

GENTLEMEN-USHERS, DAILY-WAITERS, whereof there are four in Number; they are in the Lord Chamberlain's Gift, Salary each *150 l. per Ann.*

Assistant Gentleman-Usher's Salary, *66 l. 13 s. 4 d.*

These Gentlemen have their Attendance assigned them in the Presence-Chamber: The first of which has the considerable Office of the Usher of the Black Rod; he has also his Attendance in the House of Lords, and is Usher of the Garter. They wait in the Presence-Chamber next to the King's Person, and order all Affairs next to the Lord Chamberlain and Vice-Chamberlain; and all Under-Officers above Stairs are to obey them.

GENTLEMEN-USHERS QUARTER-WAITERS in ORDINARY, Salary, each *50 l. per Ann.*
of which there are eight in Number. These also wait in the Presence-Chamber, and give Directions in the Absence of the Gentlemen-Ushers Daily-waiters, to whom they are subordinate.

SEWERS of the GREAT CHAMBER, of which there are eight in Number, in the Lord Chamberlain's Gift, Salary each *38 l. 14 s. 7 d. per Ann.*

They attend in the Great Chamber, and take Directions from the Gentlemen-Ushers, &c. to fetch Necessaries.

GROOMS, or MESSENGERS of the GREAT CHAMBER, of which there are nine in Number, Salary, each *40 l. per Ann.*

They attend in the said Chamber, and are ready to receive and carry Messages either within or without the Court so far as their Office is necessary.

PAGES of the PRESENCE, of which there are four in Number, Salary each *25 l. per Ann.*

These

These Pages are also subordinate to the Gentlemen-Ushers, wait in the Privy-Chamber, and take care of Fire, Candles, &c.

COFFER-BEARERS, of which there are two, Salary each 27 l. 7 s. 6 d. *per Ann.*

When the Court removes, they take care to see the Baggage loaded.

REMOVING WARDROBE,

Esq; Yeoman 230 l. *per Ann.*

Two Grooms, each 130 l.

Three Pages, each 100 l.

The Removing Wardrobe always attend on the King and Queen, the Princes and Princesses, whenever the Court removes. It also attends upon Ambassadors, upon Christnings, Masques, Plays, &c. to furnish such Things as are wanting, and to take Account of the Re-delivery. They are wholly under the Power and Command of the Lord Chamberlain, and are in his Gift. These Officers had formerly their Diet at Court: And all the Moveables belonging to the Wardrobe, when new ones are provided, to be divided into three Parts; the one third to the Yeomen, the other to the Grooms, and the remaining Third among the Pages.

Besides the Removing Wardrobe, there are several Standing Wardrobes which take care of the Furniture necessarily left at the King's Houses, *viz.*

At ST. JAMES'S, Esq; Wardrobe-Keeper, Salary 100 l. *per Ann.*

Under House-keeper 100 l.

At WINDSOR, Ward-Robe Keeper 160 l.

At HAMPTON-COURT, Wardrobe-Keeper, and Keeper of the Private Lodgings, 230 l. *per Ann.*

Under House-Keeper 320 l.

At KENSINGTON, Wardrobe-Keeper 400 l.

At WHITEHALL, Wardrobe-Keeper and Clerk of the Wardrobe, Esq; 650 l.

KEEPER of the GUNS and PRIVATE ARMORY, no Salary. OFFI-

OFFICERS of HIS MAJESTY'S ROBES.

M ASTER of the ROBES,	Esq;	
Salary,		800 <i>l.</i> per <i>Ann.</i>
Clerk,	Esq;	160 <i>l.</i>
A Yeoman,	Esq;	255 <i>l.</i>
The First Groom,		80 <i>l.</i>
Second Groom,		80 <i>l.</i>
Third Groom,		60 <i>l.</i>
The First Waiter,		90 <i>l.</i>
Second Waiter,		50 <i>l.</i>
A Page,		58 <i>l.</i>
A Brusher,		80 <i>l.</i>
A Messenger,		60 <i>l.</i>
A Furrier,		20 <i>l.</i>
A Clerk,		40 <i>l.</i>

MASTER of the ROBES is an Officer in the Lord Chamberlain's District, who has the Power of managing all the Royal Robes; as those of the Coronation, St. George's Feast, Parliament Robes: As also of the Wearing Apparel, Collar of S'S, St. George, and Garter, &c. The Keepers of the Wardrobes at Whitehall, St. James's, &c. and all the Places under him, are in his Gift.

LAUNDRESS, Sempstrefs and Starcher of the Body-Linen, Salary 400 *l.* per *Ann.*

NECESSARY WOMAN, Salary, 121 *l.* 5 *s.*

The Necessary Woman is to take care of the cleaning his Majesty's Private Lodgings, and to find Necessaries for the same. The Laundress and Necessary Woman are both in the Gift of the Groom of the Stole.

TREASURER of the CHAMBER, in the King's Gift, Salary, 314 *l.* 1 *s.* 4 *d.* per *Ann.*

The Clerk is paid by the Treasury.

The Comptroller of the Chamber, 150 *l.* per *Ann.*

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The Treasurer is to pay all his Majesty's Family Above-Stairs ; he also pays the Chapel, the Yeomen of the Guards, the Messengers, and all Travelling Charges. He receives Money from the Exchequer, by Warrant from the Lords of the Treasury.

MASTER of the JEWEL-OFFICE, Sal. 450*l. per An.*

A Yeoman, Salary 106*l. 15 s.*

A Groom, 106*l. 15 s.*

A Clerk, 13*l. 6 s. 8 d.*

The Master's Office is to take care of Fashioning and Weighing the King's Plate, and deliver it out of the Office by such Warrants as they receive from the Lord Chamberlain. When his Majesty makes any Present of Plate, &c. he has the Charge of providing it, with some things of less Note. The Goldsmith and Jeweller are employ'd by him, and their Places are in the said Master of the Jewel-Office's Gift.

MASTER of the CEREMONIES. This Place is in his Majesty's Gift, Salary 300*l. per Ann.*

His Assistant, Salary 6*s. 8 d. per Diem.*

The Office of Master of the Ceremonies was instituted by King *James I.* for the more solemn and honourable Reception of Ambassadors or Strangers of Quality, who were introduced into the Royal Presence. The Badge of his Office is a Gold Chain and Medal, having on one side an Emblem of Peace, King *James's* Motto ; and on the reverse the Emblem of War, with *Dieu et mon Droit*. He is always supposed to be a Person of good Address, and Master of Languages : He is constantly attending at Court, and hath under him an Assistant, Master or Deputy, who holds his Place during the King's Pleasure.

MARSHAL of the CEREMONIES, Sal. 100*l. per An.*

The Marshal's Business is to receive and distribute the Masters or Assistants Order for the Service ; but without their Order, can do nothing.

SERJEANTS at ARMS, attending his Majesty, of which there are nine in Number, Sal. each 300*l. per An.*

They

They are called the King's Serjeants at Arms, to distinguish them from others; they are created with great Ceremonies, the Person to be created kneeling before his Majesty, the King lays the Mace on the Serjeant's Right Shoulder, and says, *Rise up Serjeant at Arms and Esquire for ever.* They have their Attendance in the Presence Chamber Quarterly, where the Band of Pensioners wait; and receiving the King at the Door, carry the Maces before him to the Chapel-Door, while the Band of Pensioners stand fore-most, and make a Lane for the King, &c. as they do likewise when the King goes to the House of Peers.



BAND OF GENTLEMEN-PENSIONERS.

THE Captain's Salary,	1000 l. per Ann.
The Lieutenants,	500 l.
The Standard-Bearers,	310 l.
The Clerk of the Cheque,	120 l.
Forty Gentlemen Pensioners, each	100 l.

This honourable Band was first instituted by King Henry VII. for the greater Splendor of the Court, being designed as a Guard to his Person; for which reason they have their Post of Waiting assigned them in the Presence Chamber. Their principal Duty is to attend the King to and from the Chapel, whom they receive either in the Presence Chamber, or sometimes at the Door of the Privy Lodgings, lining each side of the Room in Ranks with the Battle-Axes, which is their antient Arms: By their original Institution, are obliged to keep three double Horses, or Servants, who are as well as themselves to have proper Arms, and so are properly a Troop of Guards, and as such have been muster'd by their own Officers; but this last part of their Duty has frequently been dispensed

penfed withal. They wait half at a time Quarterly & but on Christmas-Day, Easter-Day, Whitfunday, All-Saints, St. George's Feast, the Coronation Days, and on other extraordinary Days, they are all obliged to give personal Attendance, under the Penalty of a Cheque: They have the Honour likewise to carry up the King's Dinner on the Coronation-Day, and St. George's Feast; at which time his Majesty usually confers the Honour of Knighthood on two fuch Gentlemen as the Captain presents. The Captain's Office is never conferr'd upon any Person under the Degree of a Nobleman, unless a Knight of the Garter. Besides the fore-going Officers, there are two Pay-Masters, Harbinger-keeper, and Axe-keeper.

YEOMEN of the GUARD. The Captain is in the Gift of his Majesty, Salary 1000 *l. per Ann.*

A Lieutenant,

500 *l.*

An Ensign,

300 *l.*

Four Corporals, each

150 *l.*

Clerk of the Cheque,

150 *l.*

Eight Yeomen-Ushers, each

50 *l.*

Six Hangers, each

47 *l. 11 s. 3 d.*

Two Bed-goers, each

47 *l. 11 s. 3 d.*

One hundred Yeomen, each

39 *l. 11 s. 3 d.*

These Gentlemen are properly called Yeomen of the Guard of the King's and Queen's Body, and according to their Institution were used to be Men of the best Rank under Gentry, and of larger Stature than ordinary, not under six Foot high: They had formerly Diet as well as Wages when in Waiting; but this was taken off in Queen *Anne's* Reign: Their Attendance is on the King and Queen's Person, both at Home and Abroad. At Court they have a Room allotted to them only, which is called the Guard-Chamber: The Officers and Yeomen are all in the Captain's Gift.

MASTER of the REVELS, Salary 101 *l. per Ann.*

His Office is to order all Things relating to the performing of Tragedies, Comedies, Masques, Balls,

&c.

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Ec. at Court. He hath likewise a Jurisdiction of granting Licenses to all who travel to act Plays, Puppet-Shows, or other such like Diversions, which is no small Addition to the little Salary.

GROOM-PORTERS Salary, 550 *l.* per Ann.

This Officer has the Inspection of the King's Lodgings, and takes care that they are provided with Tables, Chairs, Firing, *Ec.* as also to provide Cards, Dice, *Ec.* when there is Playing at Court, and to decide Disputes which arise in Gaming.

MASTER of the TENNIS COURT, Sal. 130 *l.* per An.

This Officer has the keeping of the King's Tennis Court, and the Profits which arise by Playing: He has likewise the Apartments belonging to it, which yield considerable Perquisites. The Master of the Revels, Groom-Porter, and Master of the Tennis Court, are all in the Lord Chamberlain's Gift.

Twelve Musicians in Ordinary to the King.

One Musical Instrument-keeper.



Officers of His Majesty's Royal Chapels.

LORD ALMONER, in the King's Gift,
Salary 200 *l.* per Ann.

Sub-Almoner, 97 *l.* 11 *s.* 3 *d.*

A Yeoman of the Almonry, 50 *l.*

A Groom, 40 *l.*

The Lord Almoner disposes of the King's Alms, and to that End receives, besides other Money allowed by the King, Deodends, and all Goods, *Felo's de se*, to be appropriated to that. He had likewise by an antient Custom, a Privilege to give the first Dish from the Royal Table to what Poor he thought good; or instead thereof, an Alms in Money. Besides the Parish

rish or other Poor, he has also the Charge of several poor Pensioners to the Crown below Stairs, consisting of such as have spent their Youth, and are become Superannuated in the King's Service; or the Widows of such Household Servants as died poor, and were not able to provide for their Wives and Children, whom he duly pays.

DEAN of the CHAPEL, Salary 200*l.* per Ann.

Sub-Dean, 91*l.* 5*s.*

The Dean hath the Government of the King's Chapel, and the chusing of all the Officers thereof, the Sub-Dean and Gentlemen thereof. The Dean himself is chosen by the King; who as Dean of the Chapel, acknowledges no Superior but the Sovereign; for as the King's Palace is exempted from all Jurisdiction, so is his Chapel from all Spiritual, not being in the Diocese of any Bishop, but as a Royal Peculiar exempted and reserved to the Visitation and immediate Government of the King. All Offerings made by the King or Queen on the twelve principal Festivals of the Year, are distributed amongst the Poor by the Dean of the Chapel.

CLERK of the CLOSET, Salary 6*l.* 18*s.* per Ann.

Besides an Allowance for Surplices, &c. for the Closet.

Three Deputies, no Salaries.

A Closet-keeper.

The Clerk of the Closet or Confessor to the King is commonly a Bishop, and he is to attend on the King's Right Hand during Divine Service, to resolve such Doubts as may arise in Spiritual Matters; but his Office is chiefly to wait on his Majesty in his private Oratory or Closet, and to say Grace when his Majesty eats.

CHAPLAINS in ORDINARY to HIS MAJESTY; there are in all forty eight, having no Salary.

The Chaplains have their Months of Waiting, and are to preach in the Royal Chapel on Sundays and other

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other Festivals, and in the Morning before the Household. They are to read Divine Service twice a-day before the King in the private Oratory, and to say Grace to the King at Dinner in the Absence of the Clerk of the Closet. During Waiting they have a Table and Attendance, but no Salaries; it is an honourable Employment, and being constantly in the King's Eye for Spiritual Preferments, they frequently receive ample Amends for their Attendance. The Chaplains are appointed by the Lord Chamberlain. When there are five Sundays in the Month, the Lord Chamberlain appoints a Preacher.

GENTLEMEN of the CHAPEL, twenty five, Salary,
each 73 *l.* per Ann.

Clerk of the Cheque, no Salary.

Serjeant of the Vestry, 73 *l.*

Ditto, More for Washing, Surplices, Strewings, &c.

And other Necessaries for the Chapels of St. James's
and *Whitehall*, 109 *l.* 2 *s.* per Ann.

Yeomen of the Vestry, 54 *l.* 15 *s.*

Groom of the Vestry, 51 *l.* 12 *s.* 6 *d.*

Lutenist, 40 *l.* 10 *s.*

Violists, 40 *l.*

Two Organists and Composers, the one having

The other, 146 *l.* per Ann.

A Master for keeping and teaching ten Children of
the Royal Chapel, 320 *l.* per Ann.

The Serjeant, Yeoman and Groom carry a Silver Rod or Verge in their Hands; the Serjeant attends the Dean and Sub-Dean, &c.

CHAPLAINS at WHITEHALL, Sal. each 30 *l.* per Ann.

Two Reading Chaplains, each 80 *l.*

Two Keepers of the Chapel, each 50 *l.*

The Chaplains at *Whitehall* are all Fellows of Colleges in the two Universities, and are appointed by his Majesty.

FRENCH CHAPEL at St. James's, three Preaching Ministers, each 160 *l. per Ann.*

A Reader, 40 *l.*

Sexton and Porter together, 15 *l.*

DUTCH CHAPEL, two Preaching Ministers, each 160 *l. per Ann.*

A Reader, 30 *l.*

LUTHERAN CHAPEL, two Preaching Ministers, each 200 *l. per Ann.*

Chapel-Cleaner, 16 *l.*

Chapel-Keeper, 60 *l.*

CONFESSOR to the HOUSHOLD, 36 *l. 10 s.*

Organ-Blower, 20 *l.*

Bell-Ringer, 15 *l.*

To the Closet-Keeper for providing Table-Linen for the Chaplains, 18 *l. 5 s. per Ann.*

To him for Washing the same, 13 *l.*

Four Physicians in Ordinary to his Majesty.

A Physician to his Majesty's Houshold.

Serjeant Surgeons, Salary 396 *l. 13 s. 4 d. per An.*

King's Surgeon, 230 *l.*

Surgeon to the Houshold, 200 *l.*

Two Apothecaries to the Persons, the first his Salary 320 *l.*

The Second, 275 *l.*

Two Apothecaries to the Houshold.



*Of the Officers and Servants of his Majesty
under the Master of the Horse.*

THE Master of the Horse is esteemed the third great Officer at Court, giving Precedency only to the Lord Steward and Lord Chamberlain. To him is committed the Charge, or ordering and disposing

ling all Matters relating to the King's Stables, Races, Breed of Horses, as he antiently had of all the Posts in *England*. He hath the Power of commanding the Equerries, and all the other Officers and Tradesmen employed in the King's Stables; to all which, he gives by his Warrant to the Avener, the Oath of Allegiance, &c. for the true and faithful Discharge of their Duty. He has the Charge of the Revenues appointed for the Service and Maintenance of the King's Horses; for the Expence of the Stables, for Coaches, Litters, Sumpter-Horses, Pages or Footmen belonging to the King's Stables, &c. He hath also the Privilege which no other Servant of the Crown hath, of making use of any Horses, Pages, or Footmen belonging to the King's Stables; so that his Coaches, Horses, and Attendance are the King's, and have the King's Arms and Liveries: At any solemn Cavalcade he has the Honour to ride next behind the King, and leads a Horse of State. Tho' this great Officer had no Rank assigned him by the Act of Precedency in the Time of *Henry VIII.* yet by virtue of his Office, he precedes other great Officers at Court; Salary 1276 l. 13 s. 4 d.

GENTLEMAN of the HORSE, Sal. 256 l. per Ann. He is always the first Equerry, as the Groom of the Stole is always first Gentleman of the Bed-Chamber, and is the next immediate Officer under the Master of the Horse, in whose Absence he presides in all Affairs relating to the King's Stables.

AVENER and CLERK-MARTIAL; Sal. 260 l. per Ann. This Officer, by Order of Warrant from the Master of the Horse, swears in all the Officers belonging to the Stables. He also makes up Accompts of the whole Stables, and issues Debentures for paying the Officers and Servants which are directed to the Cofferer of the Household for Payment, being first passed and allowed by the Board of Green-Cloth.

The EQUERRIES Salary, each 300 l. per Ann.
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When his Majesty goes abroad, they ride in the Leading Coach: They are in waiting one at a time monthly, and have a Table with the Gentlemen-Ushers. When the King travell'd they used to ride on Horseback by the Coach-side; but that has been discontinued for some time. *per Ann.*

The EQUERRIES of the CROWN STABLE, each 256 l.

Pages of Honour, 260 l.

Governor of the Pages, 100 l.

The Equerries of the Crown Stable have that distinct Appellation, in that they are employed in Mounting, Managing, and Breaking the Saddle Horses, and preparing them for the King's riding. One of them is, or should always be close in waiting at Court, and when his Majesty rides, hold the Stirrup whilst the Master of the Horse, or one of the Equerries in his Absence, assists in mounting him; or when his Majesty rides, they usually attend him.

SURVEYOR of the HIGHWAYS, Sal. 82. l. *per Ann.*

When his Majesty travels, this Officer goes before and takes care that the Roads are in good order for his Majesty's passing. He hath also the Government and Inspection of the Roads called the King's; and it is by his Permission that any body has free Passage thro' the same.

RIDING SURVEYOR, Salary 30 l. *per Ann.*

He goes before and provides convenient Lodgings, &c. for the Court and Household.

Serjeant of the Carriages, 86 l. *per Ann.*

Surveyor of the Stables,

Yeomen Riders, each 130 l.

Clerk of the Avery, 125 l.

Clerk of the Stables, 224 l.

Store-Keeper, 93 l.

Esq; Saddler, 58 l.

Yeoman Saddler, 36 l.

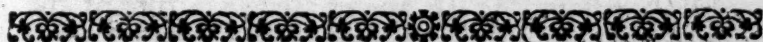
Serjeant Farrier, 98 l.

Marshal Farrier, 50 l.

Yeoman

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Yeoman Farrier,	30 l. per Ann.
The Coach-maker,	18 l.
Purveyor of His Majesty's Stables at <i>London, Richmond, Kensington, Windsor & Hampton-Court</i> ,	188 l. per An.
Purveyors, each	47 l.
Riding Purveyor,	200 l.
Mews-Keeper,	36 l.
Stable-Keeper at <i>St. James's</i> ,	36 l.
Stable-Keeper at <i>Kensington</i> ,	36 l. 5 s.
Stable-Keeper at <i>Somerset-house</i> ,	36 l.
Stable-Keeper at <i>Hampton-Court</i> ,	36 l.
Stable-Keeper at <i>Windsor</i> ,	36 l.
Stable-Keeper at <i>New-Market</i> ,	36 l.
Yeoman of the Carriages,	36 l.
Footmen, each	53 l.
First Coach-man,	138 l.
Coachmen, each	65 l.
Postillions and Helpers, each	30 l.
Chair-Men, each	42 l.
Chaise-Helpers, each	42 l.
The Two Master-Grooms, each	120 l.
Grooms, each, for them and Horses,	60 l.
Bottle Groom, for himself and Horses,	82 l.
Gentleman Armourer,	31 l.
Page of the Back Stairs,	31 l.
Porter of the Mews,	18 l.
Messenger of the Avery,	15 l.
Esq; for keeping six Race-Horses at <i>New-Market</i> with all Necessaries, Salary	500 l. per Ann.
STUD-MASTER,	200 l.
He has in Charge the King's Breed of Horses, and under him are two Grooms, Sal. each	36 l.



Officers of the Treasury.

THIS Office was formerly enjoyed by the chief Ecclesiasticks, who had only Titles of Treasurers of

of the Exchequer till the Time of *Edward IV.* since which no Bishop, Dean, &c. hath been a Treasurer, except Bishop *Laud* in the Time of King *Charles I.* The last Lord High-Treasurer was *Robert* Earl of *Oxford* and Earl *Mortimer*, since whose Time this high Office has been continued in Commission. The Commissioners have the Choice of all the Officers any way employed in collecting the Revenues of the Crown, and have in their Gift all the Customers, Searchers, and all other Officers in the Customs, except those for collecting the Duties on Coals. In all the Ports of *England* they have the like Nomination of all the Escheators in every County, and likewise the Power of Leasing out Crown Lands, &c.

Five Commissioners, each 1600 *l. per Ann.*

Two Secretaries and four chief Clerks, no Salaries.

Ten Under-Clerks, each 100 *l.*

Solicitor,

The Chamber-keeper for his Salary, and to find Coals and Candles for the Office, 300 *l. per Ann.*

MESSENGER of the CHAMBER, 6 *s.* 8 *d. per Diem.*

He attends for carrying Dispatches to the Customhouse, Excise Office, &c. The four Under Messengers are employ'd by the Exchequer on several Occasions concerning the Office for carrying Letters, Receipts, &c. to all Customers, Comptrollers, &c. and have the Liberty to act by Deputies.

OFFICERS of the RECEIPT of his MAJESTY'S EXCHEQUER, CHANCELLOR and UNDER-TREASURER, is an Officer of very great Power and Authority, not only in the Exchequer Court, but in the Management and Disposal of the Royal Revenue. Upon special Occasions, he sits above all the Barons of the Exchequer, and has the Superintendency and Control over the Treasurer's Rolls, and the Custody of the Exchequer-Seal. He is always of the Privy-Council. The Office of the Comptroller of the Pipe, Clerk of the Pells, Clerk of the Nichils, and the Seal of the Court are in his Gift.

AUDITOR of the RECEIPT of the EXCHEQUER

This Officer is the next Officer to the Chancellor of the Exchequer, and this Place is of great Value. Here are filed all the Tellers Bills, whereby they charge themselves with all Monies received, and all Orders drawn to be sign'd by the Treasury (having first a Warrant from the Commissioners for that End) for issuing Money by Virtue of the Privy-Seal, which are register'd by the Clerk of the Pells, and enter'd in the Auditor's Office, and there lodged by Warrant from the Treasury: He also makes Debentures to the several Persons who have Fees, Annuities or Pensions, by Letters Patent, or Warrants from the Crown out of the Exchequer, and directs them for Payment to the Tellers. He receives every Day the State of the Accompts of each Teller, and certifies weekly the whole to the Treasury, and they present the Estimate or Balance to the King. He makes Half-yearly at *Michaelmas* and *Lady-Day*, a Book called a *Declaration*, which contains methodical Abstracts of all Accompts and Payments in the preceding Half-year; one Copy whereof he delivers to the Board of the Treasury, and another to the Chancellor and Under-Treasurer of the Exchequer: He keeps likewise several Registers appointed for paying all Persons in course upon distinct Branches of the Revenue: He is *Scriptor Talliorum*, and has several Officers under him to manage the whole Produce of Monies received, disbursed and remaining. He also keeps the Key of the Treasury, where the antient Leagues of the Realm, and many Records of the *King's-Bench* and *Common-Pleas* do lie; and no Search can be made without the said Key comes, with the two Keys of the Chamberlains of the Exchequer.

The TELLERS of the EXCHEQUER. Their Office is to receive all Monies due to the Crown, and thereupon to throw a Bill through a Pipe into the Tally-Court, where it is received by the Auditor's Clerks,

who attend there to write the Words of the said Bill upon a Tally, and then deliver it to be enter'd by the Clerk of the Pells or his Clerk ; which Tally is then split or cloven by the two Deputy Chamberlains, who have their Seals ; and whilst the Senior Deputy reads the one part, the Junior examines the other part, with the other two Clerks, their Places are in the King's Gift.

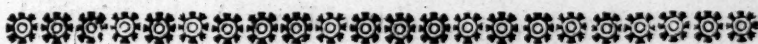
CLERK of the PELLs. His Business and Office is to enter all the Tellers Bills into a Parchment Skin (in Latin *Pellis*, whence this Office takes its Name) and all Receipts and Payments for the King, of what kind soever ; so that it is in the Nature of a Comptroller. He hath four Clerks under him for the *Introitus*, the *Exitus*, the Clerk of the Declarations, and Clerk of the Patents, with three Recording and Engrossing Clerks.

The **TALLY-CUTTER** takes care to provide proper Tallies in fit Lengths, which he throws into the Courts. He hath Dividend-Fees with the Clerks of the Pells.

USHER of the RECEIPTS. His Duty is to secure the Exchequer by Day and Night, and to furnish all Neecessaries ; as Books, Paper, &c. he also has a Key of the Treasury.

CHAMBERLAINS of the EXCHEQUER. These Places are acted by two Deputies, to whom Tallies, when written upon, are deliver'd, and when split are examin'd with the Clerks of the Pells and his Comptrollers, and then deliver'd to the Party, and the Foil cast into the Chamberlain's Chest, whereby they are preserved, and so exactly rank'd, and distinguish'd by Years and Months, that they may be immediately found out, to be joined with the respective Stock or Tally ; which done, it is deliver'd, attested as a proper Tally, to the Clerk of the Pipe, to be allowed in the great Roll. They have in Custody likewise many antient Records, Leagues and Treaties made with foreign Princes ; the Standards of Money, Weights and Measures, and of the famous Book, called *Dooms-Day Book*, which is kept

kept under three Locks, not to be look'd into under 6 s. 8 d. and for every Line transcribed 4 d. They make all Searches in the Treasury for any Records at the Suit of the Parties, and give Copies and Exemplifications of the same, and the Fees are divided between them and the Keepers of the Lord Treasurer's Key.

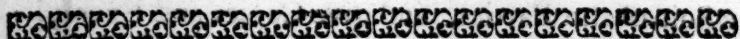


*Lords Commissioners for executing the Office
of Lord High Admiral.*

TO the Lord High Admiral (or those in Commission) is committed the Government of all the *British* Navy, with Power to decide all Controversies and Causes Maritime, as well Civil as Criminal; for which there is a Particular for such as happen either on our own Coasts or beyond Sea among his Majesty's Subjects; and of such Wrecks and Prizes as are called by the Lawyers *Legon*, *Jetson*, and *Flotson*; that is, Goods lying in the Sea, floating or cast on Shoar, excepting in such Royalties as are granted to the Lords of the Manor, &c. All great Fishes called Royal Fish, except Whales and Sturgeon, a Share of Prizes in time of War, and the Goods of Pirates and Felons condemned by a Court of Admiralty.

The Lords of the Admiralty have likewise the sole Direction of equipping and fitting out the Navy, being advertised thereof by the Surveyors of the Navy, what Ships are most fit for present Use or Service; they appointing the Captains and other Officers, and grant Warrants for Impressing Seamen. Besides the Secretary, Under Secretary, and Chief Clerk, there
are

are several other Clerks employed, and are in Number as the Board shall think proper.



Commissioners of the Navy.

THE TREASURER of the NAVY is the principal Officer, whose Business it is to receive out of the Exchequer, by Warrant from the Treasury, all Monies for paying the Charges of the Navy, by Warrant from the principal Officers thereof, his Salary is

2000 l. *per Ann.*

For his Instruments,

800 l.

COMPTROLLER of the NAVY comptrols all Payments of Wages, takes Cognizance of the Market Rates of all Stores belonging to Shipping; and examines and audits all Treasurers, Victuallers, and Store-keepers Accompts.

SURVEYOR. The Office of the Surveyor is generally to know the State of his Majesty's Stores, and to see them supply'd; to survey the Ships, Masts, and Yards, and make an Estimate of the Value of Repairs; to charge all Boatswains and Carpenters of his Majesty's Navy with what Stores they receive, and at the end of the Voyage to audit their Accompts.

The CLERK of the ACTS, records all Orders, Contracts, Bills, Warrants, and other Matters transacted by the principal Officers of the Navy.

Those which follow are usually stiled Commissioners; one comptrols the Treasurers, another the Store-keepers, and a third the Victuallers Accompts. All the Commissioners and principal Officers hold their Places by Patent under the Great Seal.

One Comptroller of the Treasurer's Accompts.

One Comptroller of the Store-keepers Accompts.

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Two Comptrollers of the Victualling Accompts in London. One at *Chatham*, one at *Portsmouth*, and one at *Plymouth*, their Salaries, each 500 *l. per Ann.*

Their Assistant, 300 *l.*

First Clerk to the Comptroller of the Navy, Salary 250 *l.*

COMMISSIONERS for Victualling his MAJESTY'S NAVY, each 400 *l. per Ann.*

The Victualling his Majesty's Navy has formerly been taken by Contract; but is now managed by seven Commissioners, who have their Agents at the several Ports in the Kingdom. They contract for all manner of Provisions and Necessaries, and have Tradesmen for Killing of Meat, Salting of it, for Baking, Brewing, &c. by which the King's Fleet is constantly well served. The two first of the Commissioners of the Transports being also Commissioners of the Navy, have no Salary.

Secretary, 200 *l. per Ann.*

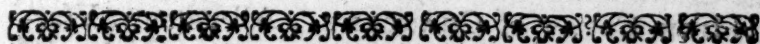
Accomptant-General and Keeper of the Register, Salary 120 *l. per Ann.*

Cashier,

Accomptant for Stores, 120 *l.*

President and Judge of the High-Court of Admiralty, 800 *l. per Ann.*

Commissioner for Sick and Hurt Seamen, Salary 500 *l. per Ann.*



The LAW-COURTS of GREAT-BRITAIN.

LORD HIGH CHANCELLOR of GREAT BRITAIN. In former Times this Officer and Keeper of the Great Seal were distinct; but now they are the same thing by another Name, as late Instances have shewn

us. He is constantly Speaker of the House of Lords, and his Grandeur is such, that he has four Places in the said House; one behind the King of *Scot's* Chair, the second next the Dukes of the Blood, the third on the first Woolpack, and the fourth at the Table. Of 72 Officers under him, 'tis observable that 44 of them have Employments in Parliamentary Affairs, either upon its summoning, or during its sitting; and his Warrant is the second Fiat that gives Birth or Dissolution to a Parliament. In fine, it is the highest Office in *England* that any Layman is capable of, and he is under the King the chief of all Magistrates. He is likewise sole Judge of the Court of Chancery, or Equity, wherein he is empower'd to moderate the extreme Rigour of the Law which the Judges are bound to. The Proceedings of this Court are for the most part like those of the Civil Law, by Bill or Plaint; Witnesse examin'd in private; the Decrees in *English* or *Latin*, not in *French*, and without Jury, by Decree of the Lord Chancellor. From this high Court are likewise issued out Commissions for charitable Uses throughout *England*, or to enquire into any Abuses or Misemployments of Money or Lands given to charitable Uses, or publick Benefits; including the Education of Orphans, the Relief of Prisoners or Captives, or the like. The Lord Chancellor hath the Gift of all the Ecclesiastical Benefices in the Breast of the Crown under 20 *l.* a year in the King's Books.

HIGH COURT of CHANCERY. All Patents, Warrants, Commissions from the King are perused by the Lord Chancellor before they are signed. He is Conservator and Guardian to all Infants, with a Multiplicity of other Business, too much to be inserted in this Place.

The MASTER of the ROLLS hath this Office by Patent for Life. In the Absence of the Lord Chancellor he sits as Judge in the Court of Chancery, and by Sir *Edward Coke* is called his Assistant: At other
Times

Times he hears Causes in the Rolls-Chapel. He is also the first of the Masters in Chancery, and hath their Assistance at the Rolls ; but all Hearings before him are appealable to the Lord Chancellor : He hath also his Writ of Summons to the Parliament, and sits next to the Lord Chief Justice of *England* on the second Woolpack. He hath the keeping of the Parliament Rolls, and all the Rolls House for his Habitation ; as also the Custody of all Charters, Patents, Commissions, Deeds, Recognizances, &c. which being made up of Rolls of Parchment, gave Rise to the Name. In his Gift are the six Clerks in Chancery, the Examiners, three Clerks of the Petty Bag, and the six Clerks of the Rolls Chapel, where the Rolls are kept.

The MASTERS in CHANCERY are usually chosen out of the Barristers of the Common Law, and sit in Chancery, or at the Rolls, as Assistants to the Lord Chancellor and Master of the Rolls during Term-time. To them is also committed interlocutory Reports, stating Accompts, taxing Costs, &c. and some time by way of Reference they are empower'd to make a final Determination of Causes. They have Time out of Mind had the Honour to sit in the House of Lords, tho' they have neither Writs nor Patents to empower them, but as Assistants to the Lord Chancellor and Master of the Rolls. They had antiently the Care of inspecting all Writs of Summons, which is now performed by the Clerk of the Petty Bag. When any Message is sent from the Lords to the Commons, it is carry'd by the Masters in Chancery. Before them Affidavits are made, Deeds and Recognizances acknowledged.

CLERK of the CROWN in CHANCERY. This Office is of very great Importance. He is either by himself or Deputy constantly to attend the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper, upon Special Matters of State, and
hath

hath a Place in the House of Lords. He makes out all Writs for Elections of Members to serve in Parliament, directed to him on the Death or Removal of any Member. Likewise all Commissions of Oyer and *Terminer*, Goal-Delivery, Commissioners of Peace, with many other Commissions that are to pass the Great Seal, and may be executed by a Deputy. All Parliament Writs which are sent from the Petty Bag, are return'd and kept by the Clerk of the Crown, so that the Petty Bag is as it were the Beginning, this the Continuance and Ending to a Parliament, by which the Clerk of the Crown acts in three Capacities. Before the sitting of a Parliament, to receive Returns of Writs; in Parliament, for the issuing of Writs; and in the House of Lords, he reads the Titles of all Bills to be presented to the Sovereign.

The SIX CLERKS in CHANCERY are Officers of great Account, next in Degree to the twelve Masters in Chancery; their Duty is to enrol Commissions, Pardons, Patents, Warrants, &c. which pass the Great Seal. They are also Attornies for Parties depending in the Court of Chancery. Under them are ninety Clerks, who with the under Clerks dispatch the Business of the Office.

The PROTHONOTARY, whose Business is chiefly to expedite Commissions for Embassies, which is executed by a Deputy.

The CLERK of the HAMPER is sometimes styled Warden of the Hamper, receives all Money due to the King for Seals of Charters, Patents, Commissions, and Writs; and attends the Keeper of the Seal daily in the Term Time, and all Times of Sealing, and takes into his Custody all seal'd Charters, Patents, and the like, which he receives in Bags; but anciently it is supposed into Hampers, which gave Denomination to the Office. There is also an Officer who is Comptroller of the Hamper.

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TWO EXAMINERS in CHANCERY. The Business of these Officers is to examine Witnesses upon Oath on both Sides, of any Suits depending in Chancery.

WARDEN of the FLEET, or Keeper of the Fleet Prison, who has the Charge of the Prisoners there, more especially those sent from the Court of Chancery for Contempts, &c.

CURSITORS OFFICE is to make out Original Writs: they are twenty four in Number, whereof each hath certain Counties and Cities allotted him for making out such Writs as are required. They are also a Corporation by themselves, and execute these Offices in Person, or by their Deputies, and have a Hall in *Chancery Lane*, over against *Lincolns Inn*; and their Office is over their Hall, except the four Curstors for *London*, whose Office is kept at *Symonds-Inn*.

ALIENATION OFFICE. To this Office are brought all Writs of Covenants and Entry, whereupon Fines are levied, and Recoveries suffer'd; to have Fines for Alienation set and paid thereon.

CLERKS of the PETTY BAG. These are under the Master of the Rolls, whose Business it is to make all Patents for Customers, Comptrollers, all Conge d'Esire's, first Summons of the Nobility, Clergy, Knights, Citizens and Burgeses to Parliament.

The **SUBPOENA OFFICE** issues all Writs to summon Persons to appear in Chancery.

The **REGISTERS OFFICE** is a Place of great Importance, who has several Deputy Registers under him, who sit in Court by turns, and take Notice of all Degrees and Orders made in Court; and also file Reports of the Masters. They draw up the said Orders, and after enter and sign them.

The Clerk of the Patents, who engrosses all Grants of Offices.

The Master of the Affidavits Office, and a Deputy for filling all Affidavits in the Court of Chancery.

Secre-

Secretary of the Petitions in Chancery, and first Secretary to the Lord Chancellor.

Secretary to the Commissions for Lunacy and Idiocy.

Secretary of the Dedimus, &c.

Secretary of the Presentations of Livings in the Lord Chancellor's Gift.

Secretary to the Briefs for Fines.

Secretary to the Commissions of Peace.

Secretary of the Appeals.

Secretary of the Injunctions and Decrees obtain'd in the Court of Chancery.

Clerk of the Presentations, and their Deputy.

Clerk of the Crown Leases.

Clerk of Faculties and Dispensations granted for holding Pluralities of Livings.

Sealer of the Great Seal.

Chaffwax, Messenger of the Great Seal.

The Commissioners for putting the Laws in Force against Bankrupts are nominated and impowered by the Lord Chancellor.

COURT of KING'S BENCH. This Court is called the King's Bench, because it is the Supream Court at Law, and the King is supposed to sit in Person as Judge of the Court, and may so whenever he pleases; and therefore all Writs, and other Process in this Court, are made returnable, *Cor' Nobis*, that is, before the King himself, and not *Coram Justiciariis nostris*, as the Form is in the Common Pleas. The Judges of this Court are the Chief Justice, and three other Judges.

JURISDICTION of this COURT. In this Court are determined, principally, Matters relating to the Crown, and the Peace; where any Person is aggrieved by an Order of Justices, or Quarter-Sessions, and the Right of Electing Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, &c. are often upon *Mandamus's* brought before this Court to be settled; and Prohibitions are from hence issued out to stay Proceedings in the Ec-

Ecclesiastical, Admiralty, or any other inferior Court, where the Matters appear to be tryable at Common Law.

The SUBJECTS RIGHT to sue in this COURT. The Subject has also a Right to sue any Person in this Court, for any Debt or Contract, as well as in any other Court, and may as advantageously and expeditiously proceed.

The CHIEF JUSTICE of *England* is constituted by Writ, and is to hold, *Quam diu se bene gesserit*; but the Chief Justice, and the other Judges have been formerly made only *durante bene placito*. Now the Difference is this, the being made *Quam diu se bene gesserit*, establishes the Judge, so as that he cannot be removed but upon some great Misdemeanor in his Office; whereas he that held only *durante bene placito*, was subject to be displaced at any Time during the King's Pleasure.

The CHIEF JUSTICES Salary is 1500*l.* per *Ann.* and 500*l.* a Term; and although by common Report he must sit one Day a Term in Court, or will not be entituled to his Termage; this is a vulgar Error, for unless it appears he voluntarily assents, so as upon a *Scire facias*, to be charged with Negligence, he will be entituled to it.

The CHIEF JUSTICE'S AUTHORITY, &c. He is generally one of the Privy Council to his Majesty; and as chief Justice of *England*, can issue his Warrant to any Part thereof, for the apprehending any Person; and where any Person is indicted at the Quarter Sessions, and absconds out of the Country where such Indictment is laid, upon producing a Copy of such Indictment, sign'd by the Clerk of the Peace, the Chief Justice will grant his Warrant for apprehending him wherever he can be found. He goes the Circuits as other Judges do, but tries Causes in *London* and *Middlesex* on certain Days in the Afternoon, in Term time, as he is pleased to appoint; and on

Mornings and in the Afternoons after Term; but can try Causes only three Days after Term in *Middlesex*. He presides under his Majesty in this Court; but when the Court divides in giving Judgment upon any Special Argument, he hath but one Voice; so that if the Opinion of the Court should be equally divided, the Matter must rest till one of the Judges shall see just Reason to alter his Opinion. He is to attend the Parliament, but has no Vote, unless he be a Peer himself, but is to give his Opinion and Advice to the House by Virtue of a Writ of Assistance, and is frequently therefore consulted by both Houses in repealing and making any Laws, or in altering or explaining them. He makes a Return of all Writs of Error in Parliament directed to this Court, and with his own Hand delivers the Writ of Error, and a Transcript of the Proceedings in the Cause into the House of Lords. He is generally in the Commission of Oyer and Terminer, for Tryal of Criminals at *Justice Hall* in the *Old Baily*, and in Commission of Delegates; and most Cases of criminal Matters, civil Action, *Habeas Corpus*, Pleas of the Crown, &c. come under his Cognizance and Jurisdiction. And he (or the chief Justice of the Common Pleas) is appointed Speaker of the House of Lords, *pro tempore*, in the Absence of the Lord Chancellor, or Keeper of the Great Seal.

THE THREE inferior JUDGES of this Court, as well as others, go the Circuits, and are in Commission of Oyer and Terminer at the *Old Bailey*, and their Salary for each Term is 375*l.* and they are also severally intituled to their Termage, although they happen not to sit one Day in Court in the Term, unless voluntary assenting, as before, and these Judges hold by *Quam diu se bene gesserit*, as well as the Chief Justice.

PROTHONOTARIES, or CHIEF CLERKS, are supposed to enter all Pleadings and Judgments between
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Party and Party ; although this Business be done by entering Clerks under them, and all Writs of *Latitat*, *non omittas*, Bills of *Middlesex*, *Habeas Corpus*, &c. are subscribed with the Names of these Chief Clerks.

The SECONDARY acts as the Master of the Office on the Pleas side, and is the Chief Clerk's Deputy ; and his Office is to examine any Person who is to be sworn an Entering Clerk, or Attorney at large, whether he is duly qualified, and present him to the Chief Justice, and signs all Notes for Rules to plead before Rules are given ; and also signs all Judgments, and gives Costs upon them ; and the Court, upon any Motion, in Relation to the irregular Practice of any Clerk or Attorney, generally refers the same to be examined by the Secondary, who having done the same, makes his Report to the Court. Many other Matters are referred by the Court to his Examination. He also takes all Affidavits in Court (unless on the Crown side) and takes the Acknowledgment of all Deeds in Court ; and in Term Time sits in Court under the Chief Justice at *Westminster* in the Morning, and attends in the Afternoons at his Office in the *King's Bench* Office in the *Inner-Temple*.

NISI PRIUS OFFICE. This Office is in *Greys-Inn*, and is acted by a Deputy, who is supposed to make up all Records of *Nisi Prius*, as well trying Causes in *London* and *Middlesex*, as at the Assizes in this Court, throughout the Kingdom ; but the Entering Clerks do this, and he only examines and seals them. And the Clerk of the *Nisi Prius* is the *Custos Brevium* for filing all judicial and original Writs, after the Sheriffs have return'd them ; and is chargeable if any be embezzled, or lost from the File. This Office sitting, the Court in Term Time is kept in the Treasury, for the *King's Bench* at *Westminster* ; and the Keys of the Upper Treasury are kept in Custody of an Officer, who hath several Clerks under him, and two

Officers, called Bag-bearers, who carry the Rolls as call'd for, into Court, and take them from thence, and also seal the Records. The Rolls called the Imparance Rolls are also kept in this Office; which is, when any Lord or Member, or other Person is sued by Original, he, by his Entering Clerk, or Attorney, prays Time to appear, and the Deputy enters the Imparance on a Roll, and gives, according to the Custom of the Court, Time for him to imparle to the next Return Day.

CLERKS of the PAPERS. There are two, whose Business arises from the first Letter of the Defendant's Name, as the Senior Clerk takes the Name of the Person that begins with an *A.* the others take the Persons that begins with a *B.* and so alternately through the Alphabet; and their Office is to make up all Special Pleadings and Demurers in Paper, and set the same, when they are prepared for an Agreement, in a Paper for that purpose, which is given to the Judges and principal Council at the Bar. They read all Rules that are made, and Affidavits (except in Causes on the Crown side) and attend at *Westminster* in Court, in Term time, for that purpose, and they give Rules in the Margin of the Paper Book for the Defendant's Attorney to return the same in four Days after Receipt of it; or in default, Judgment may be signed against the Defendant.

The PHILLIZERS and EXIGENTERS make out all Process upon Originals, which are made out by the Cursitors, such as *Capias's*, *Alias's* and *Plures*, &c. and the Original Writs are brought to them after return'd by the Sheriff, as well as for their Warrants in suing out such *Capias*, &c. on them, as for them to file with the *Custos Brevium*.

CLERK of the RULES. His Office is to sit in Court before the Council, and take Minutes of the Resolution of the Court upon any Motions or Arguments except on the Crown side) and afterwards attends at
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the *King's Bench* Office in the Afternoon, and draws up Rules in Form from the Minutes which he takes in Court. All Affidavits that are read in Court are filed with him, and he makes, and is paid for Copies thereof. He also gives Rules to plead, and Rules upon *Cepe Corporis*, *Habeas Corpus*, *Posteas*, Writs of Enquiry, &c. and for Prisoners of the *King's Bench*, which are called Day Rules, to go out any Day in Term Time, to solicit their Suits, and consult their Council, Attornies, or Solicitors, about their Affairs, so as they return in the Evening; which Rules are granted by a Petition of the Prisoners, prefer'd and read to the Court upon their first sitting.

CLERK of the ERROR's Business is to allow all Writs of Error that are brought to him, and gives a Note under his Hand to the Plaintiff's Attorney, in Error of such Allowance; and the shewing this Note to the Attorney for the Plaintiff in the Action is a good Stop and Superfedeas to all further Proceedings upon the Judgment, till the Error comes to be argued, which generally is four Terms Delay. For he takes the Number of the Roll of the Plaintiff's Attorney, and then goes to the Treasury and transcribes all the Proceedings from thence, which is the Business of one Term; and then the Plaintiff's Attorney examines the same, and signs an Examiner upon the Transcript: The next Term is only alledged Diminution, the third Errors are to be assigned; and the fourth Term they are to be argued in the *Exchequer Chamber*: But if the Writ of Error be returnable in the beginning of the Term; or if an Execution be lodged in the Sheriff's Hands, and not returnable, then he makes out a Superfedeas to the Sheriff, then the Record is transcrib'd in the same Term.

The CLERK of the ERRORS in the EXCHEQUER CHAMBER OFFICE, after the Transcript of the Judgment is deliver'd over to him, to see the Errors assign-

ed, and make up the Books for the Judges against the Day of Argument, and gives them a Paper of the Names of the Causes to be argued; and the Barons of the Exchequer and Judges of this Court sit in the Exchequer Chamber upon one Day in the Term, to determine whither the Errors be sufficient or not, and after Judgment given the Deputy makes a close Copy on Parchment of all Proceedings, as well in the King's Bench as Exchequer Chamber, and annexes them with the Writ of Error to the Transcript, and gives them over to the Attorney; for whose Client the Judgment of the Court, upon arguing the Errors, is given, and he taxes the further Costs to be allowed thereupon, and attends also at the King's Bench Office in Term-time.

A SOCIATE. The Lord Chief Justice hath an Officer in Court immediately under him, a Sociate, who is so called from the Meaning and Signification of the Word as his Companion; and he for his Lordship's greater Ease receives all Records that are brought to be try'd, and opens them and delivers them to the Lord Chief Justice when the Cause is called to be try'd, and takes a Receipt of the Attorney for whose Client the Verdict is given by the Jury for the same.

The CLERK of the NISI PRIUS sits under the Lord Chief Justice, and calls the Cause and Jury by their Names, and reads all Deeds and other Exhibits which are given in Evidence, and makes an Addition of the Jury in case those named in the Pannel do not attend, who are called *Tales Circumstantibus*, &c. from the Statute; which provides, that when the Jury is not complete, they may be filled up with Standers-by: He also takes the Verdict from the Jury, and marks the same with Costs on the Back of the Pannel.

ENTRING CLERKS. The Number of these Gentlemen are not limited, but every one that has serv'd his Time to an Entring Clerk, if his Master certifies his Service (which must be five Years) he may be sworn; and the Business of an Entring Clerk is, not only to prosecute and defend all Business for their Clients, but also to enter upon and carry into the Treasury all the Proceedings in the Causes to be filed and recorded, and for that purpose they are allowed Rolls of Parchment and Ink; and they also enter up the Proceedings, and carry in the Rolls for Attorneys at large.

ATTORNEYS AT LARGE, are those Gentlemen who are generally called Attorneys; and these Gentlemen may practise in prosecuting and defending Suits for Clients; But must apply to an Entring Clerk, to enter up and carry in their Rolls for them.

CLERK of the DECLARATION, who keeps his Office in the King's Bench Office, and is under the Secondary; whose Business is to receive all Declarations, and file them against Prisoners in the King's Bench, against Attorneys, and also all Defendants, where the Attorney for the Plaintiff cannot find the Defendant's Attorney to deliver it to his Person.

The **CLERKS of the AMERCEMENTS** attend upon the Puiſny Judges the last Day of every issuable Term, and carry up to the Exchequer the Estreat of Issues upon Oath to the Lord Chief Baron.

CLERK of the DOCKETS. This Office is kept in the King's Bench Office, and every Entring Clerk carries in to him upon filing any Rolls, a Minute or Docket of the Causes on each Roll, and the Proceedings and Term they are of, and the Number-Roll which he enters in a Book for that purpose; and he keeps a Book in an Alphabetical Manner, in which all Attornies may, if they please, enter all general Issues; and the Attorneys for the Plaintiff ought cau-

tiously to look if there be any Plea in this Book before they sign Judgment. It is with this Officer every Purchaser of Freehold Estates ought carefully to look for Judgments against the Vendor ; for he keeps his Docket-Books exactly and methodically every Term, and in an Alphabetical Manner.

CLERK of the LATITATS, keeps his Office also in the King's Bench Office, and signs all *Latitats*, *Non Omittas*, and other Writs, of which the Enttring Clerk or Attorney leaves a Note with him, and he enters these on a Roll, to which the Clerks and Attorneys may have recourse to search for any Writ by ; and all Monies that are paid into Court are paid to him, and he takes the Fee and Money for the Certificate and Stamp of an Enttring Clerk or Attorney, upon his being first sworn and admitted.

MARSHAL of the KING'S BENCH PRISON, is an Officer to whose Custody all Persons that are committed by the Court are sent, and all Persons that have surrender'd themselves in discharge of their Bail upon any Action, or that remove themselves by *Habeas-Corpus*. His Prison is in *Southwark*, and he attends the Court in Term-time, and hath a Chair in Court to sit in, and keeps a Book in the King's Bench Office, which is called the *Marshal's Book* ; in which the Clerks and Attornies enter all Surrenders and Commitments of Prisoners, to which any Person may have Resort to *gratis* ; and the Prisoners, when they would have Day-Rules in Term-time, apply to him to have their Names put into the Petition before-mentioned, and he is answerable for any Prisoner that makes his Escape.

SIGN OFFICE for Bills of *Middlesex*, and a Sealer of the King's Bench Office, which is called the *Green Wax Seal-Office*, which is kept in the *Inner-Temple Lane*, for sealing all Writs issuing out of this Court, as out of the Common-Pleas. There is a Crier and several Door-keepers and Tipstiffs belong to this Court,

Court, besides the Criers to each particular Judge upon the Circuit.

THE CROWN OFFICE. Tho' none of the Officers under the Lord Chief Justice are employ'd in summoning a Parliament, yet many of them have Business in other Matters during the Setting of the Parliament, as in Cases of Error, &c. but more especially on Trials of Peers, wherein the Clerk of the Crown is chief Manager. He hath likewise, out of Parliament, all Indictments in the Crown, Informations, Recognizances, and a Multitude of other Business runs thro' his Hands; as the Writing of Pleadings, Declarations, and other Proceedings upon Records; but the executive Part is left to his Deputy or Secondary: There is also a Clerk of the Rules on the Crown side, and eight other Clerks.

COURT of COMMON-PLEAS. The Lord Chief Justice of the Common-Pleas hath also a Writ of Summons to Parliament, called a *Writ of Assistance*.

THE CUSTOS BREVIUM, or Keeper of all Writs, is the first Clerk of this Court; whose Office is to receive from the Prothonotaries, all the Records of *Nisi Prius*, called *Posteas*: He holds his Place by Patent from the King, and the second Prothonotary's Place and the Clerk of the Juries are in his Gift.

The Prothonotaries are by their Office to record all Declarations, Pleadings, Assizes, Judgments, Actions, to make out Judicial Writs, &c. for all *English* Counties except *Monmouth*. In their Offices all the Attorneys of the Common-Pleas enter their Causes before Trial. They have each a Secondary, who are frequently the most eminent Attorneys of the Court, whose Business it is to draw up the Rules of the Court, with other Matters relating thereto. The chief Prothonotary swears all Attorneys and other Officers.

ITS JURISDICTION. The Court of Common-Pleas challenge the greatest variety of Law-Suits; for herein all Actions relating to Assurances of Lands
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and other real Actions by Original Writs are determinable, and also all Common-Pleas mix'd or personal. The leading Process in this Court is a *Capias*; in the King's Bench a Bill of *Middlesex*, or *Latitat*, in Chancery a *Subpœna*. None but the Serjeants of the Coif, being the next in degree to the Judges, can plead in this Court; yet they are not prohibited from pleading in any other Court of Law; whereas all other Graduates of the Law may plead in all other Courts, but not in this.

In the CHIROGRAPHERS OFFICE are engross'd all Fines acknowledged, &c. Here are eight Clerks who have their respective Counties, for which they are to engross Fines levied of Lands in their several Divisions.

REGISTER of the FINE OFFICE, has the Registering of all Fines, and is the proper Person to be apply'd to, to search for Fines.

N. B. *The Officers of this Court, before-named, are all sworn, and hold their Employments for Life.*

The CLERK of the TREASURY hath the Charge of keeping the Records of this Court, makes out Records of *Nisi Prius* and other Matters. The Place is in the Gift of the Lord Chief Justice of the Court, and he hath several Clerks under him.

CLERKS of the ENROLMENTS of Fines and Recoveries, which being enroll'd, are afterwards of good Force and Validity. They are under the Puifny Judges, and removable at their Pleasure.

CLERKS of the ERRORS, who make all Superfedeas upon Writs of Error, and transcribes all the Records of the Treasury belonging to the Common-Pleas, into the King's Bench.

CLERK of the OUTLAWRIES makes out the Writs of *Capius Ullegatum*, after the Parties are return'd Outlaw'd in the Name of the King's Attorney.

CLERK of the WARRANTS, enters all the Warrants of Attorney for Plaintiff and Defendant, and enrolls all Deeds acknowledged before any Judges of the Court.

CLERK of the KING'S SILVER OFFICE. To him every Fine and final Agreement upon Sale of Land is brought after it has been with the *Custos Brevium*, who thereupon makes an Entry of what Money is due to the King : It is acted by a Deputy.

CLERKS of the ESSOIGNS or Excuses for lawful Absence.

CLERKS of the JURATS enter and adjourn all Essoigns, and keep an Alphabet of all Judgments ; likewise make out all Writs called *Habeas Corpora*, and *Distingas Juratorum*, for the Appearance of Juries, either in this Court, in *Westminster*, or at the Assizes in the Country.

CLERK of the SUPERSEDEAS. This Office is held by Patent ; but formerly such Writs were made out by the Exigenter, which are for superseding Outlawries granted by Letters Patent in King *James* the First's Time.

The FILAZERS, who are for the several Counties of *England*. These make out all Process upon Original Writs, &c. The first of them is Prothonotary, Filazer and Exigenter of *Monmouth*, and holds his Place by Patent. The rest are all in the Gift of the Lord Chief Justice of the Court, and hold for Life. There is also an Exigenter, whose Business it is to make out all Exigents and Proclamations in all Actions where Process of all Outlawry lies. This Writ is called an *Exigent*, because it requires the Party to appear, and lies against one that cannot be found, nor any of his Goods within the County ; so that after Summons by the Sheriff at five several County Courts, if he appear not, he is Outlaw'd.

The PROCLAMATOR of the Court, the Keeper of the Court, four Cryers, or Tipstaves, substitute to the Proclamator.

The WARDEN of the FLEET, is by himself or Deputy, to attend this Court; that Goal being proper for all Commitments there, as well in the Courts of Chancery and Exchequer, and Dutchy of *Lancaster*.

COURT of EXCHEQUER. In the Exchequer are seven Courts; namely, the Court of Pleas, the Court of Accounts, the Court of Receipts, the Court of Exchequer Chamber, being the Assembly of all the Judges of *England* in Matters of Law; the Court of Exchequer Chamber for all Errors in the Court of Exchequer; for Errors of the King's Bench, and Court of Equity in the Exchequer Chamber. These are divided in two Parts, one of Law and the other of Equity, in which Court of Equity all Persons may have the same Relief as in the Court of Chancery. The Lord Chief Baron also sits in the Afternoon both in Sitting, and after the Term at *Westminster* on Trials by Juries on Informations exhibited by the Custom-house Officers, both as Information of Seizures, and personal ones.

LORD CHIEF JUSTICE BARON, who is chief Judge of this Court, and holds this Place by Patent *Quamdiu se bene gesserit*, as the Puisne Barons do. They are thought to be called Barons, because the Court of Exchequer was antiently managed by the noble Barons. The Barons of the Exchequer are the sovereign Auditors of *England*; for if a Man assign Auditors to a Bailiff, or Receiver to Account, and those Auditors will not allow just and reasonable Allowances, but commit the Bailiff or Receiver to the Person, such Prisoner may have an Original Writ, *ex parte talis* returnable before the Treasurer and Barons of the Exchequer for his Relief. The Lord chief Baron, in Term-time, and in the Sittings out of Term, sits alone in the Afternoon in *Guild-Hall* upon Causes which

which arise in *London*, and cannot be dispatch'd in the Morning : He causes the Oath to be administred to the Lord Mayor. The Lord Chief Baron and the three other Barons have also their Writ of Assistance, summoning them to the House of Lords.

The CURSITOR BARON has no such Writ, nor is an Itinerant Judge : He administers the Oaths to the Sheriffs, Bailiffs, and to Searchers, Surveyors, and other Officers of the Customs. He is called Cursitor Baron, because he has usually been chosen from the most experienced Clerks of the two Remembrancers Office ; and when the rest of the Barons are upon the Circuit, he takes Affidavits and Answers. In the King's Gift.

The KING'S REMEMBRANCER'S OFFICE. In this Office are enter'd the State of all Accompts concerning the King's Revenue of Excise, Subsidies of all Aids granted by Parliament, and all others of what Nature soever, except Sheriffs and Bailiffs Accompts : Likewise for all Imprest Money to any Person for Service perform'd in the Revenue ; all Proceedings upon any Penal Statutes by Information upon Bonds and Recognizances taken in the King's Name from Accomptants, Officers, &c. for the faithful Discharge of their Duty, and transmitted to the Exchequer, and for several Debts due to the Crown, all Proceedings upon the said Bonds, &c. all Assurances of Lands granted to the King are kept here ; and from hence issues Process to cause all Accomptants to come in and render their Accompts ; and finally, all Proceedings touching the Equity Part of the Exchequer, come from this Office. It is in the Gift of the Crown for Life.

The LORDS of the TREASURY'S REMEMBRANCER. In this Office are made out all Processes against Sheriffs Receivers, Bailiffs, &c. for their Accompts, with many other things of Moment ; as Estreats, Rules, all Charters, and Letters Patent, whereon Rents are reserv'd

reserv'd for the Crown, are transcribed and sent in this Office by the Clerks of the Petty Bag, to the end that such Sums as are thereby payable may be transmitted to the Clerk of the Pipe, and Process be made thereupon. The Green Wax is certify'd hither, including Fines, &c. and deliver'd to the Clerk of the Estreat. Likewise all Process to levy the Fee Farm Rents of the Crown, when the Auditors of the Revenue have made Schedules of Arrears, and sent them hither. The State of all Imprest Accompts, &c. are enter'd in this Office as well as in the King's Remembrancer, &c. In the Gift of the Crown.

THE PIPE OFFICE. The Clerk of the Pipe makes out the Leases of the Crown Lands, by Warrant from the Lords of the Treasury and Chancellor of the Exchequer. All Accompts of Sheriffs, &c. are made up by the Clerk of the Pipe, and he gives the Accomptants their *Quietus est*. To this Office are brought all Accompts which pass the Remembrancer's Office, and remain there; that if any stated Debt be due from any Person, the same may be drawn into the great Roll of the Pipe; and the Comptroller issues out a Writ, called the Summons of the Pipe for Recovery thereof. All Tallies which vouch the Payment of any Sum contained in such Accompts, are examined and allowed by the Chief Secondary of the Pipe. Clerk of the Pipe in the Gift of the King.

THE COMPTROLLER of the PIPE keeps an exact Copy of the great Roll of the Pipe, and nothing can be discharged without his Privy; and when Nichels are return'd, Schedules are made up by him to the Treasurers Remembrancer: He also makes up Summons twice a Year to the Sheriffs to levy Debts charg'd in the great Roll. In the Chancellor of the Exchequer's Gift.

OFFICE of CLERK of the PLEAS. In this Office the Officers of the Exchequer and other privileged Persons, Debtors of the Crown, are intitled to their Privi-

Privilege of Pleading, and being impleaded with relation to all Matters at Common Law ; and the Proceedings are accordingly by Declaration, Plea and Trial ; which Privilege is granted, that the Officers should not be drawn out of their own Courts where the Attendance is necessary. In the Chancellor of the Exchequer's Gift.

The FOREIGN APPOSER, is to oppose all Sheriffs upon the Summons of the Green-Wax ; and forthwith after every such Apposal to send the whole Charge, wherewith every Sheriff charges himself to the Pipe, there to be added with the other Charge of each Sheriff upon his Account in the great Roll. In the Lord's of the Treasury's Gift.

CLERK of the ESTREATS. He receives the Estreats every Term, or Extracts out of the Office of the Lord Treasurer's Remembrancer, and writes them out in order to be levied for the Crown ; likewise makes Schedules for such Sums as are discharged ; and is, as it were, an Assistant to the Comptroller of the Pipe. In the Gift of the Lords of the Treasury.

MARSHAL of the COURT. To this Officer is committed the keeping of the King's Debtors during Term-time ; and if they do not make Satisfaction of the King's Debts, they are to be farther imprison'd. He also appoints Auditors to Sheriffs and Collectors, &c. for taking their Accompts. In the Gift of the King.

AUDITORS of the Imprest. They have the Charge of auditing all great Accompts of the King's Customs, Naval and Military Expences, First-Fruits and Tenths, Wardrobe, Mints, &c. In the King's Gift.

AUDITORS of the REVENUE. They audit all the Accompts of the Crown-Revenues and Taxes given by Parliament ; and likewise, usually make up the Accompts of the Receivers of the Revenue. They are in the King's Gift ; as are also the Auditor and Receiver for the Dutchy of Cornwall, when there is no Duke

Duke of Cornwall. All the Receivers-General of the King's Revenue are in the King's Gift.

CHIEF USHER of the COURT of EXCHEQUER. He hath the keeping of the Court of Exchequer by Inheritance, provides Necessaries both for the Exchequer and Receipts, and sees that all the Doors, Chests, &c. be in Safety. He hath also under him four Under Ushers, who are in his Gift: There are also six ordinary Messengers, who are employ'd to carry Process to Sheriffs, &c. There are also a Sealer and two Appraisers of uncustom'd Goods, of this Court, who are in the Chancellor and Under Treasurer's Gift.

THE KING'S ATTORNEY-GENERAL hath his Office by Patent, but no Salary; but his Fees and Perquisites make ample Amends, for to him come all Warrants for making out Patents, Pardons, &c. He is at the Head of managing all the Law Affairs of the Crown either in criminal Prosecutions or otherwise; more especially in Matters of Treason, Sedition, &c. In all Courts he pleads within the Bar; but when a Privy-Counsellor, which often happens, he cannot plead in any Court but on the King's Affairs, without obtaining a Privy-Seal for so doing.

SOLICITOR-GENERAL. The Solicitor-General hath also his Office by Patent during the King's Pleasure, in whose Gift are both these great Offices. They had antiently a Right to their Writs of Summons to sit in the House of Lords on special Occasions, till 13 Charles II. since which time they have been commonly chosen Members of the House of Commons. He hath the same Care and Concern in managing the King's Affairs, and hath Fees for Pleadings, besides other Fees arising by Patents, &c. The Solicitor-General as well as the Attorney-General have their Attendance on the Privy-Council, and were antiently always reckon'd among the Officers of the Exchequer, tho' they have Audience, and come within the Bar

Bar of all other Courts.

ECCLESIASTICAL COURTS. The Court of Arches is the highest Ecclesiastical Court at the Archbishop of *Canterbury's*, so called from the arch'd Church and Tower at *St. Mary Le Bow*, where they originally held their Sittings. Here Suits between Party and Party within the Province of *Canterbury* are decided; the Dean whereof hath Jurisdiction over a Deanry, consisting of thirteen Parishes within *London*. Hither are likewise directed all Appeals in spiritual Matters within the said Province of *Canterbury*. The Advocates in this Court are all Doctors of the Civil Law, and have usually their Residence in *Doctors Commons*, where the Court is kept.

The REGISTER, who may act by a Deputy, is to attend the Court, and receive all Libels, Bills, Allegations, and Matters exhibited by Witnesses; to file all Sentences, and keep the Records of the Court.

The OFFICE of ACTUARY, is to attend the Court, set down the Judges Decrees, register the Acts of the Court, and see them compiled to the Registry.

The Beadle pays his Attendance on the Court, carries a Mace before the Judge, and calls the Persons cited to appear.

PROCTORS. There are twenty seven in Number belonging to this Court, who act by exhibiting their Proxies for their Clients, for whom they make themselves Parties: They draw up Acts of Pleadings in Causes, manage Evidence, and prepare Causes for Sentence, attending on their Advocates with their Proceedings, and indeed are the same to Clients, as Attorneys and Solicitors are in the other Courts of Law. They are admitted by the Archbishop's Fiat, and are allowed to practise as soon as they are admitted and have taken the Oaths.

PREROGATIVE COURT, or Judges of Estates fallen by Will, or such as die Intestate, and is so called, be-
I cause

cause the Archbishop by his Prerogative hath Power throughout his whole Province where the Party at his Death had five Pounds or upwards in several Dioceses : The like two Courts hath the Archbishop of *York*. All Citations and Decrees run in the Name of the Archbishop. This Court is kept in the Common Hall in the Afternoon next Day after the Arches : The Judge is attended by the Register, who sets down the Decrees and Acts of Court, and keeps Records, &c. All the Places belonging to this Court are in the Gift of the Archbishop.

COURT of PECULIARS. This Court deals in the several Parishes lying in the several Dioceses, which Parishes are exempt from the Jurisdiction of the respective Bishops of those Dioceses, and are peculiarly belonging to the See of *Canterbury*.

HIGH COURT of ADMIRALTY. This Court was erected for the Decision of Maritime Controversies, Tryals of Malefactors for Offences committed at Sea, &c. The Writs and Decrees run all in the Name of the Lord High Admiral, or Lords Commissioners for executing that Office. To this Office belongs an Advocate-General to the King, a Register and Marshal General, who carries a Silver Oar before the Judge. The Lord High Admiral hath also an Advocate and Proctor ; and all other Advocates and Proctors are presented by them, and admitted by the Judge.

COURT of DELEGATES. This is the highest Court for Civil Affairs that concerns the Church ; for the Jurisdiction whereof it was provided 25 *Henry VIII*. That it shall be lawful for the Subject, in case of Defect of Justice in the Ecclesiastical Courts, to appeal to the Sovereign in his Courts of Chancery, whence a Commission is directed under the Great Seal to particular Persons therein nominated for Redress of Judgment ; so that from the highest Ecclesiastical Court, there is no Appeal but to the Court of Delegates ; and beyond this, no other but the House of Lords : But
the

the King of his free Will may grant a Commission of Review under the Great Seal. The Citations run all in the King's Name.

The Archbishop of *Canterbury*, as he is Primate, hath the Guardianship of all the Spiritualities of every Bishop within his Province during the Vacancy; in which he executes all Episcopal Orders by his Vicar-General. The Vicar-Generals and Chancellors are appointed by the respective Bishops and Archbishops, confirm'd by the Dean and Chapter.

DUTCHY COURT of LANCASTER. This Court was antiently a kind of Chancery Court, for the Hearing Matters that occur'd within the Dutchy, wherein the Chancellor of that Dutchy was Judge; but there was a Restriction by Stat. 16 Car. II. and it now chiefly takes Cognizance of such Causes as any way concern the Revenue belonging to the Dutchy. The chief Judge of the Court is called Chancellor of the Dutchy of *Lancaster*, and is assisted therein by two Judges, an Attorney-General, and other proper Officers, both in the Court of the Dutchy Chamber held at *Westminster*, and that held within the County Palatine of *Lancaster*, at *Preston*: In the last of which he has the Assistance of a Vice-Chancellor, as well as an Attorney-General.





THE
V A L U E
O F
P L A C E S.

THE customary Prices given for Places belonging to the City of *London* at this time, seem promiscuously valued, without any regard to the Age, Health, or Abilities of the Purchasers, or difference between a greater or less Confinement; but are indifferently valued at between 9 and 12 *per Cent*.

And the sole Drift and Design of the following Calculations being purely for the Information of the Purchaser, who must certainly be the best acquainted with his own Age and Constitution, and whose Business it ought consequently to be, to get the most he can for his Money: I have therefore shewn the nearest intrinsic Value of such Places for human Life for the different Ages of Man, after so ready a Method, as to shew the following Questions at one Opening.

First, How many Years, Months, and eighth Parts of a Month's Purchase any Place for Life is worth.

Secondly,

Secondly, How many Years the Purchaser must hold his Place for to have the Value of the Purchase-Money.

Thirdly, How much a Year the Purchaser has coming in for 100 *l.* if it shall be so laid out.

Lastly, Concluding each Age, with an Example of a Purchase. And upon the opposite Side you have the Value of any Place from a Thousand Pound a Year to One Pound a Year for Life, ready cast up for any of the aforesaid Ages of human Life,

EXAMPLE.

A Gentleman aged 33 Years, or thereabouts, would buy a Place for his Life, and would make 9 *per Cent.* of his Money, and the Salary is 143 *l.* a Year.

To know the Value of this Purchase, he must look for Age 33, at 9 *per Cent.* on the Left Hand Page, and there he will find that a Place for Life of one about this Age is worth about 7 Years and 7 Months Purchase.

And he must hold this Place about 13 Years, 7 Months, and 3 8ths, to receive the Value of the Purchase-Money.

And also that he has 13 *l.* 3 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year coming in for every 100 *l.* he shall so lay out.

Then to know what 143 *l.* a Year is worth, he will find on the Right Hand Page, in the Column under Age 33,

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
That 100 <i>l.</i> a Year is worth	758	07	08
40 <i>l.</i> a Year ———	303	07	00
3 <i>ditto</i> ———	22	15	00
143 <i>l.</i> a Year is worth	1084	09	08
I 3			The

The same at 10 per Cent.

To know what it will come to at this Rate, look for Age 33 at 10 per Cent. on the Left-hand Page, and it is found that a Place for the aforesaid Life is worth about 6 Years, 9 Months, and 7 8ths Purchase, and that he must hold this Place about 12 Years to receive the Value of the Purchase-Money; and that he has about 14 l. 13 s. a Year coming in for 100 l.

		l.	s.	d.
Upon the Right-hand Page it shows, that	100 l. a Year is worth	682	14	04
	40 l. ——— ———	273	01	08
	3 l. ——— ———	20	09	07
At 10 per Cent.	143 l. a Year is worth	976	05	07

The same at 11 per Cent.

To know what it will come to at this Rate, look for Age 33 at 11 per Cent. as before; where it is found, that a Place for Life of one about this Age is worth about 6 Years and 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase, and that he has about 16 l. 12 s. 3 d. a Year coming in for 100 l. and that he must hold this Place about 10 Years and 7 Months to receive the Value of the Purchase-Money. And on the opposite Page,

		l.	s.	d.
100 l. a Year is worth	—	602	00	01
40 l. ——— ———		240	16	04
3 l. ——— ———		18	01	02
At 11 per Cent.	143 l. a Year is worth	860	17	07

The

The same at 12 *per Cent.*

To know what it will come to at this Rate, look for Age 33 at 12 *per Cent.* as before ; where it is found that a Place for Life of one about this Age is worth about 5 Years, 2 Months, and 5 8ths Purchase, and that he has about 19 *l.* 3 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.* and that he must hold this Place about 8 Years and eight Months ; and on the opposite Side shows that

	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>l.</i> a Year is worth	52	07	07
40 <i>l.</i> — — —	20	8	00
3 <i>l.</i> — — —	15	12	09

At 12 *per Cent.* 143 *l.* a Year is worth 745 11 04

To know what this Place is worth, to make but Four, Five, Six, Seven or Eight *per Cent.* See my *New Method for valuing Annuities upon Lives.*



Age 24, or 25, at 9 *per Cent.*

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth eight Years Purchase.

And this Place must be held fifteen Years, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 12 *l.* 10 *s.* *per Year* coming in for his 100 *l.*

To know what 120 *l.* a Year is worth ; see the following Table, and do as underneath, *viz.*

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	800	00	00
20 <i>Ditto</i> —————	160	00	00
120 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	960	00	00

Age 30, at 9 *per Cent.*

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years 10 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 14 Years, 2 Months, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 12 *l.* 14 *s.* 8 *d.* Half-penny *per Year* for his 100 *l.*

To know what 179 *l.* a Year is worth ; see for Age 30 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 a Year, is worth	784	14	03
70 <i>Ditto</i> —————	549	06	04
9 <i>Ditto</i> —————	70	12	07
179 a Year, is worth	1404	13	02

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 24, or 25. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 30. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	8000	—00	—00	1000	7847	—08	—00
900	7200	—00	—00	900	7062	—19	—03
800	6400	—00	—00	800	6277	—14	—06
700	5600	—00	—00	700	5493	—03	—08
600	4800	—00	—00	600	4708	—09	—00
500	4000	—00	—00	500	3923	—14	—00
400	3200	—00	—00	400	3138	—17	—00
300	2400	—00	—00	300	2354	—04	—06
200	1600	—00	—00	200	1569	—08	—06
100	800	—00	—00	100	784	—14	—03
90	720	—00	—00	90	706	—05	—11
80	640	—00	—00	80	627	—15	—05
70	560	—00	—00	70	549	—06	—04
60	480	—00	—00	60	470	—16	—11
50	400	—00	—00	50	392	—07	—04
40	320	—00	—00	40	313	—17	—08
30	240	—00	—00	30	235	—08	—05
20	160	—00	—00	20	156	—18	—10
10	80	—00	—00	10	78	—09	—05
9	72	—00	—00	9	70	—12	—07
8	64	—00	—00	8	62	—15	—06
7	56	—00	—00	7	54	—18	—07
6	48	—00	—00	6	47	—01	—08
5	40	—00	—00	5	39	—04	—08
4	32	—00	—00	4	31	—07	—09
3	24	—00	—00	3	23	—10	—10
2	16	—00	—00	2	15	—13	—10
1	8	—00	—00	1	7	—16	—11

122 HAYES'S Estimate of

Age 31, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 9 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 13 Years, 11 Months, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 12 l. 18 s. and a Half-penny a Year for his 100 l.

To know what 236 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 31 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

l.		l.	s.	d.
200	per Ann. is worth	155	14	11
30	Ditto — —	23	15	02
6	Ditto — — —	4	11	00
236	per Ann. is worth	183	01	01

Age 32, at 9 per Cent.

A Post for Life of one of this Age, is worth 7 Years, 8 Months, and 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 13 Years, and about 9 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 12 l. 19 s. 8 d. Half-penny a Year for his 100 l.

To know what 349 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 32 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

l.		l.	s.	d.
300	per Ann. is worth	230	05	03
40	Ditto — —	30	18	00
9	Ditto — — —	6	05	06
349	per Ann. is worth	268	08	09

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 31. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 32. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	7758	—13	—10	1000	7697	—10	—10
900	6982	—16	—06	900	6927	—15	—09
800	6206	—19	—11	800	6158	—00	—08
700	5431	—01	—08	700	5388	—05	—07
600	4655	—04	—03	600	4618	—10	—06
500	3879	—06	—11	500	3848	—15	—05
400	3103	—09	—11	400	3079	—00	—04
300	2327	—12	—01	300	2309	—05	—03
200	1551	—14	—11	200	1539	—10	—02
100	775	—17	—05	100	769	—15	—01
90	698	—5	—07	90	692	—15	—07
80	620	—13	—11	80	615	—16	—00
70	543	—02	—02	70	538	—16	—06
60	465	—10	—05	60	461	—17	—00
50	387	—18	—08	50	384	—17	—06
40	310	—06	—11	40	307	—18	—00
30	232	—15	—02	30	230	—18	—06
20	155	—03	—05	20	153	—19	—00
10	77	—11	—08	10	76	—19	—06
9	69	—16	—06	9	69	—05	—06
8	62	—01	—04	8	61	—11	—07
7	54	—06	—02	7	53	—17	—07
6	46	—11	—00	6	46	—03	—08
5	38	—15	—10	5	38	—09	—09
4	31	—00	—08	4	30	—15	—09
3	23	—05	—06	3	23	—01	—10
2	15	—10	—04	2	15	—07	—10
1	7	—15	—02	1	7	—13	—11

Age 33, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years and about 7 Months Purchase.

And this Place must be held about 13 Years, 3 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 3 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year for his 100 *l.*

To know what 265 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 33 in the following Table, and do as underneath, *viz.*

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1516	15	04
60 <i>Ditto</i>	—	455	00	07
5 <i>Ditto</i>	—	37	18	04
265 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2009	14	03

Age 34, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 6 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 13 Years, 1 Month, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 5 *s.* 1 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 453 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 34 in the following Table, and do as underneath, *viz.*

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3016	08	0
50 <i>Ditto</i>	—	377	01	0
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	22	12	5
453 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3416	01	5

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 33. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 34. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	7583	16	11	1000	7541	00	00
900	6825	09	02	900	6786	18	01
800	6067	01	06	800	6032	16	01
700	5308	13	10	700	5278	14	01
600	4550	06	02	600	4524	12	00
500	3791	18	05	500	3770	10	00
400	3033	10	09	400	3016	08	00
300	2275	03	01	300	2262	06	00
200	1516	15	04	200	1508	04	00
100	758	07	08	100	754	02	00
90	682	10	11	90	678	13	09
80	606	14	01	80	603	05	07
70	530	17	04	70	527	17	04
60	455	00	07	60	452	09	02
50	379	03	10	50	377	01	00
40	303	07	00	40	301	12	09
30	227	10	03	30	226	04	07
20	151	13	06	20	150	16	04
10	75	16	09	10	75	08	02
9	68	05	01	9	67	17	04
8	60	13	04	8	60	06	06
7	53	01	08	7	52	15	08
6	45	10	00	6	45	05	00
5	37	18	04	5	37	14	00
4	30	06	08	4	30	03	02
3	22	15	00	3	22	12	05
2	15	03	04	2	15	01	07
1	7	11	08	1	7	10	09

Age 35, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 6 Months, and 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 13 Years, and about 1 Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 6 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 272 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 35 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1502	18	06
70 <i>Ditto</i>	—	526	00	05
2 <i>Ditto</i>	—	15	00	07
272 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2043	19	06

Age 36, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 5 Months, and about an half of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 12 Years and 11 Months to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 8 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 305 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 36 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2237	02	08
5 <i>Ditto</i>	—	37	05	08
305 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2274	08	04

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 35.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	75	14	—12—06
900	67	63	—03—03
800	60	11	—14—00
700	52	60	—04—09
600	45	08	—15—06
500	37	57	—06—03
400	30	05	—17—00
300	22	54	—07—09
200	15	02	—18—06
100	75	1	—09—03
90	67	6	—06—04
80	60	1	—03—04
70	52	6	—00—05
60	45	0	—17—06
50	37	5	—14—07
40	30	0	—11—08
30	22	5	—08—09
20	15	0	—05—10
10	75	0	—02—11
9	67	0	—12—07
8	60	0	—02—04
7	52	0	—12—00
6	45	0	—01—09
5	37	0	—11—05
4	30	0	—01—02
3	22	0	—10—10
2	15	0	—00—07
1	7	0	—10—03

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 36.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	74	57	—02—04
900	67	11	—08—01
800	59	65	—13—10
700	52	19	—19—07
600	44	74	—05—05
500	37	28	—11—02
400	29	82	—16—11
300	22	37	—02—08
200	14	91	—08—05
100	74	5	—14—02
90	67	1	—02—09
80	59	6	—11—04
70	52	1	—19—11
60	44	7	—08—06
50	37	2	—17—01
40	29	8	—05—08
30	22	3	—14—03
20	14	9	—02—10
10	74	1	—11—05
9	67	0	—02—03
8	59	1	—13—01
7	52	0	—03—11
6	44	0	—14—10
5	37	0	—05—08
4	29	0	—16—06
3	22	0	—07—05
2	14	0	—18—03
1	7	0	—09—01

Age 37, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 4 Month's, and 3 4ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 14 Years, 7 Months, and about 3 Quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 10 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 253 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 37 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1479	04	10
50 <i>Ditto</i>	—	369	16	02
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	22	03	09
253 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1871	04	09

Age 38, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 3 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 12 Years and a half to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 13 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 436 *l.* a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 38, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2928	02	06
30 <i>Ditto</i>	—	219	12	02
6 <i>Ditto</i>	—	43	18	05
436 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3191	13	01

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 37. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 38. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	7396	—04	—03	1000	7320	—06	—04
900	6656	—11	—10	900	6588	—05	—08
800	5916	—19	—04	800	5856	—05	—00
700	5177	—07	—00	700	5124	—04	—05
600	4437	—14	—06	600	4392	—03	—10
500	3698	—02	—01	500	3660	—03	—02
400	2958	—09	—08	400	2928	—02	—06
300	2218	—17	—03	300	2196	—01	—11
200	1479	—04	—10	200	1464	—01	—03
100	739	—12	—05	100	732	—00	—07
90	665	—13	—02	90	658	—16	—06
80	591	—13	—11	80	585	—12	—06
70	517	—14	—08	70	512	—08	—05
60	443	—15	—05	60	439	—04	—04
50	369	—16	—02	50	366	—00	—03
40	295	—16	—11	40	292	—16	—03
30	221	—17	—08	30	219	—12	—02
20	147	—18	—05	20	146	—08	—01
10	73	—19	—02	10	73	—04	—00
9	66	—11	—03	9	65	—17	—07
8	59	—03	—04	8	58	—11	—03
7	51	—15	—05	7	51	—04	—10
6	44	—07	—06	6	43	—18	—05
5	36	—19	—07	5	36	—12	—00
4	29	—11	—08	4	29	—05	—07
3	22	—03	—09	3	21	—19	—02
2	14	—15	—10	2	14	—12	—09
1	7	—07	—11	1	7	—06	—04

Age 39, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, and about 3 Months Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 12 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 15 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 437 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 39 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2900	00	04
30 <i>Ditto</i>	—	217	10	00
7 <i>Ditto</i>	—	50	15	00
437 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3168	05	04

Age 40, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 2 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 12 Years, one Month, and an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 17 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 382 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 40 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2157	01	09
80 <i>Ditto</i>	—	575	17	09
2 <i>Ditto</i>	—	14	07	11
382 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2747	07	05

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 39. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 40. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	7250	00	10	1000	7198	12	08
900	6525	00	07	900	6478	15	04
800	5800	00	08	800	5758	18	01
700	5075	00	07	700	5039	00	10
600	4350	00	06	600	4314	03	07
500	3625	00	05	500	3599	06	04
400	2900	00	4	400	2879	09	00
300	2175	00	3	300	2157	01	09
200	1450	00	2	200	1439	14	06
100	725	00	1	100	719	17	03
90	652	10	00	90	647	17	06
80	580	00	00	80	575	17	09
70	507	10	00	70	503	18	01
60	435	00	00	60	431	08	04
50	362	10	00	50	359	18	07
40	290	00	00	40	287	18	10
30	217	10	00	30	215	14	02
20	145	00	00	20	143	19	05
10	72	10	00	10	71	19	08
9	65	05	00	9	64	15	09
8	58	00	00	8	57	11	09
7	50	15	00	7	50	07	09
6	43	10	00	6	43	02	10
5	36	05	00	5	35	19	10
4	29	00	00	4	28	15	10
3	21	15	00	3	21	11	05
2	14	10	00	2	14	07	11
1	7	05	00	1	7	03	11

Age 41, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, 1 Month, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 11 Years, 11 Months, and about half a Month, to have the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 00 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 272 *l.* a Year is worth, see for Age 41 in the following Table, and do as underneath,

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1425	03	11
70 <i>Ditto</i> —	498	16	04
2 <i>Ditto</i> —	14	05	00
272 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1938	05	03

Age 42, at 9 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 11 Years and about 8 Months, to have the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 45 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 357 *l.* a Year is worth for Age 42, look in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2110	02	05
50 <i>Ditto</i> —	351	13	08
7 <i>Ditto</i> —	49	04	08
357 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2511	00	09

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 41.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	7125	19	10
900	6413	07	10
800	5700	15	10
700	4988	03	10
600	4275	11	11
500	3562	19	11
400	2850	07	11
300	2137	15	11
200	1425	03	11
100	712	11	11
90	641	07	09
80	570	01	07
70	498	16	04
60	427	11	02
50	356	05	11
40	285	00	09
30	213	15	07
20	142	10	04
10	71	05	02
9	64	02	09
8	57	00	02
7	49	17	07
6	42	15	01
5	35	12	07
4	28	10	01
3	21	07	06
2	14	05	00
1	7	02	06

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 42.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	7033	14	11
900	6330	07	04
800	5626	19	11
700	4923	12	04
600	4220	04	11
500	3516	17	05
400	2813	09	11
300	2110	02	05
200	1406	14	11
100	703	07	05
90	633	00	08
80	562	13	11
70	492	07	02
60	422	00	05
50	351	13	08
40	281	06	11
30	211	00	03
20	140	13	05
10	70	06	08
9	63	06	00
8	56	05	04
7	49	04	08
6	42	04	00
5	35	03	04
4	28	02	08
3	21	02	00
2	14	01	04
1	7	00	08

Age 43, at 9 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 11 Months, and about three quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Office 11 Years, 6 Months, and about a quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 825 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 43 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
800 <i>l.</i> per Ann. is worth		5580	14	02
20 Ditto	—	139	10	04
5 Ditto	—	34	17	07
825 per Ann. is worth		5755	02	01

Age 44, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 11 Months Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 11 Years, and about 4 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 8 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 417 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 44 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 per Ann. is worth		2770	12	00
10 Ditto	—	69	05	03
7 Ditto	—	48	09	08
417 per Ann. is worth		2888	06	11

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 43. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 44. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6975	17	08	1000	6926	10	09
900	6278	05	11	900	6233	17	08
800	5580	14	02	800	5541	04	07
700	4883	2	04	700	4848	11	06
600	4185	10	07	600	4155	18	05
500	3487	18	10	500	3463	05	04
400	2790	07	01	400	2770	12	00
300	2092	15	03	300	2077	19	02
200	1395	03	06	200	1385	06	00
100	697	11	09	100	692	13	00
90	627	16	07	90	623	07	09
80	558	01	05	80	554	02	05
70	488	06	02	70	484	17	01
60	418	11	00	60	415	11	10
50	348	15	10	50	346	06	06
40	279	00	08	40	277	01	02
30	209	05	06	30	207	15	11
20	139	10	04	20	138	10	07
10	69	15	02	10	69	05	03
9	62	15	08	9	62	06	09
8	55	16	01	8	55	08	02
7	48	16	07	7	48	09	08
6	41	17	01	6	41	11	02
5	34	17	07	5	34	12	07
4	27	18	00	4	27	14	01
3	20	18	06	3	20	15	07
2	13	19	00	2	13	17	00
1	6	19	06	1	6	18	06

Age 45, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 10 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And the Purchaser must hold this Place 11 Years, 1 Month, and about one 4th of a Month, to have the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has 14 *l.* 11 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 626 *l.* a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 45, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
600 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		4115	13	07
20 <i>Ditto</i>	—	137	03	09
6 <i>Ditto</i>	—	41	03	01
626 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		4294	00	05

Age 46, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 9 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 11 Years to have the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has 14 *l.* 13 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year for 100 *l.*

To know what 143 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 46 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		680	15	11
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	272	06	04
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	20	08	05
143 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		973	10	08

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 45. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 46. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6859	09	04	1000	6807	19	09
900	6173	10	05	900	6127	03	10
800	5487	11	05	800	5446	07	10
700	4801	12	06	700	4765	10	09
600	4115	13	07	600	4084	15	10
500	3429	14	08	500	3403	19	10
400	2743	15	08	400	2723	03	11
300	2057	16	09	300	2042	07	11
200	1371	17	10	200	1361	11	11
100	685	18	11	100	680	15	11
90	617	07	00	90	612	14	04
80	548	15	01	80	544	12	09
70	480	03	03	70	476	11	00
60	411	11	04	60	408	09	07
50	342	19	05	50	340	07	11
40	274	07	06	40	272	06	04
30	205	15	08	30	204	04	09
20	137	03	09	20	136	03	02
10	68	11	10	10	68	01	07
9	61	14	08	9	61	05	05
8	54	17	06	8	54	09	03
7	48	00	03	7	47	13	01
6	41	03	01	6	40	16	11
5	34	05	11	5	34	00	09
4	27	08	09	4	27	04	07
3	20	11	06	3	20	08	05
2	13	14	04	2	13	12	03
1	6	17	02	1	6	16	01

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Age 47, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 8 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, 9 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 17 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 249 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 47 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1343	10	04
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	268	14	00
9 <i>Ditto</i>	—	60	09	02
249 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1672	13	06

Age 48, at 9 per Cent.

An Office during Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 8 Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 7 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 0 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 211 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 48 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1332	17	09
10 <i>Ditto</i>	—	66	12	10
1 <i>Ditto</i>	—	6	13	03
211 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1406	03	10

Year

PLACES for LIFE.

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Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 47.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6717	11	10
900	6045	16	08
800	5374	01	06
700	4702	06	03
600	4030	11	01
500	3358	15	11
400	2687	00	09
300	2015	05	06
200	1343	10	04
100	671	15	02
90	604	11	08
80	537	08	01
70	470	04	07
60	403	01	01
50	335	17	07
40	268	14	00
30	201	10	06
20	134	07	00
10	67	03	06
9	60	09	02
8	53	14	09
7	47	00	05
6	40	06	01
5	33	11	09
4	26	17	04
3	20	03	00
2	13	08	08
1	6	14	04

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 48.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6664	09	01
900	5998	00	02
800	5331	11	03
700	4665	02	04
600	3998	13	05
500	3332	04	06
400	2665	15	07
300	1999	06	08
200	1332	17	09
100	666	08	10
90	599	16	00
80	533	03	01
70	466	10	02
60	399	17	04
50	333	04	05
40	266	11	06
30	199	18	08
20	133	05	09
10	66	12	10
9	59	19	07
8	53	06	03
7	46	13	00
6	39	19	08
5	33	06	05
4	26	13	01
3	19	19	10
2	13	06	06
1	6	13	03

Age 49, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 7 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 10 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 4 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 729 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 49 in the following Table, and do as underneath,

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
700 per Ann. is worth		4592	02	06
20 Ditto	—	131	04	00
9 Ditto	—	59	00	09
729 per Ann. is worth		4782	07	03

Age 50, at 9 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 6 Months Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, 2 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Money which the Purchase cost.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 8 *s.* 0 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know the Value of 146 *l.* a Year, look for Age 50 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 per Ann. is worth		649	08	09
40 Ditto	—	259	15	06
6 Ditto	—	38	19	03
146 per Ann. is worth		948	03	06

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 49.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6560	03	07
900	5904	03	03
800	5248	02	11
700	4592	02	06
600	3936	02	02
500	3280	01	03
400	2624	01	05
300	1968	01	01
200	1312	00	08
100	656	00	04
90	590	08	03
80	524	16	03
70	459	04	03
60	393	12	02
50	328	00	01
40	262	08	01
30	196	16	01
20	131	04	00
10	65	12	00
9	59	00	09
8	52	09	07
7	45	18	05
6	39	07	02
5	32	16	00
4	26	04	09
3	19	13	07
2	13	02	04
1	6	11	02

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 50.		
	At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6494	08	02
900	5844	19	04
800	5195	10	07
700	4546	01	09
600	3896	12	11
500	3247	04	01
400	2597	15	03
300	1948	06	05
200	1298	17	07
100	649	08	09
90	584	09	11
80	519	11	00
70	454	12	02
60	389	13	03
50	324	14	04
40	259	15	06
30	194	16	07
20	129	17	08
10	64	18	10
9	58	08	11
8	51	19	01
7	45	09	02
6	38	19	03
5	32	09	05
4	25	19	06
3	19	09	07
2	12	19	09
1	6	09	10

Age 51, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 5 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 11 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 555 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 51 in the following Table, and do as underneath, viz.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
500 per Ann.	is worth	3216	10	01
50 Ditto	— —	321	13	00
5 Ditto	— —	32	03	03
555 per Ann.	is worth	3570	06	04

Age 52, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 4 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 9 Years, 10 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 13 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for his 100 *l.*

To know what 235 *l.* a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 52, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann.	is worth	1274	08	06
30 Ditto	— —	191	03	03
5 Ditto	— —	31	17	02
235 per Ann.	is worth	1497	08	11

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 51. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 52. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6433	—00	—02	1000	6372	—02	—08
900	5789	—14	—02	900	5734	—16	—07
800	5146	—08	—01	800	5097	—14	—01
700	4503	—02	—01	700	4460	—09	—10
600	3859	—16	—01	600	3823	—05	—07
500	3216	—10	—01	500	3186	—01	—04
400	2573	—04	—00	400	2548	—17	—00
300	1929	—18	—00	300	1911	—12	—09
200	1286	—12	—00	200	1274	—08	—06
100	643	—06	—00	100	637	—04	—03
90	578	—19	—05	90	573	—09	—07
80	514	—12	—09	80	509	—15	—04
70	450	—06	—02	70	446	—00	—11
60	385	—19	—07	60	382	—06	—06
50	321	—13	—00	50	318	—12	—01
40	257	—06	—04	40	254	—17	—08
30	192	—19	—09	30	191	—03	—03
20	128	—13	—02	20	127	—08	—11
10	64	—06	—07	10	63	—14	—05
9	57	—17	—11	9	57	—06	—11
8	51	—09	—03	8	50	—19	—06
7	45	—00	—07	7	44	—12	—01
6	38	—11	—11	6	38	—04	—07
5	32	—03	—03	5	31	—17	—02
4	25	—14	—07	4	25	—09	—09
3	19	—05	—11	3	19	—02	—03
2	12	—17	—03	2	12	—14	—10
1	6	—8	—07	1	6	—07	—05

Age 53, at 9 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 3 Months, and about three quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And this Commission, or Office, he must hold 9 Years, and about 9 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 17 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 124 *l.* a Year is worth ; look for Age 53 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 per Ann. is worth	630	11	09
20 Ditto	126	02	04
4 Ditto	25	04	06
124 per Ann. is worth	781	18	07

Age 54, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years 2 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 9 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 0 *s.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 219 *l.* a Year is worth ; look for Age 54 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year, is worth	1247	19	01
10 Ditto	62	07	11
9 Ditto	56	03	02
219 a Year, is worth	1366	10	02

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 53. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 54. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l	s.	d.		l	s.	d.
1000	6305	17	07	1000	6239	15	07
900	5675	05	10	900	5615	16	00
800	5044	14	00	800	4991	16	05
700	4414	02	03	700	4367	16	08
600	3783	10	06	600	3743	17	04
500	3152	18	09	500	3119	17	09
400	2522	07	00	400	2495	18	02
300	1891	15	03	300	1871	18	08
200	1261	03	06	200	1247	19	01
100	630	11	09	100	623	19	06
90	567	10	11	90	561	11	07
80	504	09	04	80	499	03	07
70	441	08	02	70	436	15	08
60	378	07	00	60	374	07	08
50	315	05	10	50	311	19	09
40	252	05	08	40	249	11	09
30	189	03	06	30	187	03	10
20	126	02	04	20	124	15	10
10	63	01	02	10	62	07	11
9	56	15	01	9	56	03	02
8	50	08	11	8	49	18	04
7	44	02	11	7	43	13	06
6	37	16	08	6	37	08	11
5	31	10	07	5	31	03	11
4	25	04	06	4	24	19	02
3	18	18	04	3	18	14	05
2	12	12	03	2	12	09	07
1	06	06	01	1	06	04	09

Age 55, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for the Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years and 2 Months Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 9 Years, and about 5 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 l. 3 s. 10 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 246 l. a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 55, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1234	11	07
40 Ditto	—	246	18	03
6 Ditto	—	37	00	09
246 a Year is worth		1518	10	07

Age 56, at 9 per Cent.

An Office or Place for the Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, 2 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 l. 10 s. 2 d. Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 272 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 56 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 l. a Year is worth		1211	01	05
70 Ditto	—	423	17	06
2 Ditto	—	12	02	02
272 a Year is worth		1647	01	01

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 55. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 56. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6172	18	03	1000	6055	07	03
900	5555	12	05	900	5449	16	07
800	4938	06	07	800	4844	05	10
700	4321	00	09	700	4238	15	01
600	3703	15	00	600	3633	04	04
500	3086	09	01	500	3027	13	07
400	2469	03	03	400	2422	02	11
300	1851	17	06	300	1816	12	02
200	1234	11	07	200	1211	01	05
100	617	05	09	100	605	10	08
90	555	11	02	90	544	19	07
80	493	16	07	80	484	08	07
70	432	02	00	70	423	17	06
60	370	07	06	60	363	06	05
50	308	12	10	50	302	15	04
40	246	18	03	40	242	04	03
30	185	03	09	30	181	13	02
20	123	09	01	20	121	02	01
10	61	14	06	10	60	11	00
9	55	11	01	9	54	09	11
8	49	07	07	8	48	08	10
7	43	04	02	7	42	07	09
6	37	00	09	6	36	06	07
5	30	17	03	5	30	05	06
4	24	13	09	4	24	04	05
3	18	10	04	3	18	03	03
2	12	06	10	2	12	02	02
1	06	03	05	1	06	01	01

Age 57, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age is worth 5 Years, 11 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 15 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 316 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 57 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1787	02	10
10 Ditto	—	59	11	05
6 Ditto	—	35	14	10
316 a Year is worth		1882	09	01

Age 58, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 10 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 8 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 1 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 349 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 58 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1754	04	07
40 Ditto	—	233	17	11
9 Ditto	—	52	12	06
349 a Year is worth		2040	15	00

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 57. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 58. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5957	02	09	1000	5847	08	10
900	5361	08	06	900	5262	13	11
800	4765	14	02	800	4677	19	00
700	4169	19	11	700	4093	04	02
600	3574	05	08	600	3508	09	03
500	2978	11	04	500	2923	14	05
400	2382	17	01	400	2338	19	06
300	1787	02	10	300	1754	04	07
200	1191	08	06	200	1169	09	09
100	595	14	03	100	584	14	10
90	536	02	10	90	526	05	04
80	476	11	05	80	467	15	10
70	416	19	11	70	409	06	05
60	357	08	06	60	350	16	11
50	297	17	01	50	292	07	05
40	238	05	08	40	233	17	11
30	178	14	03	30	175	08	05
20	119	02	11	20	116	18	11
10	59	11	05	10	58	09	05
9	53	12	03	9	52	12	06
8	47	13	01	8	46	15	07
7	41	13	11	7	40	18	07
6	35	14	10	6	35	01	07
5	29	15	08	5	29	04	08
4	23	16	06	4	23	07	09
3	17	17	05	3	17	10	10
2	11	18	03	2	11	13	10
1	05	19	01	1	05	16	11

Age 59, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 8 Months, and 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place must be held 8 Years, 7 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17*l.* 8*s.* 7*d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 187 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 59 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		573	18	07
80 <i>Ditto</i>	—	459	02	10
7 <i>Ditto</i>	—	40	03	06
187 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1073	04	11

Age 60, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 7 Months, and 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 8 Years and 3 Months, to receive the Value of the Money which the Purchase cost.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 15 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 342 *l.* a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 60, and do as underneath,

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1689	15	03
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	225	06	00
2 <i>Ditto</i>	—	11	05	03
342 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1926	06	06

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 59. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 60. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5739	06	07	1000	5632	10	10
900	5165	07	10	900	5069	05	09
800	4591	09	03	800	4506	00	08
700	4017	10	07	700	3942	15	07
600	3443	12	00	600	3379	10	06
500	2869	13	03	500	2816	05	05
400	2295	14	07	400	2253	00	04
300	1721	16	00	300	1689	15	03
200	1147	17	03	200	1126	10	02
100	573	18	07	100	563	05	01
90	516	10	09	90	506	18	06
80	459	02	10	80	450	12	00
70	401	15	00	70	394	05	06
60	344	07	02	60	337	19	00
50	286	19	03	50	281	12	06
40	229	11	05	40	225	06	00
30	172	03	07	30	168	19	06
20	114	15	08	20	112	13	00
10	57	07	10	10	56	06	06
9	51	13	00	9	50	13	10
8	45	18	03	8	45	01	02
7	40	03	06	7	39	08	06
6	34	08	08	6	33	15	10
5	28	13	11	5	28	03	03
4	22	19	01	4	22	10	07
3	17	04	04	3	16	17	11
2	11	09	06	2	11	05	03
1	05	14	09	1	05	12	07

Age 61, at 9 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 6 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 8 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 2 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for his 100 *l.*

To know what 283 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 61 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1101	16	11
80 <i>Ditto</i> ———	440	14	09
3 <i>Ditto</i> ———	16	19	06
283 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1559	02	02

Age 62, at 9 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 4 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 7 Years, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 11 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 417 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 62 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2155	03	08
10 <i>Ditto</i> ———	53	17	07
7 <i>Ditto</i> ———	37	14	03
417 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2246	15	06

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 61. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 62. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5509	—04	—08	1000	5387	—19	—04
900	4958	—06	—02	900	4849	—03	—04
800	4407	—07	—09	800	4310	—07	—05
700	3856	—09	—03	700	3771	—11	—06
600	3305	—10	—10	600	3233	—15	—07
500	2754	—12	—04	500	2693	—19	—08
400	2203	—13	—10	400	2155	—03	—08
300	1652	—15	—05	300	1616	—17	—09
200	1101	—16	—11	200	1077	—11	—10
100	550	—18	—05	100	538	—15	—11
90	495	—16	—07	90	484	—18	—04
80	440	—14	—09	80	431	—00	—08
70	385	—12	—11	70	377	—03	—01
60	330	—11	—01	60	323	—07	—06
50	275	—09	—02	50	269	—07	—11
40	220	—07	—04	40	215	—10	—04
30	165	—05	—06	30	161	—13	—09
20	110	—03	—08	20	107	—15	—02
10	55	—01	—10	10	53	—17	—07
9	49	—11	—07	9	48	—09	—10
8	44	—01	—05	8	43	—02	—00
7	38	—11	—03	7	37	—14	—03
6	33	—01	—01	6	32	—06	—09
5	27	—10	—11	5	26	—18	—09
4	22	—00	—08	4	21	—11	—00
3	16	—10	—06	3	16	—03	—04
2	11	—00	—04	2	10	—15	—06
1	05	—10	—02	1	05	—07	—09

Age 63, at 9 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 6 Years, 11 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 4 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 173 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 63 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 a Year is worth	520	11	10
70 Ditto —	364	08	03
3 Ditto —	15	12	04
173 a Year is worth	900	12	05

Age 64, at 9 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 1 Month, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 6 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 10 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 225 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 64 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1023	06	10
20 Ditto —	102	06	08
5 Ditto —	25	11	08
225 a Year is worth	1151	05	02

Year

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Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 63. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5205	18	05
900	4685	06	07
800	4164	14	09
700	3644	02	11
600	3123	11	00
500	2602	19	02
400	2082	07	04
300	1561	15	06
200	1041	03	08
100	520	11	10
90	468	10	07
80	416	09	05
70	364	08	03
60	312	07	01
50	260	05	10
40	208	04	08
30	156	03	06
20	104	02	04
10	52	01	02
9	46	17	00
8	41	12	11
7	36	08	09
6	31	04	08
5	26	00	07
4	20	16	05
3	15	12	04
2	10	08	02
1	05	04	01

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 64. At 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5116	14	02
900	4605	00	09
800	4093	07	04
700	3581	13	11
600	3066	00	06
500	2558	07	01
400	2046	13	08
300	1558	07	01
200	1023	06	10
100	511	13	05
90	460	10	00
80	409	07	08
70	358	03	04
60	306	12	00
50	255	16	08
40	204	13	04
30	155	16	08
20	102	06	08
10	51	03	04
9	46	01	00
8	40	18	09
7	35	16	04
6	30	13	02
5	25	11	08
4	20	09	04
3	15	06	07
2	10	04	08
1	05	02	04

Age 25, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for one about this Age during Life, is worth 7 Years and a half Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 14 Years, 6 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 13 *l.* 6 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 264 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 25 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1500	00	00
60 Ditto	—	450	00	00
4 Ditto	—	30	00	00
264 a Year is worth		1980	00	00

Age 30, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 7 Years, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 12 Years, 8 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 5 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 324 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 30 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		2102	14	06
20 Ditto	—	140	03	07
4 Ditto	—	28	00	08
324 a Year is worth		2270	18	09

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 25.			
	At 10 $\text{\textit{p}}$ Cent.			
	l.	s.	d.	
1000	7500	—00	—00	
900	6750	—00	—00	
800	6000	—00	—00	
700	5250	—00	—00	
600	4500	—00	—00	
500	3750	—00	—00	
400	3000	—00	—00	
300	2250	—00	—00	
200	1500	—00	—00	
100	750	—00	—00	
90	675	—00	—00	
80	600	—00	—00	
70	525	—00	—00	
60	450	—00	—00	
50	375	—00	—00	
40	300	—00	—00	
30	225	—00	—00	
20	150	—00	—00	
10	75	—00	—00	
9	67	—10	—00	
8	60	—00	—00	
7	52	—10	—00	
6	45	—00	—00	
5	37	—10	—00	
4	30	—00	—00	
3	22	—10	—00	
2	15	—00	—00	
1	07	—10	—00	

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 30.			
	At 10 $\text{\textit{p}}$ Cent.			
	l.	s.	d.	
1000	7009	—01	—08	
900	6308	—03	—06	
800	5607	—05	—04	
700	4906	—07	—02	
600	4205	—09	—00	
500	3504	—10	—10	
400	2803	—12	—08	
300	2102	—14	—06	
200	1401	—16	—04	
100	700	—18	—02	
90	630	—16	—04	
80	560	—14	—06	
70	490	—12	—08	
60	420	—10	—10	
50	350	—09	—01	
40	280	—07	—03	
30	210	—05	—05	
20	140	—03	—07	
10	70	—01	—09	
9	63	—01	—07	
8	56	—01	—05	
7	49	—01	—03	
6	42	—01	—01	
5	35	—00	—10	
4	28	—00	—08	
3	21	—00	—06	
2	14	—00	—04	
1	07	—00	—02	

Age 31, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 11 Months, and about a quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 12 Years and about 5 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 326*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 31 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		2079	15	11
20 Ditto	—	138	13	00
6 Ditto	—	41	11	11
326 a Year is worth		2260	00	10

Age 32, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 10 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 12 Years, and about 2 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14*l.* 11*s.* and Three-half-pence a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 415*l.* a Year is worth, look in the Table following for Age 32, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 a Year is worth		2752	07	09
10 Ditto	—	68	16	02
5 Ditto	—	34	08	01
415 a Year is worth		2855	12	00

Year

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Year	Is worth for Life of Age 31.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6932	13	00
900	6239	07	09
800	5546	02	05
700	4852	17	01
600	4159	11	10
500	3466	06	06
400	2773	01	02
300	2079	15	11
200	1386	10	07
100	693	05	03
90	623	18	09
80	554	12	02
70	485	05	08
60	415	19	02
50	346	12	07
40	277	06	01
30	207	19	07
20	138	13	00
10	69	06	06
9	62	07	10
8	55	09	02
7	48	10	06
6	41	11	11
5	34	13	03
4	27	14	07
3	20	15	11
2	13	17	03
1	06	18	07

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 32.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6880	19	06
900	6192	17	06
800	5504	15	07
700	4816	13	07
600	4128	11	08
500	3440	09	09
400	2752	07	09
300	2064	05	10
200	1376	03	10
100	688	01	11
90	619	05	09
80	550	09	06
70	481	13	04
60	412	17	02
50	344	00	11
40	275	04	09
30	206	08	07
20	137	12	04
10	68	16	02
9	61	18	06
8	55	00	11
7	48	03	04
6	41	05	08
5	34	08	01
4	27	10	05
3	20	12	10
2	13	15	02
1	06	17	07

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Age 33, at 10 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 9 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 12 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 13 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 376 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 33 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2048	03	00
70 <i>Ditto</i> — —	477	18	00
6 <i>Ditto</i> — —	40	19	03
376 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2567	00	03

Age 34, at 10 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 11 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 15 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for his 100 *l.*

To know what 294 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 34 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1355	12	06
90 <i>Ditto</i> — —	610	00	07
4 <i>Ditto</i> — —	27	02	03
294 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1992	15	04

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 33. At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 34. At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6827	03	05	1000	6778	02	10
900	6144	09	00	900	6100	06	06
800	5461	14	09	800	5422	10	03
700	4779	00	04	700	4744	14	00
600	4096	06	00	600	4066	17	06
500	3413	11	08	500	3389	01	05
400	2730	17	04	400	2711	05	01
300	2048	03	00	300	2033	08	09
200	1365	08	08	200	1355	12	06
100	682	14	04	100	677	16	03
90	614	08	10	90	610	09	07
80	546	03	05	80	542	05	00
70	477	18	00	70	474	09	04
60	409	12	07	60	406	13	09
50	341	07	02	50	338	18	01
40	273	01	08	40	271	02	06
30	204	16	03	30	203	06	10
20	136	10	10	20	135	11	03
10	68	05	05	10	67	15	07
9	61	08	10	9	61	00	00
8	54	12	04	8	54	04	06
7	47	15	09	7	47	08	11
6	40	19	03	6	40	13	04
5	34	02	08	5	33	17	09
4	27	06	02	4	27	02	03
3	20	09	07	3	20	06	08
2	13	13	01	2	13	11	01
1	06	16	06	1	06	15	06

Age 35, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 8 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 11 Years, and about 9 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 17 *s.* 4 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 283 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 35 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth		1344	09	01
80 Ditto	—	537	15	07
3 Ditto	—	20	03	04
283 per Ann. is worth		1902	08	00

Age 36, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 8 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 11 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 14 *l.* 19 *s.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 427 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 36 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 per Ann. is worth		2669	14	06
20 Ditto	—	133	09	09
7 Ditto	—	46	14	04
427 per Ann. is worth		2849	18	07

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 35.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6722	05	09
900	6050	01	02
800	5377	16	07
700	4705	12	00
600	4033	07	05
500	3361	02	10
400	2688	18	03
300	2016	13	08
200	1344	09	01
100	672	04	06
90	605	00	01
80	537	15	07
70	470	11	02
60	403	06	08
50	336	02	03
40	268	17	09
30	201	13	04
20	134	08	10
10	67	04	05
9	60	10	00
8	53	15	06
7	47	01	01
6	40	06	08
5	33	12	02
4	26	17	09
3	20	03	04
2	13	08	10
1	06	14	05

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 36.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6674	06	05
900	6006	17	09
800	5339	09	01
700	4672	00	06
600	4004	09	10
500	3337	03	02
400	2669	14	06
300	2002	04	11
200	1334	17	06
100	667	08	09
90	600	13	09
80	533	18	10
70	467	04	00
60	400	08	11
50	333	14	03
40	266	19	05
30	200	04	05
20	133	09	09
10	66	14	10
9	60	01	04
8	53	07	10
7	46	14	04
6	40	00	10
5	33	07	05
4	26	13	11
3	20	00	05
2	13	06	11
1	06	13	05

Age 37, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 7 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 11 Years, 4 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 1 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 263 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 37 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1324	15	01
60 <i>Ditto</i>	—	397	08	08
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	19	17	05
263 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1742	01	02

Age 38, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 7 Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 11 Years, 3 Months, and about a quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 253 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 38 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1312	00	04
50 <i>Ditto</i>	—	328	00	01
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	19	13	07
253 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1659	14	00

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 37.		
£	At 10 $\frac{p}{c}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6623	18	10
900	5961	10	11
800	5299	03	00
700	4636	13	02
600	3974	07	03
500	3311	19	05
400	2649	10	03
300	1987	03	07
200	1324	15	01
100	662	07	06
90	596	03	01
80	529	18	03
70	463	13	03
60	397	08	08
50	331	03	11
40	264	19	01
30	198	14	04
20	132	09	06
10	66	04	09
9	59	12	03
8	52	19	09
7	46	07	03
6	39	14	10
5	33	02	04
4	26	09	10
3	19	17	05
2	13	04	11
1	06	12	05

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 38.		
£	At 10 $\frac{p}{c}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6560	01	10
900	5904	01	09
800	5248	01	06
700	4592	01	04
600	3936	01	02
500	3280	00	11
400	2624	00	09
300	1968	00	07
200	1312	00	04
100	656	00	02
90	590	08	02
80	524	16	01
70	459	04	01
60	393	12	01
50	328	00	01
40	262	08	00
30	196	16	00
20	131	04	00
10	65	12	00
9	59	00	09
8	52	09	07
7	45	18	04
6	39	07	02
5	32	16	00
4	26	04	09
3	19	13	07
2	13	02	04
1	06	11	02

Age 39, at 10 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 6 Months, and about three 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 11 Years, 1 Month, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 7 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 426 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 39 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>l.</i> per Ann. is worth		2600	11	09
20 Ditto	—	130	00	07
6 Ditto	—	39	00	02
426 per Ann. is worth		2769	12	06

Age 40, at 10 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 5 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 11 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 294 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 40 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth		1291	19	10
90 Ditto	—	581	07	11
4 Ditto	—	25	16	09
294 per Ann. is worth		1899	04	06

Year

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Is worth for Life of Age 39.		Is worth for Life of Age 40.	
Year	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.	Year	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.
	l. s. d.		l. s. d.
1000	6501—09—05	1000	6459—19—04
900	5851—06—05	900	5813—19—04
800	5201—03—06	800	5167—19—05
700	4551—00—07	700	4521—19—06
600	3900—17—08	600	3875—19—07
500	3250—14—08	500	3229—19—08
400	2600—11—09	400	2583—19—08
300	1950—08—10	300	1937—19—09
200	1300—05—10	200	1291—19—10
100	650—02—11	100	645—19—11
90	585—02—07	90	581—07—11
80	520—02—04	80	516—15—11
70	455—02—00	70	452—03—11
60	390—01—09	60	387—11—11
50	325—01—05	50	322—19—11
40	260—01—02	40	258—07—11
30	195—00—10	30	193—15—11
20	130—00—07	20	129—03—11
10	65—00—03	10	64—11—11
9	58—10—03	9	58—02—09
8	52—00—02	8	51—13—07
7	45—10—02	7	45—04—04
6	39—00—02	6	38—15—02
5	32—10—01	5	32—05—11
4	26—00—01	4	25—16—09
3	19—10—01	3	19—07—07
2	13—00—00	2	12—18—04
1	06—10—00	1	06—09—02

M 4

Age 41, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 4 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 12 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 345 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 41 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1919	17	08
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	255	19	07
5 <i>Ditto</i>	—	31	19	11
345 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2207	17	02

Age 42, at 10 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 4 Months Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, 6 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 17 *s.* and Three Half-pence a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 518 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 42 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
500 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3162	14	02
10 <i>Ditto</i>	—	63	05	01
8 <i>Ditto</i>	—	50	12	00
518 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		3276	11	03

Year

PLACES for LIFE.

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Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 41.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6399	—12	—05
900	5759	—13	—02
800	5119	—13	—11
700	4479	—14	—08
600	3839	—15	—05
500	3199	—16	—02
400	2559	—16	—11
300	1919	—17	—08
200	1279	—18	—05
100	639	—19	—02
90	575	—19	—03
80	511	—19	—04
70	447	—19	—05
60	383	—19	—06
50	319	—19	—07
40	255	—19	—07
30	191	—19	—09
20	127	—19	—10
10	63	—19	—11
9	57	—11	—11
8	51	—03	—11
7	44	—15	—11
6	38	—07	—11
5	31	—19	—11
4	25	—11	—11
3	19	—03	—11
2	12	—15	—11
1	06	—07	—11

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 42.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6325	—08	—04
900	5692	—17	—06
800	5060	—06	—08
700	4427	—15	—10
600	3795	—05	—00
500	3162	—14	—02
400	2530	—03	—04
300	1897	—12	—06
200	1265	—01	—08
100	632	—10	—10
90	569	—05	—09
80	506	—00	—08
70	442	—15	—07
60	379	—10	—06
50	316	—05	—05
40	253	—00	—04
30	189	—15	—03
20	126	—10	—02
10	63	—05	—01
9	56	—18	—06
8	50	—12	—00
7	44	—05	—06
6	37	—19	—00
5	31	—12	—06
4	25	—06	—00
3	18	—19	—06
2	12	—13	—00
1	06	—06	—06

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Age 43, at 10 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 3 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 10 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15 *l.* 18 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 384 *l.* a Year is worth, look in the following Table for Age 43, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1883	12	06
80 <i>Ditto</i>	—	502	06	00
4 <i>Ditto</i>	—	25	02	03
384 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2411	00	09

Age 44, at 10 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 2 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 242 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 44 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1248	00	00
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	249	12	00
2 <i>Ditto</i>	—	12	09	07
242 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1510	01	07

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 43.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6278	15	01
900	5650	17	09
800	5023	00	01
700	4395	02	07
600	3767	05	01
500	3139	07	06
400	2511	10	00
300	1883	12	06
200	1255	15	00
100	627	17	06
90	565	01	09
80	502	06	00
70	439	10	03
60	376	14	06
50	313	18	09
40	251	03	00
30	188	07	03
20	125	11	06
10	62	15	09
9	56	10	02
8	50	04	07
7	43	19	00
6	37	13	05
5	31	07	10
4	25	02	03
3	18	16	08
2	12	11	01
1	06	05	06

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 44.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6240	00	00
900	5616	00	03
800	4992	00	03
700	4368	00	02
600	3744	00	02
500	3120	00	00
400	2496	00	01
300	1872	00	01
200	1248	00	00
100	624	00	00
90	561	12	00
80	499	04	00
70	436	16	00
60	374	08	00
50	312	00	00
40	249	12	00
30	187	04	00
20	124	16	00
10	62	08	00
9	56	03	02
8	49	18	04
7	43	13	07
6	37	08	09
5	31	04	00
4	24	19	02
3	18	14	04
2	12	09	07
1	06	04	09

Age 45, at 10 per Cent.

An Office or Commission for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 2 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 10 Years, 1 Month, and about one quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 3 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 354 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 45 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1855	13	05
50 <i>Ditto</i>	—	309	05	06
4 <i>Ditto</i>	—	24	14	10
354 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2189	13	09

Age 46, at 10 per Cent.

A Commission or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 1 Month, and about 3 quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place about 10 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 347 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 46 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1838	17	01
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	245	03	07
7 <i>Ditto</i>	—	42	18	01
347 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2126	18	09

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 173

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 45.			Year	Is worth for Life of Age 46.		
	At 10 p^{r} Cent.				At 10 p^{r} Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6185	—11	—04	1000	6129	—10	—04
900	5567	—00	—03	900	5516	—11	—04
800	4948	—09	—01	800	4903	—12	—03
700	4329	—18	—00	700	4290	—13	—04
600	3711	—06	—10	600	3677	—14	—02
500	3092	—15	—08	500	3064	—15	—02
400	2474	—04	—06	400	2451	—16	—01
300	1855	—13	—05	300	1838	—17	—01
200	1237	—02	—03	200	1225	—18	—00
100	618	—11	—01	100	612	—19	—00
90	556	—14	—00	90	551	—13	—01
80	494	—16	—10	80	490	—07	—02
70	432	—19	—09	70	429	—01	—04
60	371	—02	—08	60	367	—15	—05
50	309	—05	—06	50	306	—09	—06
40	247	—08	—05	40	245	—03	—07
30	185	—11	—04	30	183	—17	—08
20	123	—14	—02	20	122	—11	—09
10	61	—17	—01	10	61	—05	—10
9	55	—13	—04	9	55	—03	—03
8	49	—09	—08	8	49	—00	—08
7	43	—05	—11	7	42	—18	—01
6	37	—02	—03	6	36	—15	—06
5	30	—18	—06	5	30	—12	—11
4	24	—14	—10	4	24	—10	—04
3	18	—11	—01	3	18	—07	—09
2	12	—07	—05	2	12	—05	—02
1	06	—03	—08	1	06	—02	—07

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Age 47, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office must be held 9 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 431 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 47 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 per Ann. is worth	2423	19	04
30 Ditto —————	181	15	11
1 Ditto —————	06	01	02
431 per Ann. is worth	2611	16	05

Age 48, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 9 Years, and about 10 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 12 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 48 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year, is worth	1201	14	09
90 Ditto —————	540	15	07
3 Ditto —————	18	00	06
293 a Year, is worth	1760	10	10

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 47.		
	At 10 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6059	19	10
900	5453	18	06
800	4847	18	08
700	4241	18	10
600	3635	19	00
500	3079	19	11
400	2423	19	04
300	1817	19	06
200	1211	19	08
100	605	19	10
90	545	07	10
80	484	15	09
70	424	03	10
60	363	11	10
50	307	19	11
40	242	07	11
30	181	15	11
20	121	03	11
10	60	11	11
9	54	10	09
8	48	09	06
7	42	08	04
6	36	07	02
5	30	15	11
4	24	04	09
3	18	03	07
2	12	02	04
1	06	01	02

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 48.		
	At 10 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6008	14	00
900	5407	16	07
800	4806	19	02
700	4206	01	10
600	3605	04	05
500	3004	07	00
400	2403	09	07
300	1802	12	02
200	1201	14	09
100	600	17	04
90	540	15	07
80	480	13	11
70	420	12	02
60	360	10	05
50	300	08	08
40	240	06	11
30	180	05	02
20	120	03	05
10	60	01	08
9	54	01	06
8	48	01	04
7	42	01	02
6	36	01	00
5	30	00	10
4	24	00	08
3	18	00	06
2	12	00	04
1	06	00	02

Age 49, at 10 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 11 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Office he must hold 9 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 l. 16 s. 5 d. Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 624 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 49 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
600 a Year is worth	3564	11	01
20 Ditto	118	16	04
4 Ditto	23	15	04
624 a Year is worth	3707	02	09

Age 50, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 10 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And this Commission he must hold 9 Years, 5 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 l. 19 s. 4 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 387 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 50 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth	1762	16	05
80 Ditto	471	08	04
7 Ditto	41	04	11
387 a Year is worth	2275	09	08

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 49. At 10 p Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 50. At 10 p Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5940	18	06	1000	5892	14	09
900	5346	16	08	900	5243	09	03
800	4752	14	10	800	4714	03	09
700	4158	13	00	700	4124	18	03
600	3564	11	01	600	3535	12	10
500	2970	09	03	500	2946	07	04
400	2376	07	05	400	2357	01	10
300	1782	05	06	300	1762	16	05
200	1188	03	08	200	1178	10	11
100	594	01	10	100	589	05	05
90	534	13	08	90	524	06	11
80	475	05	05	80	471	08	04
70	415	17	03	70	412	09	10
60	356	09	01	60	353	11	03
50	297	00	11	50	294	13	08
40	237	13	08	40	235	14	02
30	178	04	06	30	176	05	07
20	118	16	04	20	117	17	01
10	59	08	02	10	58	18	06
9	53	09	04	9	52	08	08
8	47	10	06	8	47	02	10
7	41	11	08	7	41	04	11
6	35	12	10	6	35	07	01
5	29	14	01	5	29	09	04
4	23	15	04	4	23	11	05
3	17	16	05	3	17	12	06
2	11	17	01	2	11	15	08
1	05	18	06	1	05	17	10

Age 51, at 10 *per Cent.*

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 10 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, and about 3 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 2 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 383 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 51 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth	1752	13	05
80 Ditto	467	07	06
3 Ditto	17	10	06
383 a Year is worth	2237	11	05

Age 52, at 10 *per Cent.*

An Office or Commission for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 9 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, and about 1 Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 5 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 365 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 52 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth	1739	11	04
60 Ditto	347	18	03
5 Ditto	28	19	02
365 a Year is worth	2116	08	09

PLACES for LIFE.

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Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 51. At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 52. At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5842	04	08	1000	5791	17	11
900	5258	00	02	900	5212	14	01
800	4673	15	09	800	4633	10	04
700	4089	11	03	700	4054	06	06
600	3505	06	10	600	3479	02	09
500	2921	02	04	500	2895	18	11
400	2336	17	10	400	2316	15	02
300	1752	13	05	300	1739	11	04
200	1168	08	11	200	1158	07	07
100	584	04	05	100	579	03	08
90	525	16	00	90	521	05	04
80	467	07	06	80	463	07	00
70	408	19	01	70	405	08	07
60	350	10	08	60	347	18	03
50	292	02	02	50	289	11	10
40	233	13	09	40	231	13	06
30	175	05	04	30	173	19	01
20	116	16	10	20	115	16	09
10	58	08	05	10	57	18	04
9	52	11	07	9	52	02	06
8	46	14	09	8	46	06	08
7	40	17	10	7	40	10	10
6	35	01	00	6	34	15	09
5	29	04	02	5	28	19	02
4	23	07	04	4	23	03	04
3	17	10	06	3	17	07	10
2	11	13	08	2	11	11	08
1	05	16	10	1	05	15	10

Age 53, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 8 Years, 10 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 8 *s.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 297 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 53 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1147	17	10
90 Ditto —	516	11	00
7 Ditto —	40	03	06
297 a Year is worth	1704	12	04

Age 54, at 10 per Cent.

A Commission for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 8 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, and about 10 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 11 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 134 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 54 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 a Year is worth	568	14	11
30 Ditto	170	12	05
4 Ditto —	22	14	11
134 a Year is worth	762	02	03

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 53.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5739	09	06
900	5165	10	07
800	4591	11	07
700	4017	12	08
600	3443	13	08
500	2869	14	09
400	2295	15	09
300	1721	16	10
200	1147	17	10
100	573	18	11
90	516	11	00
80	459	03	01
70	401	15	03
60	344	07	04
50	286	19	05
40	229	11	06
30	172	03	08
20	114	15	09
10	57	07	10
9	51	13	01
8	45	18	03
7	40	03	06
6	34	08	08
5	28	13	10
4	22	19	01
3	17	04	04
2	11	09	06
1	05	14	09

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 54.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5687	09	02
900	5118	14	03
800	4549	19	04
700	3981	04	05
600	3412	09	06
500	2843	14	07
400	2274	19	08
300	1706	04	09
200	1137	09	10
100	568	14	11
90	511	17	05
80	454	19	11
70	398	02	05
60	341	04	11
50	284	07	05
40	227	09	11
30	170	12	05
20	113	14	11
10	56	17	05
9	51	03	08
8	45	09	11
7	39	16	02
6	34	02	05
5	28	08	08
4	22	14	11
3	17	01	02
2	11	07	05
1	05	13	08

Age 55, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 7 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, 8 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 14 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 55 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1126	19	11
90 Ditto	—	508	00	11
3 Ditto	—	16	18	01
293 a Year is worth		1651	18	11

Age 56, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 6 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 1 *s.* 1 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 146 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 56 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 a Year is worth		553	12	10
40 Ditto	—	221	09	01
6 Ditto	—	33	04	04
146 a Year is worth		808	06	03

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Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 55.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5634	—19	—08
900	5080	—09	—06
800	4507	—19	—09
700	3944	—09	—09
600	3380	—19	—10
500	2817	—09	—10
400	2253	—19	—10
300	1690	—09	—11
200	1126	—19	—11
100	563	—09	—11
90	508	—00	—11
80	450	—15	—11
70	394	—08	—11
60	338	—01	—11
50	281	—14	—11
40	225	—07	—11
30	169	—00	—11
20	112	—13	—11
10	56	—06	—11
9	50	—16	—01
8	45	—01	—07
7	39	—08	—10
6	33	—16	—02
5	28	—03	—05
4	22	—10	—09
3	16	—18	—01
2	11	—05	—04
1	05	—12	—08

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 56.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5536	—08	—09
900	4982	—15	—11
800	4429	—03	—00
700	3875	—10	—01
600	3321	—17	—03
500	2768	—04	—04
400	2214	—11	—06
300	1660	—18	—07
200	1107	—05	—09
100	553	—12	—10
90	498	—05	—07
80	442	—18	—03
70	387	—11	—00
60	332	—03	—08
50	276	—16	—05
40	221	—09	—01
30	166	—01	—10
20	110	—14	—06
10	55	—07	—03
9	49	—16	—06
8	44	—05	—09
7	38	—15	—01
6	33	—04	—04
5	27	—13	—07
4	22	—02	—10
3	16	—12	—02
2	11	—01	—05
1	05	—10	—08

N 4

Age 57, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 5 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 4 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 926 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 57 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
900 a Year is worth		49	46	02 06
20 Ditto	—	10	9	18 03
6 Ditto	—	32	19	05
926 a Year is worth		50	89	00 02

Age 58, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, and about 1 Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 12 *s.* 11 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 58 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		10	72	18 04
90 Ditto	—	4	82	16 03
3 Ditto	—	16	01	10
293 a Year is worth		15	71	16 05

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 57.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5495	13	11
900	4946	02	06
800	4396	11	01
700	3846	19	08
600	3297	08	04
500	2747	16	11
400	2198	05	06
300	1648	14	02
200	1099	02	09
100	549	11	04
90	494	12	03
80	439	13	01
70	384	13	11
60	329	14	10
50	274	15	08
40	219	16	06
30	164	17	05
20	109	18	03
10	54	19	01
9	49	09	02
8	43	19	03
7	38	09	04
6	32	19	05
5	27	09	06
4	21	19	07
3	16	09	09
2	10	19	09
1	05	09	10

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 58.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5364	11	08
900	4828	02	06
800	4291	13	04
700	3755	04	02
600	3218	15	00
500	2682	05	10
400	2145	16	08
300	1609	07	06
200	1072	18	04
100	536	09	02
90	482	16	03
80	429	03	04
70	375	10	05
60	321	17	06
50	268	04	07
40	214	11	08
30	160	18	09
20	107	05	10
10	53	12	11
9	48	05	07
8	42	18	04
7	37	11	00
6	32	03	09
5	26	16	05
4	21	09	02
3	16	01	10
2	10	14	07
1	05	07	03

Age 59, at 10 *per Cent.*

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 3 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, 11 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18*l.* 19*s.* 1*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 426*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 59 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	—	2110	00	05
20 <i>Ditto</i>	—	105	10	00
6 <i>Ditto</i>	—	31	13	00
426 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		2247	03	05

Age 60, at 10 *per Cent.*

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, 10 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19*l.* 5*s.* 7*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 342*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 60 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	—	1556	01	00
40 <i>Ditto</i>	—	207	09	05
2 <i>Ditto</i>	—	10	07	05
342 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1773	17	10

Year

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Year	Is worth for Life of Age 59.		
£	At 10	Cent.	
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5275	01	00
900	4757	10	11
800	4220	00	10
700	3692	10	08
600	3165	00	07
500	2637	10	06
400	2110	00	05
300	1582	10	03
200	1055	00	02
100	527	10	01
90	475	15	01
80	422	00	01
70	369	05	00
60	316	10	00
50	263	15	00
40	211	00	00
30	158	05	00
20	105	10	00
10	52	15	00
9	47	11	06
8	42	04	00
7	36	18	06
6	31	13	00
5	26	07	06
4	21	02	00
3	15	16	06
2	10	11	00
1	05	05	06

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 60.		
£	At 10	Cent.	
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5186	16	10
900	4668	03	02
800	4149	09	06
700	3630	15	10
600	3112	02	01
500	2593	08	05
400	2074	14	09
300	1556	01	00
200	1037	07	04
100	518	13	08
90	466	16	03
80	414	18	11
70	363	01	07
60	311	04	02
50	259	06	10
40	207	09	05
30	155	12	01
20	103	14	08
10	51	17	04
9	46	13	07
8	41	09	10
7	36	06	01
6	31	02	05
5	25	18	08
4	20	14	11
3	15	11	02
2	10	07	05
1	05	03	08

Age 61, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 1 Month, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 12 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 317 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 61 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1528	14	10
10 <i>Ditto</i>	— —	50	19	01
7 <i>Ditto</i>	— —	35	13	04
317 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1615	07	03

Age 62, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth about 5 Years Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 1 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for his 100 *l.*

To know what 354 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 62 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1494	12	05
50 <i>Ditto</i>	— —	249	02	00
4 <i>Ditto</i>	— —	19	18	06
354 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1763	12	11

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 61.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5095	16	03
900	4586	04	07
800	4076	13	00
700	3567	01	04
600	3057	09	09
500	2547	18	01
400	2038	06	06
300	1528	14	10
200	1019	03	03
100	509	11	07
90	458	12	05
80	407	13	03
70	356	14	01
60	305	14	11
50	254	15	09
40	203	16	07
30	152	17	05
20	101	18	03
10	50	19	01
9	45	17	02
8	40	15	03
7	35	13	04
6	30	11	05
5	25	09	06
4	20	07	07
3	15	05	08
2	10	03	09
1	05	01	10

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 62.		
	At 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4982	01	04
900	4483	17	02
800	3985	11	00
700	3487	08	11
600	2989	04	10
500	2491	00	08
400	1992	15	06
300	1494	12	05
200	996	07	09
100	498	04	01
90	448	07	08
80	398	11	01
70	348	14	10
60	298	18	05
50	249	02	00
40	199	05	06
30	149	09	02
20	99	12	09
10	49	16	04
9	44	16	09
8	39	17	01
7	34	17	05
6	29	17	10
5	24	18	02
4	19	18	06
3	14	18	11
2	09	19	03
1	04	19	07

Age 63, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 10 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 10 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 235 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 63 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	974	02	08
30 Ditto ———	146	02	04
5 Ditto ———	24	07	00
<u>235 a Year is worth</u>	<u>1144</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>00</u>

Age 64, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 9 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 6 Years, 9 Months, and about one half of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 *l.* 1 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 356 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 64 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth	1425	15	04
50 Ditto ———	237	12	06
6 Ditto ———	28	10	03
<u>356 a Year is worth</u>	<u>1691</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>01</u>

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 63.		
	At 10 $\pounds$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4870	13	03
900	4383	12	00
800	3896	10	08
700	3409	09	03
600	2922	08	00
500	2435	06	07
400	1948	05	04
300	1461	04	00
200	974	02	08
100	487	01	04
90	438	07	02
80	389	13	00
70	340	18	11
60	292	04	09
50	243	10	07
40	194	16	06
30	146	02	04
20	97	08	03
10	48	14	01
9	43	16	08
8	38	19	03
7	34	01	10
6	29	04	05
5	24	07	00
4	19	09	07
3	14	12	02
2	09	14	09
1	04	17	04

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 64.		
	At 10 $\pounds$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4752	11	02
900	4277	04	01
800	3802	01	00
700	3326	15	10
600	2851	10	09
500	2376	05	07
400	1901	00	06
300	1425	15	04
200	950	10	03
100	475	05	01
90	427	14	04
80	380	04	01
70	332	13	07
60	285	03	00
50	237	12	06
40	190	02	00
30	142	11	06
20	95	01	00
10	47	10	06
9	42	15	05
8	38	00	04
7	33	05	04
6	28	10	03
5	23	15	03
4	19	00	02
3	14	05	01
2	09	10	01
1	04	15	00

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Age 22, or 23, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and 6 Months Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 12 Years, and one Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 15*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 287*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 22 or 23 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1300	00	00
80 Ditto	—	520	00	00
7 Ditto	—	45	00	00
287 a Year is worth		1865	00	00

Age 30, at 10 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 2 Months Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 10 Years, and 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 326*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 30 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1850	18	06
20 Ditto	—	123	07	10
6 Ditto	—	37	00	04
326 a Year is worth		2011	06	08

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 22 or 23.		
£	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6500	—00	—00
900	5850	—00	—00
800	5200	—00	—00
700	4550	—00	—00
600	3900	—00	—00
500	3250	—00	—00
400	2600	—00	—00
300	1950	—00	—00
200	1300	—00	—00
100	650	—00	—00
90	585	—00	—00
80	520	—00	—00
70	455	—00	—00
60	390	—00	—00
50	325	—00	—00
40	260	—00	—00
30	195	—00	—00
20	130	—00	—00
10	65	—00	—00
9	58	—00	—00
8	52	—00	—00
7	45	—00	—00
6	39	—00	—00
5	32	—10	—00
4	26	—00	—00
3	19	—10	—00
2	13	—00	—00
1	06	—10	—00

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 30.		
£	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6169	—15	—04
900	5552	—15	—09
800	4935	—16	—03
700	4318	—16	—09
600	3701	—17	—02
500	3084	—17	—08
400	2467	—18	—01
300	1850	—18	—06
200	1233	—19	—00
100	616	—19	—06
90	555	—05	—06
80	493	—11	—07
70	431	—17	—08
60	370	—03	—08
50	308	—09	—09
40	246	—15	—09
30	185	—01	—10
20	123	—07	—10
10	61	—13	—11
9	55	—10	—06
8	49	—07	—01
7	43	—03	—08
6	37	—00	—04
5	30	—16	—11
4	24	—13	—06
3	18	—10	—02
2	12	—06	—09
1	06	—03	—04

Age 31, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, 1 Month, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, and about 9 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 6 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 586 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 31 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
500 a Year is worth	3053	06	01
80 Ditto	488	10	06
6 Ditto	36	12	09
586 per Ann. is worth	3578	09	04

Age 32, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years and 1 Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 8 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 9 *s.* 9 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 497 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 32 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 per Ann. is worth	2425	15	03
90 Ditto	545	15	11
7 Ditto	42	09	00
497 per Ann. is worth	3014	00	02

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 31. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 32. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	6106	—12	—02	1000	6064	—08	—02
900	5495	—19	—00	900	5457	—19	—04
800	4885	—05	—09	800	4851	—10	—06
700	4274	—12	—06	700	4245	—01	—08
600	3663	—19	—04	600	3638	—12	—11
500	3053	—06	—01	500	3032	—04	—01
400	2442	—12	—10	400	2425	—15	—03
300	1831	—19	—08	300	1819	—06	—05
200	1221	—06	—05	200	1212	—17	—07
100	610	—13	—02	100	606	—08	—09
90	549	—11	—10	90	545	—15	—11
80	488	—10	—06	80	485	—03	—00
70	427	—09	—03	70	424	—10	—02
60	366	—07	—11	60	363	—17	—03
50	305	—06	—07	50	303	—04	—05
40	244	—05	—03	40	242	—11	—06
30	183	—03	—11	30	181	—18	—07
20	122	—02	—07	20	121	—05	—09
10	61	—01	—03	10	60	—12	—10
9	54	—19	—02	9	54	—11	—07
8	48	—17	—00	8	48	—10	—03
7	42	—14	—11	7	42	—09	—00
6	36	—12	—09	6	36	—07	—08
5	30	—10	—07	5	30	—06	—05
4	24	—08	—06	4	24	—05	—01
3	18	—06	—04	3	18	—03	—10
2	12	—04	—03	2	12	—02	—06
1	06	—02	—01	1	06	—01	—03

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Age 33, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 6 Years, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 12 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 33 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1204	02	00
90 Ditto	—	541	16	10
3 Ditto	—	18	01	02
293 a Year is worth		1764	00	00

Age 34, at 11 per Cent.

An Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 11 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 4 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 14 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 346 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 34 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1792	11	07
40 Ditto	—	239	00	01
6 Ditto	—	35	17	00
346 a Year is worth		2067	08	08

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 33.		
	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	6020	10	00
900	5418	09	00
800	4816	08	00
700	4214	07	00
600	3612	06	00
500	3010	05	00
400	2408	04	00
300	1806	03	00
200	1204	02	00
100	602	00	01
90	541	16	10
80	481	12	09
70	421	08	08
60	361	04	07
50	301	00	06
40	240	16	04
30	180	12	03
20	120	08	02
10	60	04	01
9	54	03	08
8	48	03	03
7	42	02	10
6	36	02	05
5	30	02	00
4	24	01	07
3	18	01	02
2	12	00	10
1	06	00	05

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 34.		
	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5975	05	06
900	5377	14	11
800	4780	02	04
700	4182	13	10
600	3585	03	03
500	2987	12	09
400	2390	01	02
300	1792	11	07
200	1195	00	07
100	597	10	06
90	537	15	05
80	478	00	02
70	418	05	04
60	358	10	03
50	298	15	03
40	239	00	01
30	179	05	01
20	119	10	00
10	59	15	00
9	53	15	06
8	47	16	00
7	41	16	06
6	35	17	00
5	29	17	06
4	23	18	00
3	17	18	06
2	11	19	00
1	05	19	06

Age 35, at 11 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 11 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 17 *s.* 2 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 534 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 35 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
500 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2965	08	00
30 <i>Ditto</i> ———	177	18	05
4 <i>Ditto</i> ———	23	14	05
534 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	3167	00	10

Age 36, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 10 Months, and about three quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 10 Years, 1 Month, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 16 *l.* 19 *s.* 4 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 317 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 36 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1767	09	01
10 <i>Ditto</i> ———	58	18	03
7 <i>Ditto</i> ———	41	04	09
317 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1867	12	01

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 35.		
	At 11 £ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5930	16	00
900	5337	14	06
800	4744	12	11
700	4151	11	03
600	3558	09	08
500	2965	08	00
400	2372	06	05
300	1779	04	10
200	1186	03	02
100	593	01	07
90	533	15	05
80	474	09	02
70	415	03	01
60	355	16	11
50	296	10	09
40	237	04	07
30	177	18	05
20	118	12	03
10	59	06	01
9	53	07	06
8	47	08	11
7	41	10	03
6	35	11	07
5	29	13	00
4	23	14	05
3	17	15	09
2	11	17	02
1	05	18	07

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 36.		
	At 11 £ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5891	10	05
900	5302	07	05
800	4713	04	04
700	4124	01	04
600	3534	18	03
500	2945	15	02
400	2356	12	02
300	1767	09	01
200	1178	06	01
100	589	03	00
90	530	04	08
80	471	06	05
70	412	08	01
60	353	09	09
50	294	11	06
40	235	13	02
30	176	14	10
20	117	16	07
10	58	18	03
9	53	00	05
8	47	02	07
7	41	04	09
6	35	06	11
5	29	09	01
4	23	11	03
3	17	13	05
2	11	15	07
1	05	17	09

Age 37, at 11 per Cent.

A Place or Office for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 10 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold about 10 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 1 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 265 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 37 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1170	06	08
60 <i>Ditto</i>	—	351	02	00
5 <i>Ditto</i>	—	29	05	02
265 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1550	13	10

Age 38, at 11 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, 11 Months, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 4 *s.* 10 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 318 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 38 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1739	19	03
10 <i>Ditto</i>	—	57	19	11
8 <i>Ditto</i>	—	46	07	11
318 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1844	07	01

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 37. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 38. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5851	13	05	1000	5799	17	06
900	5266	10	00	900	5219	17	09
800	4681	06	09	800	4639	18	00
700	4096	03	04	700	4059	18	03
600	3511	00	00	600	3479	18	06
500	2925	16	08	500	2899	18	09
400	2340	13	04	400	2319	19	00
300	1755	10	00	300	1739	19	03
200	1170	06	08	200	1159	19	06
100	585	03	04	100	579	19	09
90	526	13	00	90	521	19	09
80	468	02	08	80	463	19	09
70	409	12	04	70	405	19	09
60	351	02	00	60	347	19	10
50	292	11	08	50	289	19	10
40	234	01	04	40	231	19	10
30	175	11	00	30	173	19	11
20	117	00	08	20	115	19	11
10	58	10	04	10	57	19	11
9	52	13	03	9	52	03	11
8	46	16	03	8	46	07	11
7	40	19	02	7	40	11	11
6	35	02	02	6	34	15	11
5	29	05	02	5	28	19	11
4	23	08	01	4	23	03	11
3	17	11	01	3	17	07	11
2	11	14	00	2	11	11	11
1	05	17	00	1	05	15	11

Age 39, at 11 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 9 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, 11 Months, and about one quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 7 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 273 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 39 in the following Table, and do as underneath,

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1150	11	06
70 Ditto	402	14	00
3 Ditto	17	05	02
273 a Year is worth	1570	10	08

Age 40, at 11 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place the Officer must hold 9 Years, 7 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 9 *s.* 4 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 40 in the following Table, and do as underneath,

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1144	05	02
90 Ditto	514	18	04
3 Ditto	17	03	03
293 a Year is worth	1676	06	09

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 39. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 40. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5752	17	10	1000	5721	06	00
900	5177	12	00	900	5149	03	05
800	4602	06	03	800	4577	00	10
700	4027	00	05	700	4004	18	02
600	3451	14	08	600	3432	15	07
500	2876	08	11	500	2860	13	00
400	2301	03	01	400	2288	10	05
300	1725	17	04	300	1716	07	09
200	1150	11	06	200	1144	05	02
100	575	05	09	100	572	02	07
90	517	15	02	90	514	18	04
80	460	04	07	80	457	14	01
70	402	14	00	70	400	09	09
60	345	03	05	60	343	05	06
50	287	12	10	50	286	01	03
40	230	02	03	40	228	17	00
30	172	11	08	30	171	12	09
20	115	01	01	20	114	08	06
10	57	10	06	10	57	04	03
9	51	15	06	9	51	09	11
8	46	00	05	8	45	15	04
7	40	05	04	7	40	00	11
6	34	10	04	6	34	06	06
5	28	15	03	5	28	12	01
4	23	00	00	4	22	17	08
3	17	05	02	3	17	03	03
2	11	10	06	2	11	08	10
1	05	15	03	1	05	14	05

Age 41, at 11 per Cent.

An Office or Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 8 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place 9 Years, 5 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 12 *s.* 4 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 267 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 41 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth		1134	13	00
60 Ditto	—	340	07	10
7 Ditto	—	39	14	03
267 per Ann. is worth		1514	15	01

Age 42, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 7 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And he must hold this Place about 9 Years, 3 Months, and about one quarter of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 15 *s.* 11 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 367 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 42 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 per Ann. is worth		1685	02	06
60 Ditto	—	337	00	06
7 Ditto	—	39	06	04
367 per Ann. is worth		2061	09	04

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 41.		
	At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5673	—05	—01
900	5105	—18	—07
800	4538	—12	—00
700	3971	—05	—06
600	3403	—19	—00
500	2836	—12	—06
400	2269	—06	—00
300	1701	—19	—06
200	1134	—13	—00
100	567	—06	—06
90	510	—11	—10
80	453	—17	—02
70	397	—02	—06
60	340	—07	—10
50	283	—13	—03
40	226	—18	—07
30	170	—03	—11
20	113	—09	—03
10	56	—14	—07
9	51	—01	—02
8	45	—07	—08
7	39	—14	—03
6	34	—00	—09
5	28	—07	—03
4	22	—13	—10
3	17	—00	—04
2	11	—06	—11
1	05	—13	—05

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 42.		
	At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5617	—01	—10
900	5055	—07	—07
800	4493	—13	—05
700	3931	—19	—03
600	3370	—05	—01
500	2808	—10	—11
400	2246	—16	—08
300	1685	—02	—06
200	1123	—08	—04
100	561	—14	—02
90	505	—10	—09
80	449	—07	—04
70	393	—03	—11
60	337	—00	—06
50	280	—17	—01
40	224	—13	—08
30	168	—10	—03
20	112	—06	—10
10	56	—03	—05
9	50	—11	—00
8	44	—18	—08
7	39	—06	—04
6	33	—14	—00
5	28	—01	—08
4	22	—09	—04
3	16	—17	—00
2	11	—04	—08
1	05	—12	—04

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Age 43, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 7 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, and about 2 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 17 *l.* 18 *s.* 4 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 186 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 43 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	558	03	03
80 <i>Ditto</i> —	446	10	07
6 <i>Ditto</i> —	33	09	09
186 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1038	03	07

Age 44, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 6 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 9 Years, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 236 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 44 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1110	13	11
30 <i>Ditto</i> —	166	12	01
6 <i>Ditto</i> —	33	06	05
236 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1310	12	05

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 43. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 44. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5581	—12	—07	1000	5553	—09	—11
900	5023	—09	—04	900	4998	—02	—11
800	4465	—06	—01	800	4442	—15	—11
700	3907	—02	—10	700	3887	—08	—11
600	3348	—19	—07	600	3332	—01	—11
500	2790	—16	—03	500	2776	—14	—11
400	2232	—13	—00	400	2221	—07	—11
300	1674	—09	—09	300	1666	—00	—11
200	1116	—06	—06	200	1110	—13	—11
100	558	—03	—03	100	555	—06	—11
90	502	—06	—11	90	499	—16	—03
80	446	—10	—07	80	444	—05	—07
70	390	—14	—03	70	388	—14	—10
60	334	—17	—11	60	333	—04	—02
50	279	—01	—07	50	277	—13	—05
40	223	—05	—03	40	222	—02	—09
30	167	—08	—11	30	166	—12	—01
20	111	—12	—07	20	111	—01	—04
10	55	—16	—03	10	55	—10	—08
9	50	—04	—08	9	49	—19	—08
8	44	—13	—00	8	44	—08	—06
7	39	—01	—05	7	38	—17	—05
6	33	—09	—09	6	33	—06	—05
5	27	—18	—01	5	27	—15	—04
4	22	—06	—06	4	22	—04	—03
3	16	—14	—10	3	16	—13	—02
2	11	—03	—03	2	11	—02	—01
1	05	—11	—07	1	05	—11	—00

Age 45, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 6 Months, and about a quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, 11 Months, and about an half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 2 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 264 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 45 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1102	06	08
60 <i>Ditto</i> —————	330	14	00
4 <i>Ditto</i> —————	22	00	11
264 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1455	01	07

Age 46, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years and about 6 Months Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 8 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 5 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 283 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 46 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year, is worth	1094	04	02
80 <i>Ditto</i> —————	437	13	08
3 <i>Ditto</i> —————	16	08	03
283 a Year, is worth	1548	06	01

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 45.		
	At 11% Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5511	13	05
900	4960	10	00
800	4409	06	09
700	3858	03	04
600	3307	00	00
500	2755	16	08
400	2204	13	04
300	1653	10	00
200	1102	06	08
100	551	03	04
90	496	01	00
80	440	18	10
70	385	16	04
60	330	14	00
50	275	11	08
40	220	09	04
30	165	07	00
20	110	04	08
10	55	02	04
9	49	12	01
8	44	01	10
7	38	11	07
6	33	01	04
5	27	11	02
4	22	00	11
3	16	10	08
2	11	00	05
1	05	10	02

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 46.		
	At 11% Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5471	01	00
900	4923	18	11
800	4376	16	09
700	3829	14	08
600	3282	12	07
500	2735	10	06
400	2188	08	04
300	1641	06	03
200	1094	04	02
100	547	02	00
90	492	07	10
80	437	13	08
70	382	19	05
60	328	05	03
50	273	11	00
40	218	16	10
30	164	02	07
20	109	08	05
10	54	14	02
9	49	04	09
8	43	15	04
7	38	05	11
6	32	16	06
5	27	07	01
4	21	17	08
3	16	08	03
2	10	18	10
1	05	09	05

HAYES'S *Estimate of*

Age 47, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 5 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 9 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 387 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 47 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1626	13	05
80 <i>Ditto</i> ———	433	15	07
7 <i>Ditto</i> ———	37	19	01
387 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	2098	08	01

Age 48, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 4 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 7 Months, and about 4 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 10 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 264 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 48 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1078	11	10
60 <i>Ditto</i> ———	323	11	06
4 <i>Ditto</i> ———	21	11	05
264 a Year is worth	1423	14	09

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 211

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 47.		
	At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5422	04	10
900	4880	00	04
800	4337	15	11
700	3795	11	05
600	3253	06	11
500	2711	02	05
400	2168	17	11
300	1626	13	05
200	1084	08	11
100	542	04	05
90	488	00	00
80	433	15	07
70	379	11	01
60	325	06	07
50	271	02	02
40	216	17	09
30	162	13	04
20	108	08	10
10	54	04	05
9	48	16	00
8	43	07	06
7	37	19	01
6	32	10	07
5	27	02	02
4	21	13	09
3	16	05	04
2	10	16	10
1	05	08	05

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 48.		
	At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5392	19	03
900	4853	13	04
800	4314	07	05
700	3775	01	06
600	3235	15	02
500	2696	09	07
400	2157	03	08
300	1617	17	07
200	1078	11	10
100	539	05	11
90	485	07	04
80	431	08	08
70	377	10	01
60	323	11	06
50	269	12	11
40	215	14	04
30	161	15	09
20	107	17	02
10	53	18	07
9	48	10	08
8	43	02	10
7	37	15	00
6	32	07	01
5	26	19	03
4	21	11	05
3	16	03	06
2	10	15	08
1	05	07	10

P 2

Age 49, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 4 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 16 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 379 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 49 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>l.</i> per Ann.	is worth	1596	10	00
70 Ditto	—	372	10	04
9 Ditto	—	47	17	10
379 per Ann.	is worth	2016	18	02

Age 50, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 4 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 *l.* 18 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 283 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 50 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann.	is worth	1057	04	03
80 Ditto	—	422	16	08
3 Ditto	—	15	17	01
283 per Ann.	is worth	1495	18	00

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 49.		
	At 11 p Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5321	13	06
900	4789	10	01
800	4257	06	09
700	3725	03	05
600	3193	00	00
500	2660	16	09
400	2128	13	04
300	1596	10	00
200	1064	06	08
100	532	03	04
90	478	19	00
80	425	14	08
70	372	10	04
60	319	06	00
50	266	01	08
40	212	17	04
30	159	13	00
20	106	08	08
10	53	04	04
9	47	17	10
8	42	11	05
7	37	05	00
6	31	18	07
5	26	12	02
4	21	05	08
3	15	19	03
2	10	12	10
1	05	06	05

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 50.		
	At 11 p Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5286	01	05
900	4757	10	00
800	4228	17	00
700	3700	04	10
600	3171	12	09
500	2643	00	08
400	2114	08	06
300	1585	16	04
200	1057	04	03
100	528	12	01
90	475	15	00
80	422	16	08
70	370	00	05
60	317	03	03
50	264	06	00
40	211	08	10
30	158	11	07
20	105	14	05
10	52	17	02
9	47	11	06
8	42	05	08
7	37	00	00
6	31	14	03
5	26	08	07
4	21	02	10
3	15	17	01
2	10	11	05
1	05	05	08

Age 51, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 3 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 3 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 11 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 263 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 51 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		1050	05	10
60 Ditto	—	315	01	09
3 Ditto	—	15	15	01
263 a Year is worth		1381	02	08

Age 52, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 2 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 3 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 372 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 52 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1563	09	11
70 Ditto	—	364	16	03
2 Ditto	—	10	08	05
372 a Year is worth		1938	14	07

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 51. At 11 % Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 52. At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5251	09	02	1000	5211	13	01
900	4726	06	03	900	4690	05	00
800	4201	03	04	800	4169	06	06
700	3676	00	05	700	3648	03	02
600	3150	17	06	600	3126	19	11
500	2625	14	07	500	2605	16	06
400	2100	11	08	400	2084	13	03
300	1575	08	09	300	1563	09	11
200	1050	05	10	200	1042	06	06
100	525	02	11	100	521	03	03
90	472	13	07	90	469	00	06
80	420	02	04	80	416	18	07
70	367	12	00	70	364	16	03
60	315	01	09	60	312	13	11
50	262	11	05	50	260	11	07
40	210	01	02	40	208	09	03
30	157	10	10	30	156	06	11
20	105	00	07	20	104	04	07
10	52	10	03	10	52	02	03
9	47	05	04	9	46	18	00
8	42	00	02	8	41	13	10
7	36	15	02	7	36	09	07
6	31	10	02	6	31	05	04
5	26	05	01	5	26	01	01
4	21	00	01	4	20	16	11
3	15	15	01	3	15	12	08
2	10	10	00	2	10	08	05
1	05	05	00	1	05	04	02

Age 53, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, and about 1 Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 6 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 293 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 53 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1034	13	01
90 Ditto	465	11	06
3 Ditto	15	10	04
293 a Year is worth	1515	14	11

Age 54, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 1 Month, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place about 8 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 432 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 54 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
400 a Year is worth	2054	00	11
30 Ditto	154	01	00
2 Ditto	10	05	04
432 a Year is worth	2218	07	03

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 53. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5173	—01	—05
900	4655	—15	—03
800	4138	—12	—04
700	3621	—03	—00
600	3103	—16	—10
500	2586	—10	—08
400	2069	—06	—02
300	1551	—18	—05
200	1034	—13	—01
100	517	—06	—06
90	465	—11	—06
80	413	—17	—02
70	362	—02	—03
60	310	—07	—08
50	258	—13	—00
40	206	—18	—07
30	155	—03	—10
20	103	—09	—03
10	51	—14	—07
9	46	—11	—01
8	41	—07	—08
7	36	—04	—02
6	31	—00	—09
5	25	—17	—03
4	20	—13	—10
3	15	—10	—04
2	10	—06	—11
1	05	—03	—05

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 54. At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5135	—02	—05
900	4621	—12	—02
800	4108	—01	—11
700	3594	—11	—08
600	3081	—01	—05
500	2567	—11	—02
400	2054	—00	—11
300	1540	—10	—08
200	1027	—00	—05
100	513	—10	—02
90	462	—03	—02
80	410	—16	—02
70	359	—09	—02
60	308	—02	—01
50	256	—15	—01
40	205	—08	—01
30	154	—01	—00
20	102	—14	—00
10	51	—07	—00
9	46	—04	—03
8	41	—01	—07
7	35	—18	—11
6	30	—16	—02
5	25	—13	—06
4	20	—10	—09
3	15	—08	—01
2	10	—05	—04
1	05	—02	—08

Age 55, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about one Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 10 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 12 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 153 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 55 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 per Ann. is worth		509	14	01
50 Ditto	—	254	17	00
3 Ditto	—	15	05	10
153 per Ann. is worth		779	16	11

Age 56, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 9 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 18 *s.* 11 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 266 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 56 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth		1003	10	00
60 Ditto	—	301	01	00
6 Ditto	—	30	02	01
266 per Ann. is worth		1334	13	01

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 219

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 55.			Year	Is worth ^b for Life of Age 56.		
	At 11 p^{r} Cent.				At 11 p^{r} Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5097	—01	—01	1000	5017	—10	—02
900	4587	—07	—00	900	4515	—15	—02
800	4077	—12	—11	800	4014	—00	—02
700	3567	—18	—09	700	3512	—05	—01
600	3058	—06	—08	600	3010	—10	—01
500	2548	—10	—06	500	2508	—15	—00
400	2038	—16	—05	400	2007	—00	—01
300	1529	—03	—04	300	1505	—05	—00
200	1019	—08	—02	200	1003	—10	—00
100	509	—14	—01	100	501	—15	—00
90	458	—14	—08	90	451	—11	—06
80	407	—15	—03	80	401	—08	—00
70	356	—15	—10	70	351	—04	—06
60	305	—16	—08	60	301	—01	—00
50	254	—17	—00	50	250	—17	—06
40	203	—17	—07	40	200	—14	—00
30	152	—18	—04	30	150	—10	—06
20	101	—18	—09	20	100	—07	—00
10	50	—19	—04	10	50	—03	—06
9	45	—17	—05	9	45	—03	—01
8	40	—15	—06	8	40	—02	—09
7	35	—13	—07	7	35	—02	—05
6	30	—11	—08	6	30	—02	—01
5	25	—09	—08	5	25	—01	—09
4	20	—07	—09	4	20	—01	—04
3	15	—05	—10	3	15	—01	—00
2	10	—03	—10	2	10	—00	—08
1	05	—01	—11	1	05	—00	—04

Age 57, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 11 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 3 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 236 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 57 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	990	17	00
30 Ditto	148	12	06
6 Ditto	29	14	06
236 a Year is worth	1169	04	00

Age 58, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 10 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place he must hold 7 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 quarters, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 9 *s.* 8 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 183 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 58 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 a Year is worth	488	04	05
80 Ditto	390	11	06
3 Ditto	14	12	11
183 a Year is worth	893	08	10

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 57.		
	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4954	05	00
900	4458	16	06
800	3963	08	00
700	3467	19	06
600	2972	11	00
500	2477	02	06
400	1981	14	00
300	1486	05	06
200	990	17	00
100	495	08	06
90	445	17	07
80	396	06	09
70	346	15	11
60	297	05	01
50	247	14	03
40	198	03	04
30	148	12	06
20	99	01	10
10	49	10	11
9	44	11	09
8	39	12	08
7	34	13	07
6	29	14	06
5	24	15	05
4	19	16	04
3	14	17	03
2	09	18	02
1	04	19	01

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 58.		
	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4882	04	07
900	4394	00	00
800	3905	15	08
700	3417	11	02
600	2929	06	09
500	2441	02	03
400	1952	17	10
300	1464	13	04
200	976	08	11
100	488	04	05
90	439	08	00
80	390	11	06
70	341	15	01
60	292	18	08
50	244	02	02
40	195	05	09
30	146	09	04
20	97	12	10
10	48	16	05
9	43	18	09
8	39	01	01
7	34	03	06
6	29	05	10
5	24	08	02
4	19	10	06
3	14	12	11
2	09	15	03
1	04	17	06

Age 59, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 9 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 2 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20*l.* 15*s.* 7*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 253*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 59 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	962	03	01
50 Ditto ———	240	10	09
3 Ditto ———	14	08	07
253 a Year is worth	1217	02	05

Age 60, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21*l.* 1*s.* 7*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 247*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 60 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	948	04	07
40 Ditto ———	189	12	11
7 Ditto ———	33	03	09
247 a Year is worth	1171	01	03

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 223

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 59.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 60.		
	At 11 % Cent.				At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4810	15	05	1000	4741	02	11
900	4329	13	10	900	4267	00	07
800	3848	12	04	800	3792	18	04
700	3367	10	09	700	3318	16	00
600	2886	09	03	600	2844	13	09
500	2405	07	08	500	2370	11	05
400	1924	06	02	400	1896	09	02
300	1443	04	07	300	1422	06	10
200	962	03	01	200	948	04	07
100	481	01	06	100	474	02	03
90	432	19	04	90	426	14	00
80	384	17	02	80	379	05	10
70	336	15	00	70	331	17	07
60	288	12	11	60	284	09	04
50	240	10	09	50	237	01	01
40	192	08	07	40	189	12	11
30	144	06	05	30	142	04	08
20	96	04	03	20	94	16	05
10	48	02	01	10	47	08	02
9	43	05	11	9	42	13	04
8	38	09	08	8	37	18	07
7	33	13	06	7	33	03	09
6	28	17	03	6	28	08	11
5	24	01	00	5	23	14	01
4	19	04	10	4	18	19	03
3	14	08	07	3	14	04	05
2	09	12	05	2	09	09	07
1	04	16	02	1	04	14	09

Age 61, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 8 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 11 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 7 s. 3 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 183 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 61 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.		l.	s.	d.
100 per Ann. is worth			468	04	09
80 Ditto — —			374	11	09
3 Ditto — — —			14	00	11
183 per Ann. is worth			856	17	05

Age 62, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 7 Months, and about 1 quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 9 Months, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 17 s. 1 d. Half-penny a Year coming in for his 100 l.

To know what 274 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 62 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.		l.	s.	d.
200 per Ann. is worth			915	04	08
70 Ditto — —			320	06	07
4 Ditto — — —			18	06	01
274 per Ann. is worth			1253	17	04

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 225

Is worth for Life of Age 61.				Is worth for Life of Age 62.			
# Year	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			# Year	At 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4682	—07	—10	1000	4576	—03	—04
900	4214	—03	—00	900	4118	—11	—00
800	3745	—18	—03	800	3660	—18	—08
700	3277	—13	—05	700	3203	—06	—04
600	2809	—04	—08	600	2745	—14	—00
500	2341	—03	—11	500	2288	—01	—08
400	1872	—19	—01	400	1830	—09	—04
300	1404	—12	—04	300	1372	—17	—00
200	936	—09	—06	200	915	—04	—08
100	468	—04	—09	100	457	—12	—04
90	421	—08	—03	90	411	—17	—01
80	374	—11	—09	80	366	—01	—10
70	327	—15	—04	70	320	—06	—07
60	280	—18	—05	60	274	—11	—04
50	234	—02	—04	50	228	—16	—02
40	187	—05	—10	40	183	—00	—11
30	140	—09	—02	30	137	—05	—08
20	93	—12	—11	20	91	—10	—05
10	46	—16	—05	10	45	—15	—02
9	42	—02	—09	9	41	—03	—08
8	37	—09	—02	8	36	—12	—02
7	32	—15	—06	7	32	—00	—07
6	28	—01	—10	6	27	—09	—01
5	23	—08	—02	5	22	—17	—07
4	18	—14	—07	4	18	—06	—01
3	14	—00	—11	3	13	—14	—06
2	09	—07	—03	2	09	—03	—00
1	04	—13	—10	1	04	—11	—06

Age 63, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about an half's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 8 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 22 l. 5 s. 9 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 349 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 63 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year is worth		1345	12	05
40 Ditto	—	179	08	04
9 Ditto	—	40	07	04
349 a Year is worth		1565	08	01

Age 64, at 11 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 4 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 22 l. 15 s. 9 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 267 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 64 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		877	13	07
60 Ditto	—	263	06	01
7 Ditto	—	30	14	04
267 a Year is worth		1171	14	00

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 63. At 11 % Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 64. At 11 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4485	—08	—02	1000	4388	—08	—03
900	4036	—17	—04	900	3949	—11	—05
800	3588	—06	—07	800	3510	—14	—07
700	3139	—15	—07	700	3071	—17	—09
600	2691	—04	—11	600	2633	—00	—11
500	2242	—14	—01	500	2194	—04	—01
400	1794	—03	—03	400	1755	—07	—03
300	1345	—12	—05	300	1316	—10	—05
200	897	—01	—07	200	877	—13	—07
100	448	—10	—09	100	438	—16	—09
90	403	—13	—08	90	394	—19	—01
80	358	—16	—07	80	351	—01	—05
70	313	—19	—06	70	307	—03	—09
60	269	—02	—05	60	263	—06	—01
50	224	—05	—04	50	219	—08	—04
40	179	—08	—04	40	175	—10	—08
30	134	—11	—02	30	131	—13	—00
20	89	—14	—01	20	87	—15	—04
10	44	—17	—00	10	43	—17	—08
9	40	—07	—04	9	39	—09	—10
8	35	—17	—07	8	35	—02	—01
7	31	—07	—11	7	30	—14	—04
6	26	—18	—02	6	26	—06	—07
5	22	—08	—06	5	21	—18	—10
4	17	—18	—09	4	17	—11	—00
3	13	—09	—01	3	13	—03	—03
2	08	—19	—04	2	08	—15	—06
1	04	—09	—08	1	04	—07	—09

HAYES'S *Estimate of*

Age 26, or 27, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 6 Months Purchase.

And the Purchaser must hold this Place 9 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Officer has about 18*l.* 3*s.* 7*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 267*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 26 or 27 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1100	00	00
60 Ditto —	330	00	00
7 Ditto —	38	10	00
267 a Year is worth	1468	10	00

Age 30, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 4 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place about 9 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Officer has about 18*l.* 15*s.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 246*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 30 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1066	09	09
40 Ditto —	213	05	11
6 Ditto —	31	19	10
246 a Year is worth	1311	15	06

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 26, or 27.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5500	00	00
900	4950	00	00
800	4400	00	00
700	3850	00	00
600	3300	00	00
500	2750	00	00
400	2200	00	00
300	1650	00	00
200	1100	00	00
100	550	00	00
90	495	00	00
80	440	00	00
70	385	00	00
60	330	00	00
50	275	00	00
40	220	00	00
30	165	00	00
20	110	00	00
10	55	00	00
9	49	10	00
8	44	00	00
7	38	10	00
6	33	00	00
5	27	10	00
4	22	00	00
3	16	10	00
2	11	00	00
1	05	10	00

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 30.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5332	09	00
900	4799	04	00
800	4265	19	02
700	3732	14	03
600	3199	09	04
500	2666	04	06
400	2132	19	07
300	1599	14	08
200	1066	09	09
100	533	04	10
90	479	18	04
80	426	11	11
70	373	05	05
60	319	18	11
50	266	12	05
40	213	05	11
30	159	19	05
20	106	12	11
10	53	06	05
9	47	19	10
8	42	13	02
7	37	06	06
6	31	19	10
5	26	13	02
4	21	06	07
3	15	19	11
2	10	13	03
1	05	06	07

Age 31, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 10 Months, and about 3 4ths, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 18 l. 18 s. 8 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 346 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 31 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1584	03	05
40 <i>Ditto</i> — —		211	04	05
6 <i>Ditto</i> — —		31	13	08
— — —		— — —	— — —	— — —
346 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1827	01	06
— — —		— — —	— — —	— — —

Age 32, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 3 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 10 Months, and about one Quarter, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 l. 11 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 283 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 32 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1049	11	04
80 <i>Ditto</i> — —		419	16	06
3 <i>Ditto</i> — —		15	14	10
— — —		— — —	— — —	— — —
283 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1485	02	08
— — —		— — —	— — —	— — —

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 31. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 32. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5280	11	04	1000	5247	16	10
900	4752	10	03	900	4723	01	02
800	4224	09	01	800	4198	05	05
700	3696	08	00	700	3673	09	09
600	3168	06	10	600	3148	14	01
500	2640	05	08	500	2623	18	05
400	2112	04	06	400	2099	02	08
300	1584	03	05	300	1574	07	00
200	1056	02	03	200	1049	11	04
100	528	01	01	100	524	15	08
90	475	05	00	90	472	06	01
80	422	08	10	80	419	16	06
70	369	12	09	70	367	06	11
60	316	16	08	60	314	17	04
50	264	00	06	50	262	07	10
40	211	04	05	40	209	18	03
30	158	08	04	30	157	08	08
20	105	12	02	20	104	19	01
10	52	16	01	10	52	09	06
9	47	10	06	9	47	04	07
8	42	04	10	8	41	19	07
7	36	19	03	7	36	14	08
6	31	13	08	6	31	09	08
5	26	08	00	5	26	04	09
4	21	02	05	4	20	19	09
3	15	16	10	3	15	14	10
2	10	11	02	2	10	09	10
1	05	05	07	1	05	04	11

HAYES'S *Estimate of*

Age 33, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, and about 8 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 l. 9 s. 8 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 283 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 33 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.	s.	d.
200 per Ann. is worth	1042	15	03
80 Ditto	417	02	01
3 Ditto	15	12	09
283 per Ann. is worth	1475	10	01

Age 34, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 2 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 7 Months, and about one half, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 l. 6 s. 5 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 276 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 34 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.	s.	d.
200 per Ann. is worth	1034	09	07
70 Ditto	362	01	04
6 Ditto	31	00	08
276 per Ann. is worth	1427	11	07

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 33.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 34.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.				At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5313	16	05	1000	5172	08	02
900	4692	08	09	900	4655	03	04
800	4171	01	01	800	4137	18	06
700	3649	13	06	700	3620	13	08
600	3128	05	10	600	3103	08	11
500	2606	18	02	500	2586	04	01
400	2085	10	06	400	2068	19	03
300	1564	02	11	300	1551	14	05
200	1042	15	03	200	1034	09	07
100	521	07	07	100	517	04	09
90	469	04	10	90	465	10	04
80	417	02	01	80	413	15	10
70	364	19	04	70	362	01	04
60	312	16	07	60	310	06	10
50	260	13	09	50	258	17	10
40	208	11	00	40	206	17	11
30	156	08	03	30	155	03	05
20	104	05	06	20	103	08	11
10	52	02	09	10	51	14	05
9	46	18	05	9	46	11	00
8	41	14	02	8	41	07	07
7	36	09	11	7	36	04	01
6	31	05	07	6	31	00	08
5	26	01	04	5	25	17	02
4	20	17	01	4	20	13	09
3	15	12	09	3	15	10	04
2	10	08	06	2	10	06	10
1	05	04	03	1	05	03	05

Age 35, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 1 Month, and about 7 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 6 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 9 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 253 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 35 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann.	is worth	1027	10	05
50 Ditto	—	256	17	07
3 Ditto	—	15	09	07
253 per Ann.	is worth	1299	17	07

Age 36, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, 1 Month, and about three 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 *l.* 11 *s.* 2 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 253 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 36 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann.	is worth	1021	14	09
50 Ditto	—	255	08	08
3 Ditto	—	15	06	06
253 per Ann.	is worth	1292	09	11

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 35. At 12 p^{r} Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 36. At 12 p^{r} Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	5137	—12	—01	1000	5108	—14	—06
900	4623	—16	—11	900	4597	—17	—00
800	4110	—01	—08	800	4086	—19	—07
700	3596	—06	—05	700	3576	—02	—02
600	3082	—11	—03	600	3065	—04	—08
500	2568	—16	—00	500	2554	—07	—03
400	2055	—00	—10	400	2043	—09	—09
300	1541	—05	—07	300	1532	—12	—04
200	1027	—10	—05	200	1021	—14	—09
100	513	—15	—02	100	510	—17	—04
90	462	—07	—08	90	459	—15	—08
80	411	—00	—02	80	408	—13	—11
70	359	—12	—07	70	357	—12	—02
60	308	—03	—01	60	306	—10	—05
50	256	—17	—07	50	255	—08	—08
40	205	—10	—01	40	204	—06	—11
30	154	—16	—03	30	153	—05	—02
20	102	—15	—00	20	102	—03	—05
10	51	—07	—06	10	51	—01	—08
9	46	—04	—09	9	45	—19	—06
8	41	—02	—00	8	40	—17	—04
7	35	—19	—03	7	35	—15	—02
6	30	—16	—03	6	30	—13	—00
5	25	—13	—09	5	25	—10	—10
4	20	—11	—00	4	20	—08	—08
3	15	—09	—07	3	15	—06	—06
2	10	—05	—06	2	10	—04	—04
1	05	—02	—09	1	05	—02	—02

Age 37, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about 1 Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 3 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 l. 13 s. 7 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 243 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 37 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1015	17	07
40 <i>Ditto</i>	<u> </u>	203	03	06
3 <i>Ditto</i>	<u> </u>	15	04	09
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
243 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1234	05	10
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Age 38, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 3 Months, and about one half of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 19 l. 17 s. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 364 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 38 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1511	17	11
60 <i>Ditto</i>	<u> </u>	302	07	07
4 <i>Ditto</i>	<u> </u>	20	03	02
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
364 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1834	08	08
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 37.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5079	—08	—00
900	4471	—09	—02
800	4063	—10	—04
700	3555	—11	—07
600	3047	—12	—09
500	2539	—14	—00
400	2031	—15	—02
300	1523	—16	—04
200	1015	—17	—07
100	507	—18	—09
90	447	—02	—11
80	406	—07	—00
70	355	—11	—01
60	304	—15	—03
50	253	—19	—04
40	203	—03	—06
30	152	—07	—07
20	101	—11	—09
10	50	—15	—10
9	44	—14	—03
8	40	—12	—08
7	35	—11	—01
6	30	—09	—06
5	25	—07	—11
4	20	—06	—04
3	15	—04	—09
2	10	—03	—02
1	05	—01	—07

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 38.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5039	—13	—00
900	4535	—13	—09
800	4031	—14	—00
700	3527	—15	—01
600	3023	—15	—10
500	2519	—16	—06
400	2015	—17	—00
300	1511	—17	—11
200	1007	—18	—06
100	503	—19	—03
90	453	—11	—04
80	403	—03	—04
70	352	—15	—06
60	302	—07	—07
50	251	—19	—07
40	201	—11	—08
30	151	—03	—09
20	100	—15	—10
10	50	—07	—11
9	45	—07	—01
8	40	—06	—04
7	35	—05	—06
6	30	—04	—09
5	25	—03	—11
4	20	—03	—02
3	15	—02	—04
2	10	—01	—07
1	05	—00	—09

Age 39, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 5 Years, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, 1 Month, and about 7 8ths, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Officer has about 19 l. 18 s. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 263 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 39 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	1000	17	03
60 Ditto	300	05	02
3 Ditto	15	00	03
263 a Year is worth	1316	02	08

Age 40, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth about 5 Years Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 8 Years, and about 1 Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 l. 1 s. 6 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 243 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 40 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth	996	10	06
40 Ditto	199	06	01
3 Ditto	14	18	11
243 per Ann. is worth	1210	15	06

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 39.		
	At 12 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	5004	—06	—06
900	4503	—17	—10
800	4003	—09	—02
700	3503	—00	—07
600	3002	—11	—11
500	2502	—03	—03
400	2001	—14	—07
300	1501	—05	—11
200	1000	—17	—03
100	500	—08	—07
90	450	—07	—09
80	400	—06	—10
70	350	—06	—00
60	300	—05	—02
50	250	—04	—03
40	200	—03	—05
30	150	—02	—07
20	100	—08	—07
10	50	—04	—03
9	45	—00	—09
8	40	—00	—08
7	35	—00	—07
6	30	—00	—06
5	25	—02	—01
4	20	—00	—04
3	15	—00	—03
2	10	—00	—02
1	05	—00	—01

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 40.		
	At 12 % Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4982	—12	—08
900	4484	—07	—05
800	3986	—02	—01
700	3487	—16	—10
600	2989	—11	—07
500	2491	—06	—04
400	1993	—01	—00
300	1494	—15	—09
200	996	—10	—06
100	498	—03	—03
90	448	—08	—08
80	398	—12	—02
70	348	—15	—08
60	298	—19	—01
50	249	—02	—07
40	199	—06	—01
30	149	—09	—06
20	99	—13	—00
10	49	—16	—06
9	44	—16	—10
8	39	—17	—02
7	34	—17	—06
6	29	—17	—10
5	24	—18	—03
4	19	—18	—07
3	14	—18	—11
2	09	—19	—03
1	04	—19	—07

Age 41, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 11 Months, and about one half of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place about 8 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 4 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 259 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 41 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	989	07	06
50 Ditto	247	06	10
9 Ditto	44	10	05
259 per Ann. is worth	1281	04	09

Age 42, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years and about 11 Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 11 Months, and about one quarter, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 7 *s.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 346 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 42 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 per Ann. is worth	1472	12	07
40 Ditto	196	07	00
6 Ditto	29	09	00
346 per Ann. is worth	1698	08	07

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 41.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4946	17	09
900	4452	03	11
800	3957	10	02
700	3462	16	05
600	2968	02	02
500	2473	08	10
400	1978	15	01
300	1484	01	01
200	989	07	06
100	494	13	09
90	445	04	04
80	395	15	00
70	346	05	07
60	296	16	02
50	247	06	10
40	197	17	06
30	148	08	01
20	98	18	09
10	49	09	04
9	44	10	05
8	39	11	06
7	34	12	06
6	29	13	07
5	24	14	08
4	19	15	09
3	14	16	09
2	09	17	10
1	04	18	11

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 42.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4908	15	03
900	4417	17	09
800	3927	00	02
700	3436	02	08
600	2945	05	02
500	2454	07	07
400	1963	10	00
300	1472	12	07
200	981	15	00
100	490	17	06
90	441	15	09
80	392	14	00
70	343	12	03
60	294	10	06
50	245	08	09
40	196	07	00
30	147	05	03
20	98	03	06
10	49	01	09
9	44	03	06
8	39	05	04
7	34	07	02
6	29	09	00
5	24	10	10
4	19	12	08
3	14	14	06
2	09	16	04
1	04	18	02

Age 43, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 10 Months, and about 3 4ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 l. 9 s. 8 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 253 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 43 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	976	18	00
50 <i>Ditto</i> ———	244	04	06
3 <i>Ditto</i> ———	14	13	00
253 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1235	15	06

Age 44, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 10 Months, and about one half's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 8ths, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 l. 10 s. 9 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 263 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 44 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	973	07	10
60 <i>Ditto</i> ———	292	00	04
3 <i>Ditto</i> ———	14	12	00
263 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth	1280	00	02

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 43. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 44. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4884	10	00	1000	4866	19	06
900	4396	01	00	900	4380	05	06
800	3907	12	00	800	3893	11	07
700	3419	03	00	700	3406	17	08
600	2930	14	00	600	2920	23	08
500	2442	05	00	500	2433	09	09
400	1953	16	00	400	1946	15	09
300	1465	07	00	300	1460	01	10
200	976	18	00	200	973	07	10
100	489	09	00	100	486	13	11
90	439	12	01	90	438	00	06
80	390	15	02	80	389	07	01
70	341	18	03	70	340	13	09
60	293	01	04	60	292	00	04
50	244	04	06	50	243	06	11
40	195	07	07	40	194	13	06
30	146	10	08	30	146	00	02
20	97	13	09	20	97	06	09
10	48	16	10	10	48	13	04
9	43	19	02	9	43	16	00
8	39	01	06	8	38	18	10
7	34	03	09	7	34	01	04
6	29	06	01	6	29	04	00
5	24	08	05	5	24	06	08
4	19	10	09	4	19	09	05
3	14	13	00	3	14	12	00
2	09	15	04	2	09	14	08
1	04	17	08	1	04	17	04

Age 45, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 10 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 8 Months, and about 1 quarter, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 13 *s.* 5 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 192 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 45 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 per Ann. is worth	483	15	06
90 Ditto —————	435	07	11
2 Ditto —————	09	13	06
192 per Ann. is worth	928	16	11

Age 46, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years and about 10 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 8 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 *l.* 15 *s.* 7 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 346 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 46 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 a Year, is worth	1443	15	05
40 Ditto —————	192	10	00
6 Ditto —————	28	17	06
346 a Year, is worth	1665	02	11

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 245

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 45.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4837	15	05
900	4353	19	11
800	3870	04	04
700	3386	08	10
600	2902	13	04
500	2418	17	08
400	1935	02	02
300	1451	06	08
200	967	11	01
100	483	15	06
90	435	07	11
80	387	00	05
70	338	12	10
60	290	05	04
50	241	17	09
40	193	10	02
30	145	02	08
20	96	15	01
10	48	07	06
9	43	10	09
8	38	14	00
7	33	17	03
6	29	00	06
5	24	03	09
4	19	07	00
3	14	10	03
2	09	13	06
1	04	16	09

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 46.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4812	11	07
900	4331	06	05
800	3850	01	03
700	3368	16	01
600	2887	10	11
500	2406	05	09
400	1925	00	07
300	1443	15	05
200	962	10	03
100	481	05	01
90	433	02	07
80	385	00	01
70	336	17	07
60	288	15	01
50	240	12	06
40	192	10	00
30	144	07	06
20	96	05	00
10	48	02	06
9	43	06	03
8	38	10	00
7	33	13	09
6	28	17	06
5	24	01	03
4	19	05	00
3	14	08	09
2	09	12	06
1	04	16	03

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Age 47, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And this Place the Officer must hold 7 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 20 l. 19 s. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 238 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 47 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.	s.	d.
200 per Ann. is worth	954	18	03
30 Ditto	143	04	08
8 Ditto	38	03	11
238 per Ann. is worth	1136	06	10

Age 48, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about 9 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 6 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 6 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 342 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 48 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

	l.	s.	d.
300 per Ann. is worth	1427	03	04
40 Ditto	190	05	09
2 Ditto	9	10	03
342 per Ann. is worth	1626	19	04

Year

Is worth for Life of Age 47.			
Year £	At 12 £ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4774	—11	—04
900	4297	—02	—02
800	3819	—13	—01
700	3342	—03	—11
600	2864	—14	—10
500	2387	—05	—08
400	1909	—16	—06
300	1432	—07	—05
200	954	—18	—03
100	477	—09	—01
90	429	—14	—02
80	381	—19	—03
70	334	—04	—11
60	286	—09	—05
50	238	—14	—06
40	190	—19	—07
30	143	—04	—08
20	95	—09	—09
10	47	—14	—10
9	42	—19	—05
8	38	—03	—11
7	33	—08	—05
6	28	—12	—11
5	23	—17	—05
4	19	—01	—11
3	14	—06	—05
2	09	—10	—11
1	04	—15	—05

Is worth for Life of Age 48.			
Year £	At 12 £ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4757	—04	—07
900	4281	—10	—01
800	3805	—15	—08
700	3330	—01	—02
600	2854	—06	—09
500	2378	—12	—03
400	1902	—17	—10
300	1427	—03	—04
200	951	—08	—11
100	475	—14	—05
90	428	—03	—00
80	380	—11	—06
70	333	—00	—01
60	285	—08	—09
50	237	—16	—02
40	190	—05	—09
30	142	—14	—04
20	95	—02	—10
10	47	—11	—05
9	42	—16	—03
8	38	—01	—01
7	33	—06	—00
6	28	—10	—10
5	23	—15	—07
4	19	—00	—06
3	14	—05	—05
2	09	—10	—03
1	04	—15	—01

Age 49, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 8 Months, and about 5 8ths Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 5 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 *l.* 5 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 253 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 49 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	940	09	08
50 Ditto ———	235	02	05
3 Ditto ———	14	02	01
253 a Year is worth	1189	14	02

Age 50, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 8 Months, and about one quarter's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 4 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 *l.* 7 *s.* 3 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 264 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 50 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>	<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth	935	17	06
60 Ditto ———	280	15	03
4 Ditto ———	18	14	04
264 a Year is worth	1235	07	01

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 49.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4702	08	10
900	4232	03	07
800	3761	18	09
700	3291	13	11
600	2821	09	00
500	2351	04	05
400	1880	19	04
300	1410	14	06
200	940	09	08
100	470	04	10
90	423	04	04
80	376	03	10
70	329	03	04
60	282	02	10
50	235	02	05
40	188	01	11
30	141	01	05
20	94	00	11
10	47	00	05
9	42	06	05
8	37	12	04
7	32	18	04
6	28	04	03
5	23	10	04
4	18	16	02
3	14	02	01
2	09	08	01
1	04	14	00

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 50.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4679	07	08
900	4211	08	11
800	3743	10	02
700	3275	11	04
600	2807	12	07
500	2339	13	10
400	1871	15	01
300	1403	16	03
200	935	17	06
100	467	18	09
90	421	02	10
80	374	07	00
70	327	11	01
60	280	15	03
50	233	19	04
40	187	03	06
30	140	07	07
20	93	11	09
10	46	15	10
9	42	02	03
8	37	08	08
7	32	15	01
6	28	01	06
5	23	07	11
4	18	14	04
3	14	00	09
2	09	07	02
1	04	13	07

Age 51, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about 8 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 3 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 8 s. 11 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 345 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 51 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.	l.	s.	d.
300 a Year is worth	1398	04	01
40 Ditto —	186	08	06
5 Ditto —	23	06	00
345 a Year is worth	1607	18	07

Age 52, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 7 Months, and about 5 8ths of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 2 Months, and about 3 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 11 s. 10 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 267 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 52 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.	l.	s.	d.
200 per Ann. is worth	926	05	08
60 Ditto —	277	17	08
7 Ditto —	32	08	04
267 per Ann. is worth	1236	11	08

Year

PLACES for LIFE. 251

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 51.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4660	13	09
900	4194	12	04
800	3728	11	00
700	3262	09	07
600	2796	08	02
500	2330	06	10
400	1864	05	06
300	1398	04	01
200	932	02	09
100	466	01	04
90	419	09	02
80	372	17	01
70	326	04	11
60	279	13	09
50	233	00	08
40	186	08	06
30	139	16	04
20	93	04	03
10	46	12	01
9	41	18	11
8	37	05	08
7	32	12	05
6	27	19	04
5	23	06	00
4	18	12	10
3	13	19	08
2	09	06	05
1	04	13	02

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 52.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4631	08	04
900	4168	05	06
800	3705	02	08
700	3241	19	10
600	2778	17	00
500	2315	14	02
400	1852	11	04
300	1389	08	06
200	926	05	08
100	463	02	10
90	416	16	06
80	370	10	03
70	324	03	11
60	277	17	08
50	231	11	05
40	185	05	01
30	138	18	09
20	92	12	06
10	46	06	03
9	41	13	07
8	37	01	00
7	32	08	04
6	27	15	09
5	23	03	07
4	18	10	06
3	13	17	10
2	09	05	03
1	04	12	07

Age 53, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 7 Months, and about 3 8ths Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, 1 Month, and about half a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 14 s. 1 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 253 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 53 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.	l.	s.	d.
200 a Year is worth	921	06	08
50 Ditto ———	230	06	08
3 Ditto ———	13	16	04
253 a Year is worth	1165	09	08

Age 54, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about 7 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 7 Years, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 l. 16 s. 6 d. Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 326 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 54 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.	l.	s.	d.
300 a Year is worth	1374	16	09
20 Ditto ———	91	13	01
6 Ditto ———	27	09	11
326 a Year is worth	1493	19	09

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 53.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4606	13	04
900	4146	00	00
800	3685	06	08
700	3224	13	04
600	2764	00	00
500	2303	06	08
400	1842	13	04
300	1382	00	00
200	921	06	08
100	460	13	04
90	414	12	00
80	368	10	08
70	322	09	04
60	276	08	00
50	230	06	08
40	184	05	04
30	138	04	00
20	92	02	08
10	46	01	04
9	41	09	02
8	36	17	00
7	32	04	11
6	27	12	09
5	23	00	08
4	18	08	06
3	13	16	04
2	09	04	03
1	04	12	01

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 54.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4582	15	10
900	4124	10	03
800	3666	04	09
700	3207	19	02
600	2749	13	06
500	2291	07	11
400	1833	02	04
300	1374	16	09
200	916	11	02
100	458	05	07
90	412	09	00
80	366	12	05
70	320	15	11
60	274	19	04
50	229	02	09
40	183	06	02
30	137	09	08
20	91	13	01
10	45	16	06
9	41	04	10
8	36	13	02
7	32	01	07
6	27	09	11
5	22	18	03
4	18	06	07
3	13	14	11
2	09	03	03
1	04	11	07

Age 55, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 6 Months, and about one half's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 11 Months, and about 7 8ths of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 21 *l.* 18 *s.* 6 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 276 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 55 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 per Ann. is worth		911	16	06
70 Ditto	—	319	02	09
6 Ditto	—	27	07	01
276 per Ann. is worth		1258	06	04

Age 56, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 6 Months, and about 1 8th of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, and about 11 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 22 *l.* 4 *s.* 5 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 356 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 56 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 per Ann. is worth		1349	11	06
50 Ditto	—	224	18	07
6 Ditto	—	26	19	09
356 a Year is worth		1601	09	10

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 55. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4559	02	06
900	4103	04	03
800	3647	06	00
700	3191	07	09
600	2735	09	06
500	2279	11	03
400	1823	13	00
300	1367	14	09
200	911	16	06
100	455	18	03
90	410	06	05
80	364	14	07
70	319	02	09
60	273	10	11
50	227	19	01
40	182	07	03
30	136	15	05
20	91	03	07
10	45	11	09
9	41	00	07
8	36	09	05
7	31	18	03
6	27	07	01
5	22	15	10
4	18	04	08
3	13	13	06
2	09	02	04
1	04	11	02

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 56. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4498	11	08
900	4048	14	06
800	3598	17	04
700	3149	00	02
600	2699	03	00
500	2249	05	10
400	1799	08	08
300	1349	11	06
200	899	14	04
100	449	17	02
90	404	17	05
80	359	17	08
70	314	18	00
60	269	18	03
50	224	18	07
40	179	18	10
30	134	19	01
20	89	19	05
10	44	19	08
9	40	09	08
8	35	19	09
7	31	09	09
6	26	19	09
5	22	09	10
4	17	19	10
3	13	09	10
2	08	19	11
1	04	09	11

Age 57, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 5 Months, and about one half's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 9 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 22 *l.* 9 *s.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 283 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 57 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		890	11	02
80 Ditto	—	356	04	05
3 Ditto	—	13	07	02
283 a Year is worth		1260	02	09

Age 58, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 quarters Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, and about 8 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 22 *l.* 14 *s.* 6 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 250 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 58 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 a Year is worth		879	15	06
50 Ditto	—	219	18	10
250 a Year is worth		1099	14	04

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 57.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4452	16	01
900	4007	10	06
800	3562	04	11
700	3116	19	03
600	2671	13	08
500	2226	08	00
400	1781	02	05
300	1335	16	10
200	890	11	02
100	445	05	07
90	400	15	00
80	356	04	05
70	311	13	11
60	267	03	04
50	222	12	09
40	178	02	02
30	133	11	08
20	89	01	01
10	44	10	06
9	40	01	06
8	35	12	05
7	31	03	04
6	26	14	04
5	22	05	03
4	17	16	02
3	13	07	02
2	8	18	01
1	4	09	00

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 58.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.
1000	4398	17	06
900	3958	19	09
800	3519	02	00
700	3079	06	03
600	2639	08	06
500	2199	08	09
400	1759	11	00
300	1319	14	03
200	879	15	06
100	439	17	09
90	395	17	11
80	351	18	02
70	307	18	07
60	263	18	10
50	219	18	10
40	175	19	01
30	131	19	05
20	87	19	06
10	43	19	09
9	39	11	09
8	35	03	09
7	30	15	10
6	26	07	10
5	21	19	10
4	17	11	10
3	13	03	11
2	8	15	11
1	4	07	11

Age 59, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about 4 Months Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, and about 7 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 23*l.* 3*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 263*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 59 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		869	05	11
60 <i>Ditto</i>	—	260	15	09
3 <i>Ditto</i>	—	13	00	09
263 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		1143	02	05

Age 60, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 3 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, and about 6 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 23*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* a Year coming in for 100*l.*

To know what 134*l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 60 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
100 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		429	10	10
30 <i>Ditto</i>	—	128	17	03
4 <i>Ditto</i>	—	17	03	08
134 <i>per Ann.</i> is worth		575	11	09

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 59. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 60. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4346	—09	—09	1000	4295	—09	—00
900	3911	—16	—10	900	3865	—18	—00
800	3477	—03	—10	800	3436	—07	—02
700	3042	—10	—10	700	3006	—16	—03
600	2607	—17	—11	600	2577	—05	—04
500	2173	—04	—10	500	2147	—14	—06
400	1738	—11	—11	400	1718	—03	—07
300	1303	—18	—11	300	1288	—12	—08
200	869	—05	—11	200	859	—01	—09
100	434	—12	—11	100	429	—10	—10
90	391	—03	—08	90	386	—11	—09
80	347	—14	—04	80	343	—12	—08
70	304	—05	—01	70	300	—13	—07
60	260	—15	—09	60	257	—14	—06
50	217	—06	—05	50	214	—15	—05
40	173	—17	—02	40	171	—16	—04
30	130	—07	—10	30	128	—17	—03
20	86	—18	—07	20	85	—18	—02
10	43	—09	—03	10	42	—19	—01
9	39	—02	—04	9	38	—13	—02
8	34	—15	—05	8	34	—07	—04
7	30	—08	—06	7	30	—01	—04
6	26	—01	—06	6	25	—15	—05
5	21	—14	—07	5	21	—09	—06
4	17	—07	—08	4	17	—03	—08
3	13	—00	—09	3	12	—17	—08
2	08	—13	—10	2	08	—11	—10
1	04	—06	—11	1	04	—05	—11

260 H A Y E S's Estimate of

Age 61, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 3 Months, and about one quarter of a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, 4 Months, and about 3 quarters of a Month, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 23 l. 8 s. 9 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 243 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 61 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.		l.	s.	d.
200 a Year is worth		853	15	10
40 Ditto	—	170	15	02
3 Ditto	—	12	16	01
243 a Year is worth	—	1037	07	01

Age 62, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 2 Months, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place 6 Years, and about 3 Months, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 23 l. 19 s. 6 d. a Year coming in for 100 l.

To know what 263 l. a Year is worth, look for Age 62 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

l.		l.	s.	d.
200 a Year is worth		834	01	00
60 Ditto	—	250	04	03
3 Ditto	—	12	10	02
263 a Year is worth	—	1096	15	05

Year

Year	Is worth for Life of Age 61.			Year	Is worth for Life of Age 62.		
	At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.				At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4268	—19	—04	1000	4170	—05	—04
900	3842	—01	—05	900	3753	—04	—10
800	3415	—03	—06	800	3336	—04	—03
700	2988	—05	—06	700	2919	—03	—09
600	2561	—07	—07	600	2502	—03	—02
500	2134	—09	—08	500	2085	—02	—08
400	1707	—11	—09	400	1668	—02	—01
300	1280	—13	—09	300	1251	—01	—07
200	853	—15	—10	200	834	—01	—00
100	426	—17	—11	100	417	—00	—06
90	384	—04	—01	90	375	—06	—05
80	341	—10	—04	80	333	—12	—05
70	298	—16	—06	70	291	—18	—04
60	256	—02	—09	60	250	—04	—03
50	213	—08	—11	50	208	—10	—03
40	170	—15	—02	40	166	—16	—02
30	128	—01	—04	30	125	—02	—01
20	85	—07	—07	20	83	—08	—01
10	42	—13	—09	10	41	—14	—00
9	38	—08	—04	9	37	—10	—07
8	34	—03	—00	8	33	—07	—02
7	29	—17	—07	7	29	—03	—10
6	25	—12	—03	6	25	—00	—05
5	21	—06	—10	5	20	—17	—00
4	17	—01	—06	4	16	—13	—07
3	12	—16	—01	3	12	—10	—02
2	08	—10	—09	2	08	—06	—09
1	04	—05	—04	1	04	—03	—04

Age 63, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, 1 Month, and 3 8ths Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place about 6 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 24 *l.* 7 *s.* 9 *d.* a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 276 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 63 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
200 <i>l.</i> per Ann.	is worth	820	00	07
70 Ditto	—	287	00	02
6 Ditto	—	24	12	00
276 per Ann.	is worth	1131	12	09

Age 64, at 12 per Cent.

A Place for Life of one about this Age, is worth 4 Years, and about half a Month's Purchase.

And the Officer must hold this Place somewhat less than 6 Years, to receive the Value of the Purchase Money.

And the Purchaser has about 24 *l.* 16 *s.* 10 *d.* Half-penny a Year coming in for 100 *l.*

To know what 319 *l.* a Year is worth, look for Age 64 in the following Table, and do as underneath.

<i>l.</i>		<i>l.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
300 per Ann.	is worth	1207	05	06
10 Ditto	—	40	04	10
9 Ditto	—	36	04	04
319 per Ann.	is worth	1283	14	08

Year

Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 63. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.			Year £	Is worth for Life of Age 64. At 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ Cent.		
	l.	s.	d.		l.	s.	d.
1000	4100	—03	—01	1000	4024	—05	—03
900	3690	—02	—09	900	3621	—16	—09
800	3280	—02	—05	800	3219	—08	—03
700	2870	—02	—02	700	2816	—19	—06
600	2460	—00	—02	600	2414	—11	—00
500	2050	—01	—06	500	2014	—02	—07
400	1640	—01	—02	400	1609	—14	—01
300	1230	—00	—01	300	1207	—05	—06
200	820	—00	—07	200	804	—17	—00
100	410	—00	—03	100	402	—08	—06
90	369	—00	—03	90	362	—03	—08
80	328	—00	—02	80	321	—18	—09
70	287	—00	—02	70	281	—13	—11
60	246	—00	—00	60	241	—09	—01
50	205	—00	—01	50	201	—04	—03
40	164	—00	—01	40	160	—19	—04
30	123	—00	—00	30	120	—14	—06
20	82	—00	—00	20	80	—09	—08
10	41	—00	—00	10	40	—04	—10
9	36	—18	—00	9	36	—04	—04
8	32	—16	—00	8	32	—03	—10
7	28	—14	—00	7	28	—03	—04
6	24	—12	—00	6	24	—02	—10
5	20	—10	—00	5	20	—02	—05
4	16	—08	—00	4	16	—01	—11
3	12	—06	—00	3	12	—01	—05
2	08	—04	—00	2	08	—00	—11
1	04	—02	—00	1	04	—00	—05

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